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ABSTRACT

This report is one of the products of the knowledge development effort implemented under the mandate of the Youth Employment and Demonstration Projects Act of 1977 (YEDPA). It describes an aspect of the Comprehensive Employment and Training Act (CETA) program--the personal characteristics, economic backgrounds, and pre-CETA year experiences of participants under the age of 22 newly enrolled in CETA programs during October 1977 through September 1978. Chapters 1 and 2 of the report present a summary and highlights of the report, and background information on the CETA program. Chapter 3 of the report presents a comprehensive section on total enrollment in all CETA programs followed by a discussion of new enrollment totals for persons under the age of 22 in the various initial program assignments and by each title of funding. Enrollment data are presented for fiscal years 1977 and 1978. In addition, enrollees' levels of satisfaction with CETA are described. Chapter 4 presents the personal and economic bacground characteristics of new enrollees, while Chapter 5 describes their pre-CETA year experiences. Data on enrollee groups of special interest are summarized in Chapter 6. A glossary is also included. (KC)

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YOUTH KNOWLEDGE DEVELOPMENT REPORT

PROGRAM EVALUATIONS
Characteristics of Enrollees Under Age 22 Who Entered CETA Programs During Fiscal Year 1979

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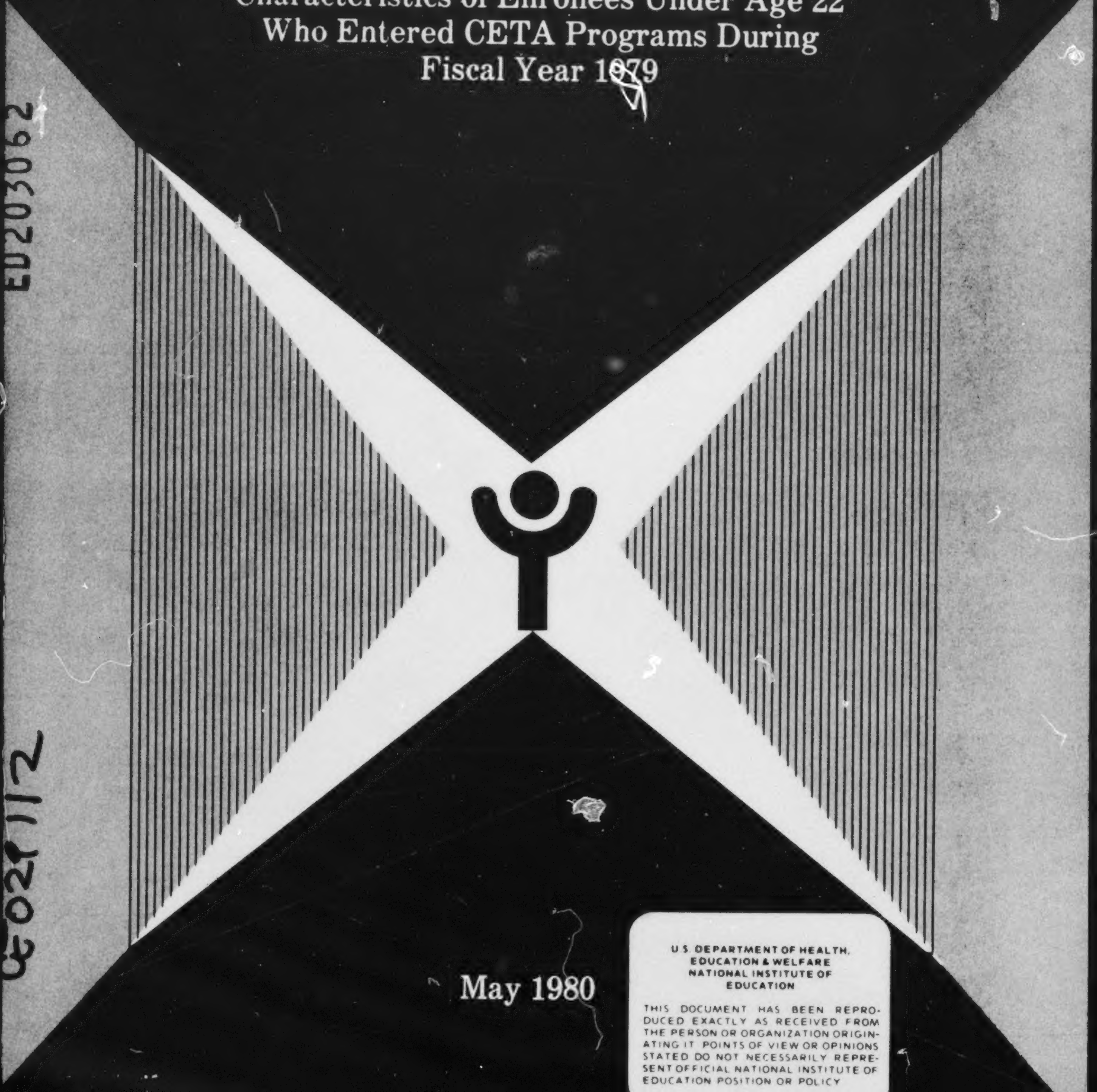

May 1980

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Youth Knowledge Development Report 3.10

CHARACTERISTICS OF ENROLLEES UNDER AGE 22 WHO ENTERED CETA PROGRAMS DURING FISCAL YEAR 1978 (OCTOBER 1977 THROUGH SEPTEMBER 1978)

Westat, Inc.

May 1980

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OVERVIEW

It is a natural tendency to focus on what is new and different. The Youth Employment and Demonstration Project Act (YEDPA) created two new programs administered by prime sponsors at the local level, Youth Employment and Training Programs (YETP) and Youth Community Conservation and Improvement Project (YCCIP). YETP and YCCIP have been intensively evaluated since their implementation. Yet in the first year of operations, fiscal 1978, these programs accounted for less than one in seven first time enrollments of youth under age 22 in local CETA programs. The longstanding summer program accounted for more than half while the remainder were in programs serving both adults and youth.

A basic question is how these new YEDPA initiatives affected the entire system at the local level. This report from the Continuous Longitudinal Manpower Survey of fiscal 1978 CETA enrollees provides some of the answers even though it focuses only on initial assignments within CETA and does not contain the outcome and experience data which will follow in later reports. Several important conclusions emerge:

First, there appears to have been some reduction in youth service under comprehensive (adult and youth) programs as the new programs solely for youth were added. In fiscal 1977, youth represented 40.6 percent of participants in the local programs not specifically designated for youth; in fiscal 1978, the share declined to 37.9 percent. This decline in enrollments offset 15.9 percent of the increase under YEDPA.

Second, there was a major shift in the composition of activities away from summer only programs. The summer program accounted for 65 percent of new youth enrollments in 1977 but only 50 percent in 1978; the absolute number of new summer only enrollments declined, which was not reflected in participant counts in the summer program, suggesting that an increased portion of summer program enrollees were transferred from in-school components. Put another way, the intensity or duration of services for participants rose more than the number of participants.

Third, despite the significant increase in funding for the new programs, the total new enrollments of young persons rose by only 6.4 percent between fiscal 1977 and fiscal 1978.

Fourth, there was little change in the characteristics of young persons served by CETA, although the changes which occurred suggested somewhat greater targeting on youth most in need. The minority share remained constant at 58 percent of all new enrollees. The dropout share rose from 11 to 15 percent. The percentage from families receiving cash benefits increased from 34 to 43 percent. The percentage 17 and under declined slightly from 63 to 60 percent.

Fifth, despite the constancy in aggregate participation patterns, there was a definite pattern within categorical programs and activity clusters:

- Females tended to be overrepresented in classroom training and underrepresented in PSE and OJT.
- Dropouts were most frequently represented in YCCIP and least frequently served in the summer programs. High school graduates were most often in OJT and PSE.
- Youth age 17 and under had their most significant representation in the summer program and in YETP and were very rarely served in the CETA components not specifically targeted to youth.

Participation Share, Fiscal 1978

	YETP Classroom	YETP OJT	YETP Work Experience	YCCIP	Summer	Title IIB Youth Work Experience	Title IIB Classroom	Title IIB OJT	PSE
Male	45	58	50	75	49	51	45	65	65
Age 17 or less	48	28	71	49	78	61	11	7	6
Nonwhite or other minority	56	54	54	54	68	49	51	28	41
At or below 70% lower living standard	85	76	87	81	88	85	76	66	75
Dropouts	38	22	18	47	6	15	39	29	30
High School Graduates	27	48	24	24	17	25	54	66	67

These patterns may well reflect the urgent nature of YEDPA implementation. Any conclusions about systems adjustments must await fiscal 1979 CLMS results. As a general rule, however, the impact of YEDPA on local programming is less significant than may be assumed from studies of YETP and YCCIP alone.

This volume is one of the products of the "knowledge development" effort implemented under the mandate of the Youth Employment and Demonstration Projects Act of 1977. The knowledge development effort consists of hundreds of separate research, evaluation and demonstration activities which will result in literally thousands of written products. The activities have been structured from the outset so that each is self-standing but also interrelated with a host of other activities. The framework is presented in A Knowledge Development Plan for the Youth Employment and Demonstration Projects Act of 1977, A Knowledge Development Plan for the Youth Initiatives Fiscal 1979 and Completing the Youth Agenda: A Plan for Knowledge Development, Dissemination and Application for Fiscal 1980.

Information is available or will be coming available from these various knowledge development efforts to help resolve an almost limitless array of issues. However, policy and practical application will usually require integration and synthesis from a wide range of products. A major shortcoming of past research, evaluation and demonstration activities has been the failure to organize and disseminate the products adequately to assure the full exploitation of the findings. The magnitude and structure of the youth knowledge development effort puts a premium on structured analysis and wide dissemination.

As part of its knowledge development mandate, therefore, the Office of Youth Programs of the Department of Labor will organize, publish and disseminate the written products of all major research, evaluation and demonstration activities supported directly by or mounted in conjunction with OYP knowledge development efforts. Some of the same products may also be published and disseminated through other channels, but they will be included in the structured series of Youth Knowledge Development Reports in order to facilitate access and integration.

The Youth Knowledge Development Reports, of which this is one, are divided into twelve broad categories:

1. Knowledge Development Framework: The products in this category are concerned with the structure of knowledge development activities, the assessment methodologies which are employed, validation of measurement instruments, the transition of knowledge into policy, and the strategy for disseminating findings.

2. Research on Youth Employment and Employability Development: The products in this category represent analyses of existing data, presentation of findings from new data sources, special studies of dimensions of youth labor market problems and policy analyses.

3. Program Evaluations: The products in this category include impact, process and benefit-cost evaluations of youth programs including the Summer Youth Employment Program, Job Corps, the Young Adult Conservation Corps, Youth Employment and Training Programs, Youth Community Conservation and Improvement Projects, and the Targeted Jobs Tax Credit.

4. Service and Participant Mix: The evaluations and demonstrations summarized in this category concern the matching of different types of youth with different service combinations. These include experiments with work vs. work plus remediation vs. straight remediation as treatment options. It also includes attempts to mix disadvantaged and more affluent participants, as well as youth with older workers.

5. Education and Training Approaches: The products in this category present the findings of structured experiments to test the impact and effectiveness of various education and vocational training approaches including specific education methodologies for the disadvantaged, alternative education approaches and advanced career training.

6. Pre-Employment and Transition Services: The products in this category present the findings of structured experiments to test the impact and effectiveness of school-to-work transition activities, vocational exploration, job-search assistance and other efforts to better prepare youth for labor market success.

7. Youth Work Experience: The products in this category address the organization of work activities, their output, productive roles for youth and the impacts of various employment approaches.

8. Implementation Issues: This category includes cross-cutting analyses of the practical lessons concerning "how-to-do-it." Issues such as learning curves, replication processes and programmatic "batting averages" will be addressed under this category, as well as the comparative advantages of alternative delivery agents.

9. Design and Organizational Alternatives: The products in this category represent assessments of demonstrations of alternative program and delivery arrangements such as consolidation, year-round preparation for summer programming, the use of incentives and multi-year tracking of individuals.

10. Special Needs Groups: The products in this category present findings on the special problems of and adaptations needed for significant segments including minorities, young mothers, troubled youth, Indochinese refugees and the handicapped.

11. Innovative Approaches: The products in this category present the findings of those activities designed to explore new approaches. The subjects covered including the Youth Incentive Entitlement Pilot Projects, private sector initiatives, the national youth service experiment, and energy initiatives in weatherization, low-head hydroelectric dam restoration, windpower and the like.

12. Institutional Linkages: The products in this category include studies of institutional arrangements and linkages as well as assessments of demonstration activities to encourage such linkages with education, volunteer groups, drug abuse and other youth serving agencies.

In each of these knowledge development categories, there will be a range of discrete demonstration, research and evaluation activities, focused on different policy, program and analytical issues. For instance, all experimental demonstration projects have both process and impact evaluations, frequently undertaken by different evaluation agents. Findings will be published as they become available so that there will usually be a series of reports as evidence accumulates. To organize these products, each publication is classified in one of the twelve broad knowledge development categories, described in terms of the more specific issue, activity or cluster of activities to which it is addressed, with an identifier of the product and what it represents relative to other products in the demonstration. Hence, the multiple products under a knowledge development activity are closely interrelated and the activities in each broad cluster have significant interconnections.

This volume should be assessed in conjunction with all the studies of YETP and YCCIP in the "program evaluations" category, but particularly Foundation for the 1980s--A Summary Assessment of Youth Programs which presents the official program data on all the new youth programs for their first two years, and also explores the substitution issues utilizing these data. Important information on youth participation is also provided in Findings of the National Longitudinal Survey of Young Americans, 1979.

ROBERT TAGGART
Administrator
Office of Youth Programs

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1. SUMMARY AND HIGHLIGHTS

1.1 Introduction

The focus of this report is on persons under the age of 22 who were newly enrolled in CETA programs during FY 1978 (October 1977 through September 1978). For purposes of analysis, the programs which enroll young persons have been categorized into the following three major aggregates: nonsummer youth programs, summer youth programs, and other CETA programs. Nonsummer and summer programs are specifically targeted towards youth, while other CETA programs are not specifically targeted towards youth.

Like other descriptive reports in the CLMS series on characteristics of new CETA enrollees, the purpose of this report is to describe the personal and economic background characteristics and the pre-CETA year experiences of persons selected by prime sponsors for enrollment. This report is unique in the series, since it deals exclusively with young enrollees (under the age of 22).[1]

During FY 1978, four new programs were initiated by the Youth Employment and Demonstration Projects Act (YEDPA) of 1977 -- two of which are included in the CLMS. Specifically, Youth Employment and Training Programs (YETP) and Youth Community Conservation and Improvement Projects (YCCIP) are the YEDPA programs discussed in this report. YETP and YCCIP, along with youth work experience (YWE), comprise the aggregate of nonsummer youth programs. Classroom training (CT), on-the-job training (OJT), public service employment (PSE), and direct referral comprise the aggregate of other CETA programs.

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[1] For data on adults enrolled during FY 1978, see CLMS Report No. 10, Characteristics of Enrollees Who Entered Adult-Oriented CETA Programs During Fiscal Year 1978 (October 1977 through September 1978), prepared by Westat, Inc., for the Office of Program Evaluation, Employment and Training Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, January 1980 (hereafter referred to as CLMS Report No. 10).

1.2 Enrollment Totals (Chapter 3)

- Total new FY 1978 enrollment, including persons of all ages, was approximately 2.4 million. Enrollment in CETA programs specifically targeted towards youth accounted for 1.3 million of this total, while enrollment in adult-oriented CETA programs accounted for 1.1 million.[1]
- Total new FY 1978 enrollment into CETA of persons under the age of 22 was about 1.6 million, over half (54%) of which was in summer youth programs. About 400,000 (26%) were enrolled in nonsummer programs, while almost 320,000 (20%) were enrolled in other CETA programs.
- New enrollments for the YEDPA programs totaled approximately 222,400 -- 191,600 in YETP, and 30,800 in YCCIP.
- Enrollment totals for persons under the age of 22 increased between FY 1977 and FY 1978 for all major types of CETA activities: work experience, classroom training, on-the-job training, public service employment, and direct referral. Further, the implementation

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[1] For analysis of estimated total FY 1978 enrollment, the aggregate used for youth (CETA programs specifically targeted towards youth) is different than the aggregate presented elsewhere in the report (CETA programs serving youth). The reason for this is that those persons under the age of 22 in CT, OJT, PSE, and direct referral are already included in enrollment totals for adult-oriented CETA programs and would be double-counted if the aggregate of CETA programs serving youth were used.

of YETP (with CT, OJT, and WE components) and YCCIP (a work experience program) during FY 1978 served to add to new enrollment increases in the other CETA programs, CT and OJT, while more than offsetting a decrease in youth work experience enrollment.

1.3 Satisfaction With CETA (Chapter 3)

- Of all FY 1978 enrollees under the age of 22, 91 percent were generally satisfied with their CETA experiences, with 22 percent of these reporting that they were very satisfied.
- Only nine percent reported general dissatisfaction with their CETA experiences, and a very small proportion (2%) of these said that they were very dissatisfied.

1.4 Selected Personal and Economic Background Characteristics (Chapter 4)

- Summer programs enrolled a comparatively high proportion of youth 15 years of age or less (39%). Nearly half (47%) of the nonsummer program enrollees were between the ages of 16 and 17. A sizable proportion (91%) of enrollees in other CETA programs were between 18 and 21 years of age.
- Of the three aggregates, summer programs enrolled the highest proportion (68%) of minorities. Just over half (52%) of the nonsummer program enrollees were minority youth. The percentage of minority enrollees was also sizable (44%) in other CETA programs.
- Over four-fifths of nonsummer (86%) and summer (88%) program enrollees were economically disadvantaged under CLMS, while

the comparable figure for youth in other CETA programs was almost three-quarters (74%).

- There was little variation among all new enrollees under the age of 22 in terms of annual family income; between 48 and 50 percent of the enrollees had low pre-CETA year family incomes (less than $6,000).
- The proportions of enrollees who reported no earnings during the pre-CETA year (54%) or earnings under $1,000 (35%) were greatest for summer programs, with its emphasis on younger, primarily in-school youth. They were least (27% no earnings and 18% under $1,000) for other CETA programs which tend to focus on older, out-of-school youth. Some 38 percent of the enrollees in nonsummer programs reported no pre-CETA year earnings, while nearly a third (33%) reported earnings of less than $1,000.

1.5 Pre-CETA Year Experiences (Chapter 5)

- Since other CETA programs tend to enroll older, out-of-school youth, this aggregate had the highest proportion of high school completers (61%) and school dropouts (33%) of any aggregate. In contrast, summer programs emphasize the enrollment of younger, in-school youth, and accordingly, this aggregate had the highest proportion of enrollees who had not completed high school and were still in school (77%). Compared to the other two aggregates, summer programs also included the lowest proportion of school dropouts (6%) and high school completers (17%). Percentages for nonsummer programs fell somewhere in between those for summer and other CETA programs, reflecting the mixture, within this aggregate, of programs serving in-school and/or out-of-school youth.

- Generally, the nonsummer and summer programs (which serve primarily in-school youth) enrolled comparatively high proportions of those who were predominantly out of the labor force during the pre-CETA year[1] (69% and 86%, respectively). In contrast, other CETA programs which tend to serve older, out-of-school youth were more likely to include enrollees who had been predominantly (27%) or substantially (19%) unemployed during the pre-entry year.

- Correspondingly, enrollees in nonsummer (66%) and summer (81%) programs spent, on average, most of the pre-CETA year out of the labor force (the majority of this time was spent in school). Enrollees in other CETA programs reported spending approximately two-thirds of the pre-CETA year in the labor force (either employed or unemployed).

- Given the enrollment of higher proportions of predominantly employed youth, it is not unexpected that median earnings for enrollees assigned to other CETA programs were substantially higher than those reported by the primarily in-school nonsummer and summer enrollees ($1,320 compared to $370 and $0, respectively).

- Reflecting the emphasis on economically disadvantaged status as a requirement for participation in most of the programs serving youth, estimated median family incomes during the pre-CETA year for new enrollees were generally low (around $6,200), and differed only slightly between the three aggregates.

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[1] See Glossary for an explanation of the CLMS labor force status categories.

2. BACKGROUND AND INTRODUCTION

2.1 Review of Legislation: CETA Programs Serving Youth

Changes in legislative and funding provisions are important background factors to be considered in the analysis of CETA participants. A substantial change took place during FY 1978 (October 1977 through September 1978) with expansion of the number and capacity of employment and training programs serving persons under 22 years of age. The Youth Employment and Demonstration Projects Act (YEDPA) of 1977 initiated new programs specifically for youth. These programs were to be operated in addition to the programs already serving youth previously established under Titles I, II, and III of the Comprehensive Employment and Training Act (CETA) of 1973, and Title VI of the Emergency Jobs and Unemployment Assistance Act of 1974. Passed in May 1977, the Economic Stimulus Appropriations Act provided funding for a major expansion of Title II and Title VI public service employment programs.

CETA of 1973[1]

From its start, CETA has provided for programs specifically targeted towards young persons, although other CETA programs which are essentially adult-oriented have also included a substantial number of youth. Economically disadvantaged youth were named as a special target group under Title III of the Act, and beginning in 1974, a summer employment program was created for young persons. In addition, Title IV established a Job Corps for disadvantaged, low-income youth.[1] Also, authorized under Title I, work experience specified certain types of activities for youth (and adults).[2]

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[1] A detailed description of CETA activities may be found in Appendix A of CLMS Report No. 8, Characteristics of Enrollees Who Entered CETA Programs During Fiscal Year 1977 (October 1976 through September 1977), prepared by Westat, Inc., for the Office of Program Evaluation, Employment and Training Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, March 1979 (hereafter referred to as CLMS Report No. 8).

Other employment and training activities authorized under Title I and Title II that enroll eligible persons of all ages, including many under 22 years of age are: classroom training, on-the-job training, public service employment, and direct referral. Finally, many young persons, along with others, are enrolled into public service employment under Title VI of the Emergency Jobs and Unemployment Assistance Act, passed in 1974.

YEDPA of 1977

The Youth Employment and Demonstration Projects Act was signed on August 5, 1977, authorizing four new programs specifically targeted towards persons under 22 years of age. Three of the new programs were established under a new Part C of CETA

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[1] Job Corps is a CETA program that is not covered by the CLMS.

[2] For CLMS purposes, work experience is classified into adult work experience (AWE) for persons 22 years of age or more, and youth work experience (YWE) for persons 21 years of age or less. AWE enrollees are excluded from the analysis in this report, but are discussed in CLMS Report No. 10.

Title III, and the fourth program was established under a new Title VIII. Initial funding for the four programs was set at $1 billion and was provided by the Economic Stimulus Appropriations Act, approved on May 13, 1977. All four of these were created as "demonstration" programs, with the purpose of providing information and experience upon which national youth employment policy could be based.

Specifically, the four new youth programs are:

- Youth Community Conservation and Improvement Projects (YCCIP),
- Youth Employment and Training Programs (YETP),
- Youth Incentive Entitlement Pilot Projects (YIEPP), and
- Young Adult Conservation Corps (YACC).

The new programs differ from one another in design, scope, objectives, and capacity. They differ from the previously established CETA programs enrolling youth in that they are more specifically targeted and/or more detailed in program design.

The Continuous Longitudinal Manpower Survey (CLMS) obtains data on only two of these four new youth programs -- YETP and YCCIP. These are the two programs administered by virtually all CETA sponsors on the basis of formula allocations of funds.[1] The design and purpose of YETP and YCCIP are described below in further detail.

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[1] In contrast, YIEPP is conducted by only a limited number of sponsors through competitive awards for such programs, while YACC is conducted largely by the U.S. Departments of Interior and Agriculture under an agreement with the Department of Labor.

YETP

YETP was established under CETA Title III, Part C, Subpart 3, with the primary objective of enhancing the job prospects and career preparation of low-income youth who have the most severe problems entering the labor market. The year-round enrollment level for YETP activities was initially planned at about 150,000 youth. Young persons aged 14 to 21 who are either unemployed, underemployed, or in school at the time of enrollment are eligible for participation in YETP. Also, YETP enrollees must be members of families whose total income is at or below 85 percent of the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) lower living standard income level.[1]

YETP authorizes the same sort of employment and training activities as allowed for youth under CETA Title I, except that public service employment is specifically excluded. Providing practical job experience is an essential part of YETP training, and related education is to be made available through close liaison with local education agencies. Participants receive either a wage or a training allowance, depending on whether most of their time is spent on a job or in training. Most of the jobs offered through YETP are short-term and/or part-time entry level positions, and pay the minimum wage.

Prime sponsors may use as much as ten percent of available YETP funds for "special component" programs that serve youth of all economic backgrounds. The purpose of such programs is to provide an indication of whether or not disadvantaged youth benefit from participation in "nontargeted" programs. In addition, sponsors may offer *services only*, such as counseling, placement, and job referral, to youth who do not meet the YETP family income criterion or who are not being served through YETP "special component" programs.

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[1] This income criterion is similar to that for all of the programs covered by this report, but at or below *85* (as compared to 70) percent of the lower living standard is *a* special requirement for YETP enrollees.

Each prime sponsor is required to use at least 22 percent of available YETP funds for in-school youth programs conducted in cooperation with local education agencies. Arrangements for these programs may be flexible and contracts may be made with junior colleges and other postsecondary schools, as well as other agencies serving low-income or in-school youth. The in-school programs must provide transition services, which aid in the transition from school to unsubsidized employment, and/or career employment experience (CEE), which is a combination of well-supervised employment and certain transition services.[1]

YCCIP

YCCIP was established under CETA Title III, Part C, Subpart 2. As stated in the legislation, the main objective of the program is to develop the vocational potential of jobless youth through well-supervised work of tangible benefit to the community. YCCIP activities are to be funded for not more than 12 months. The initial capacity of YCCIP was set at about 22,000 year-round openings. Young persons aged 16 to 19 who are unemployed at the time of enrollment are eligible for participation in YCCIP. Emphasis is to be placed on serving out-of-school youth, especially those with the most severe problems in finding employment. Further, within the eligible population, preference is to be given to economically disadvantaged youth, since this group (particularly among minorities) traditionally faces the greatest difficulties in obtaining jobs, and experiences relatively high unemployment and school dropout rates.

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[1] To be eligible to participate in in-school career employment experience, a person must be in need of such participation in order to continue to attend school.

More specifically, YCCIP is intended to provide eligible youth with employment, work experience, skills training, and opportunities for community service. Emphasis is placed on the development and reinforcement of desirable work habits, and as an incentive for youth to complete school, academic credit may be granted for competencies gained through YCCIP. Specific projects are arranged by community-based organizations and other private nonprofit agencies. Youth participating in YCCIP may be involved in the rehabilitation or improvement of public facilities, neighborhood improvements, weatherization and basic repairs to low income housing, energy conservation and solar energy projects, or conservation of natural resources on non-Federal public lands.

2.2 General Labor Market Conditions[1]

In addition to changes in CETA legislation and funding, the general labor market conditions prior to CETA entry are a useful background factor to be considered in the analysis of data on CETA participants. The 18-month period from January 1977 through June 1978 is used as a reference period since it includes the entire preprogram year for a large majority of FY 1978 enrollees. In general, this period was one of continuing economic recovery from the recession of 1974-1975, characterized by expanding labor force participation and declining unemployment rates.

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[1] The information presented in this section was obtained from the December 1977 and August 1978 volumes of the Monthly Labor Review, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data in the Monthly Labor Review on labor force participation, total employment, and unemployment are derived from the Current Population Survey.

As evidence of this economic recovery, the civilian noninstitutional labor force grew steadily during the period to 100,573,000 in June 1978, an all-time high proportion (63.3%) of the civilian noninstitutional population. While the participation rate for men remained relatively constant during the period, the rate for women continued to increase. Although the largest increases were shown for women, labor force participation rates among youth aged 16 to 19 also increased.[1] In June 1978, 9,612,000 persons aged 16 to 19 were in the labor force, representing an increase of 698,000 over January 1977, and a participation rate of 58 percent. Although more of these young people could be expected to enter the labor force during the summer months, a month-by-month comparison of January through June 1978, to the same months of 1977 reveals that not only were more of them in the labor force, but also the participation rate was at least one percentage point higher during each month of 1978 compared with 1977. A monthly comparison of participation rates for youth aged 16 to 19 is presented below.

Month	1977	1978
January	54%	57%
February	55	56
March	56	57
April	56	57
May	56	58
June	57	58

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[1] The focus of this report is on persons less than 22 years of age. However, available labor force participation data are generally reported for two age categories: 16 to 19-year-olds and 20 to 24-year-olds. Data for the 20 to 24 age group are not discussed here due to the influence of 22 to 24-year-olds and since persons older than 21 are not eligible for CETA programs specifically targeted towards youth.

The national unemployment rate, which was 7.4 percent in January 1977, peaked at 7.6 percent in February 1977, and then declined steadily to 5.7 percent in June 1978. This was the lowest rate achieved since 1974. Even so, national unemployment rates[1] remained relatively high for certain demographic groups, including those groups that are of particular interest in this report. As shown in Figure 2-1, the national unemployment rate for persons aged 16 to 19 was more than twice the overall rate throughout the period. It was 18.4 percent in January 1977 (as compared to 7.4% overall) and was 14.2 percent in June 1978 (as compared to 5.7% overall).

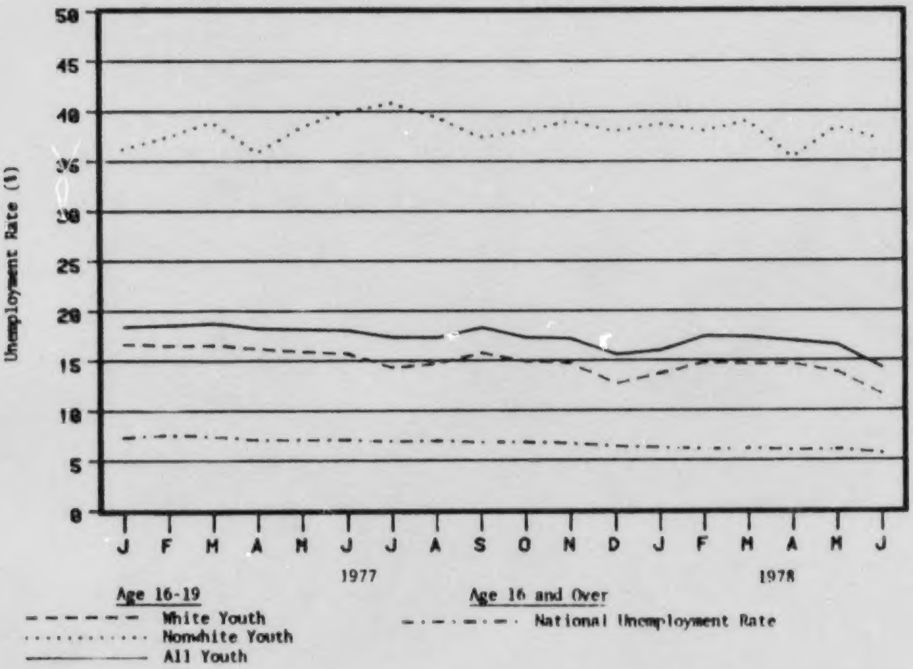

Figure 2-1. Monthly unemployment rates, January 1977 through June 1978

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[1] These data reflect the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) definition of unemployed, which differs somewhat from the CLMS definition. The BLS definition includes in-school youth who are also looking for work (typically, part-time work). In CLMS such persons are considered to be in school and are classified as not in the labor force.

The unemployment rate for whites aged 16 to 19, which was 16.7 percent in January 1977, had dropped to 11.6 percent in June 1978. The corresponding rate for nonwhites aged 16 to 19 was more than double the rate for white youth.[1] Further, unlike the rate for white youth, the unemployment rate for nonwhite youth was higher at the end of the 18-month period (37.1% in June 1978) than at the beginning (36.2% in January 1977). Nationally, minorities continued to suffer the most severe unemployment of any demographic group.

Not only do unemployment rates differ between the two racial groups, but there are also differences between male and female youth. Throughout the 18-month period, the unemployment rate for males aged 16 to 19 was lower than that for females. In January 1977, the unemployment rate for young males was 17.3 percent, while for young females the rate was 19.6 percent. By June 1978, unemployment rates for these two groups had dropped to 12.6 percent and 16.0 percent, respectively.

2.3 Introduction to This Report

2.3.1 Background

The Continuous Longitudinal Manpower Survey (CLMS) is designed to collect and analyze data on a national sample of enrollees in programs authorized under the Comprehensive Employment and Training Act (CETA).[1] The CLMS project has two main objectives. The first is to collect more detailed information on personal, economic, and labor force characteristics of new CETA enrollees than is available from the national prime sponsor reporting system. The second principal objective is to provide reliable estimates of the impact of CETA on participants, particularly on their labor force status and their earnings.

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[1] Data from the CPS in the Monthly Labor Review are presented for two groups based on race: "white" and "black and other." The term "nonwhite" has been substituted in this section of the report to differentiate between the categorization by race used here, and the categorization based on minority status used throughout the rest of the report.

The CLMS is sponsored by the U.S. Department of Labor. The Bureau of the Census is responsible for sampling, data collection, and data processing. Westat, Inc., a private firm, provides technical support for instrument development, field operations, analysis of survey results, and documentation of findings. More detailed information on CETA and CLMS is presented in Appendix A of CLMS Report No. 8.

This is the ninth in a series of reports on initial interview data, presenting information on personal, economic, and labor force characteristics of CETA participants at the time of their entry into the program or during the pre-enrollment year.[2] However, this report is unique in that it is the first in the series devoted exclusively to the analysis of data on enrollees under the age of 22. The reason for this separate report is the increasing emphasis within CETA on programs specifically targeted towards youth, as well as the continued sizable enrollment of young persons into other CETA programs not specifically targeted towards youth. Young persons who entered CETA during FY 1978 (October 1977 through September 1978) are of primary concern here, although comparison data on young persons who entered CETA during FY 1977 (October 1976 through September 1977) are presented in Appendix B.

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[1] For the period covered by this report, enrollments were funded under Titles I, II, VI, and selected subparts of Title III of CETA.

[2] See Appendix A for a complete listing of all CLMS reports published to date.

2.3.2 Initial Program Assignment (IPA)

The descriptions and analyses of CETA enrollees presented in this report are based on an initial program assignment (IPA) designation. IPA is simply an enrollee's first program activity assignment and is more specific than the functional activity designation used for CLMS sampling (these terms are defined in Appendix A of CLMS Report No. 8). The IPA designation has recently been adopted for analysis of initial CLMS interview data (beginning with CLMS Report No. 8), while program activity is used in reports concerning CLMS follow-up data.

The specific rules used for determining initial program assignment are presented in Appendix A. It should be noted that several of the IPA rules do not use age at entry as part of the classification scheme, but simply consider title of funding, type of program, or quarter of entry as the basis for determining initial program assignment. For this reason, a very small proportion (2% or less) of the enrollees discussed in this report are over 21 years of age.

The detailed initial program assignments used for analysis purposes in this report, along with the three major IPA aggregates (nonsummer, summer, and other) are listed below. Due to the nature of this particular report, it is necessary to further classify new enrollees according to whether they were assigned to a program that is specifically targeted towards young persons, or whether they were assigned to a program that is not specifically targeted. Programs that are not specifically targeted enroll persons age 22 or older (as well as persons under the age of 22).

Detailed IPAs	IPA Aggregates	Program Categories
YETP (total) YETP classroom training YETP on-the-job training YETP work experience YCCIP Youth work experience	Nonsummer youth programs	Specifically targeted towards youth
Summer youth programs	Summer youth programs	
Classroom training On-the-job training PSE (total) PSE sustainment PSE nonsustainment Direct referral No IPA shown	Other CETA programs	Not specifically targeted towards youth

2.4 Contents of This Report

This report analyzes the personal characteristics, economic backgrounds, and pre-CETA year experiences of participants under the age of 22 newly enrolled in CETA programs during October 1977 through September 1978 (FY 1978).

Chapter 3 of the report presents a comprehensive section on total enrollment in all CETA programs, followed by a discussion of new enrollment totals for persons under the age of 22 in the various initial program assignments and by each title of funding. Enrollment data are presented for fiscal years 1977 and 1978. In addition, enrollees' levels of satisfaction with CETA are described. Chapter 4 presents the personal and economic background characteristics of new enrollees, while Chapter 5 describes their pre-CETA year experiences. Data on enrollee groups of special interest are summarized in Chapter 6.

A limited glossary of terms used in this report can be found at the end of the text, preceding the two appendices. Appendix A contains various information pertinent to this report, such as rules for determining initial program assignment. Beginning with this report, a new measure of disadvantaged status under CLMS has been adopted, and a detailed definition is provided in Appendix A. In addition, a description of changes in the meaning of "total enrollment" under CLMS between FY 1977 and FY 1978 is included. Enrollee groups excluded from the analyses and the availability of certain data for the report are also described. Appendix B contains detailed data tables upon which the analyses are based.

3. NEW YOUTH ENROLLMENTS IN CETA PROGRAMS

3.1 Introduction

To provide an overall perspective on new FY 1978 enrollment, the initial section of this chapter presents data on total enrollment in CETA programs. This includes enrollment in CETA programs specifically targeted towards youth, as well as in adult-oriented CETA programs.

Thereafter, the chapter focuses on new FY 1978 enrollment of persons under the age of 22 in CETA programs serving youth.[1] The data are presented by type of initial program assignment and by title of funding. The chapter concludes with a brief summary of participants' reported levels of satisfaction with CETA programs and services.

3.2 Estimated Total New Enrollment[2]

Figure 3-1 presents a comprehensive picture of new CETA enrollment during FY 1978, as compared to FY 1977, by showing the estimated totals for two enrollment aggregates -- adult-oriented

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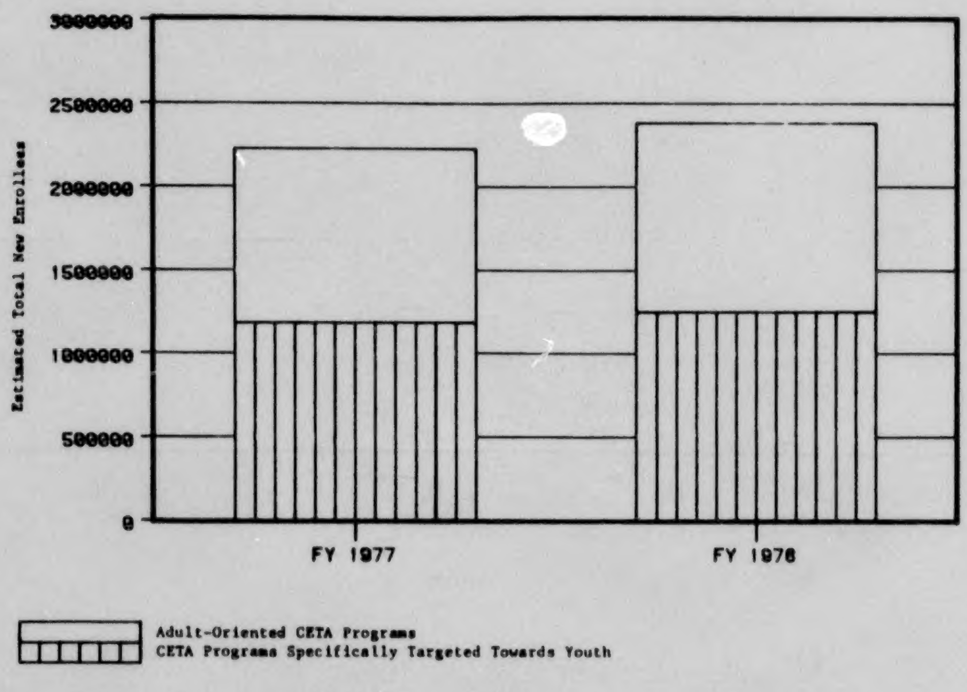
[1] As noted in Section 2.3, this is the first CLMS report in which the analyses are devoted exclusively to CETA enrollees under the age of 22 in programs specifically targeted towards youth (i.e., in YETP, YCCIP, YWE, and summer programs) as well as in programs not specifically targeted towards youth (i.e., in CT, OJT, PSE, and direct referral). Comparable data for all adult-oriented programs are presented in CLMS Report No. 10.

[2] Enrollment totals exclude enrollees in Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, and the four rural Concentrated Employment Programs (CEPs). These jurisdictions are not included in the CLMS.

CETA programs, and CETA programs specifically targeted towards youth.[1]



Source: Table 1, Appendix B

Figure 3-1. Estimated total number of CETA enrollees by enrollment year and by enrollment aggregate

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[1] It should be recognized that the aggregate for youth used in this analysis of estimated total enrollment, CETA programs specifically targeted towards youth, is different from that presented elsewhere in the report (CETA programs serving youth). The reason for this is that those persons under the age of 22 in CT, OJT, PSE, and direct referral are already included in enrollment totals for adult-oriented CETA programs and would be double-counted if the aggregate of CETA programs serving youth were used. Recall that CETA programs specifically targeted towards youth includes: YETP, YCCIP, YWE, and summer youth programs.

Overall, estimated total new enrollment in CETA rose from 2,227,600 in FY 1977 to 2,380,200 in FY 1978, a proportional increase of approximately seven percent. Enrollment levels between the two fiscal years are affected by several factors. Percentage increases in enrollment from FY 1977 to FY 1978 are somewhat deflated as a result of the exclusion in FY 1978 of enrollees who received services only (see discussion on total enrollment in Appendix A). The continuing expansion of Title II and Title VI PSE enrollments during the first two quarters of FY 1978 through funds made available under the Economic Stimulus Appropriations Act of 1977, is reflected in the enrollment increase of 85,300 (or 8%) in adult-oriented CETA programs between FY 1977 and FY 1978. The increase in new enrollment in CETA programs specifically targeted towards youth from 1,181,600 in FY 1977 to 1,248,900 in FY 1978 (about 6%) is, to a large extent, attributable to the implementation of YETP and YCCIP during FY 1978.

3.3 Estimated Total New Enrollment For Youth (Under the Age of 22)

Turning to CETA programs serving youth,[1] Figure 3-2 on the following page presents new enrollment data for the three major IPA aggregates.

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[1] Recall that included in CETA programs serving youth are programs specifically targeted towards youth (nonsummer and summer youth programs), as well as programs not specifically targeted towards youth (other CETA programs).

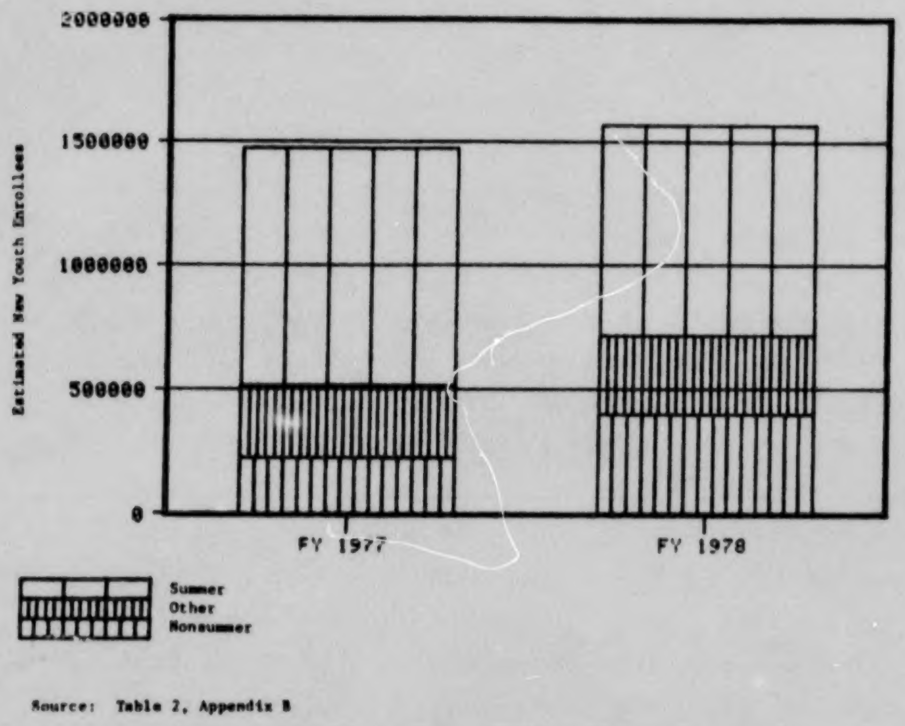

Figure 3-2. Estimated number of enrollees under the age of 22 by enrollment year and by major IPA aggregate

Overall, between FY 1977 and FY 1978, the enrollment of persons under age 22 in CETA programs rose by 94,500, or six percent. This increase reflects, as noted before, the implementation of YETP and YCCIP during FY 1978, although decreasing new enrollments in youth work experience (of 20%) and summer youth programs (of 11%) tend to diminish the impact of YEDPA on total enrollment.

Of the three major IPA aggregates, only summer youth shows a decline in enrollment from FY 1977 to FY 1978 (by about 109,300). This drop may be due to the fact that some prime sponsors chose to keep new YEDPA enrollees in year-round programs rather than transition them into seasonal summer youth programs. Due to the initiation of YETP and YCCIP during FY 1978, nonsummer youth programs overall show an increase in total enrollment (of about 176,600) over

FY 1977, despite the decrease in YWE enrollment. Interestingly, given that YETP has classroom training and on-the-job training components, total new enrollments in the other CETA programs not specifically targeted towards youth (which include CT and OJT activities) increased from 291,300 in FY 1977 to 318,400 in FY 1978.

Quarterly enrollment data for the three major IPA aggregates shown in Figure 3-3 reflect the build-up of the new YEDPA programs starting in the second quarter of FY 1978,[1] and the seasonal concentration of the large summer program in the last two quarters of the fiscal year. For CETA programs serving youth, new enrollment during the second quarter of the fiscal year was 57 percent higher than during the first quarter, due, for the most part, to the large initial enrollment in YEDPA programs during the second quarter. The impact of summer youth enrollment can be seen by the increase of 86 percent from the second quarter to the third quarter, reflecting May and June entries to summer programs, and 62 percent from the third quarter to the fourth quarter, reflecting large July starts in the summer program.[2]

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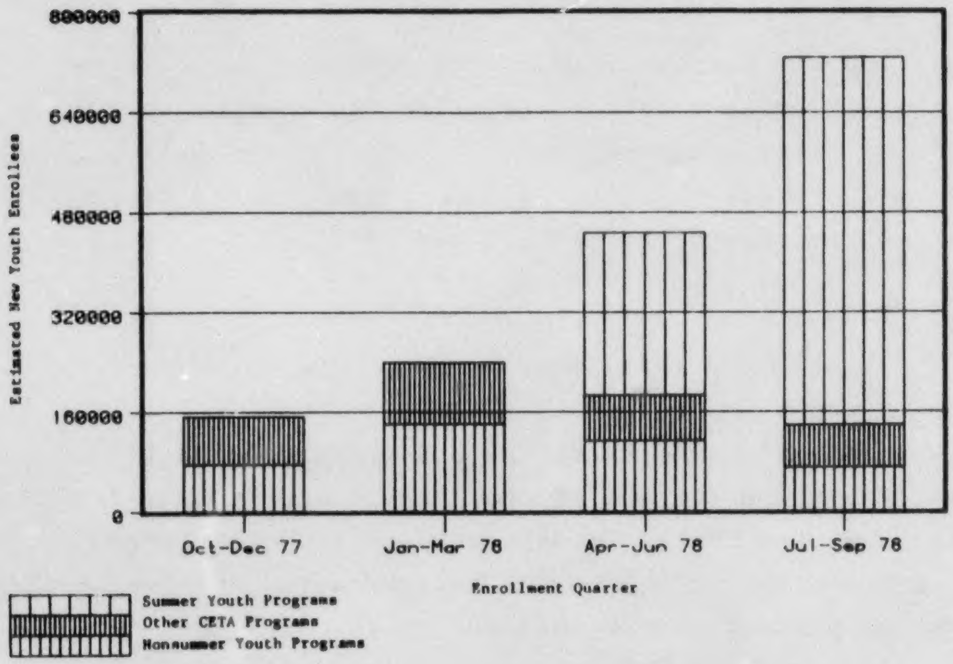
[1] Only a handful of enrollees (approximately 18) entered YETP and YCCIP during the first quarter of FY 1978 (October-December 1977).

[2] Under CLMS procedures, enrollment totals may include some individuals more than once. This is because all persons enrolled in programs covered by the CLMS are eligible for sampling as new enrollees if there is no record of their participation in CETA within 30 days prior to their enrollment (entry) date.



Source: Table 2, Appendix B

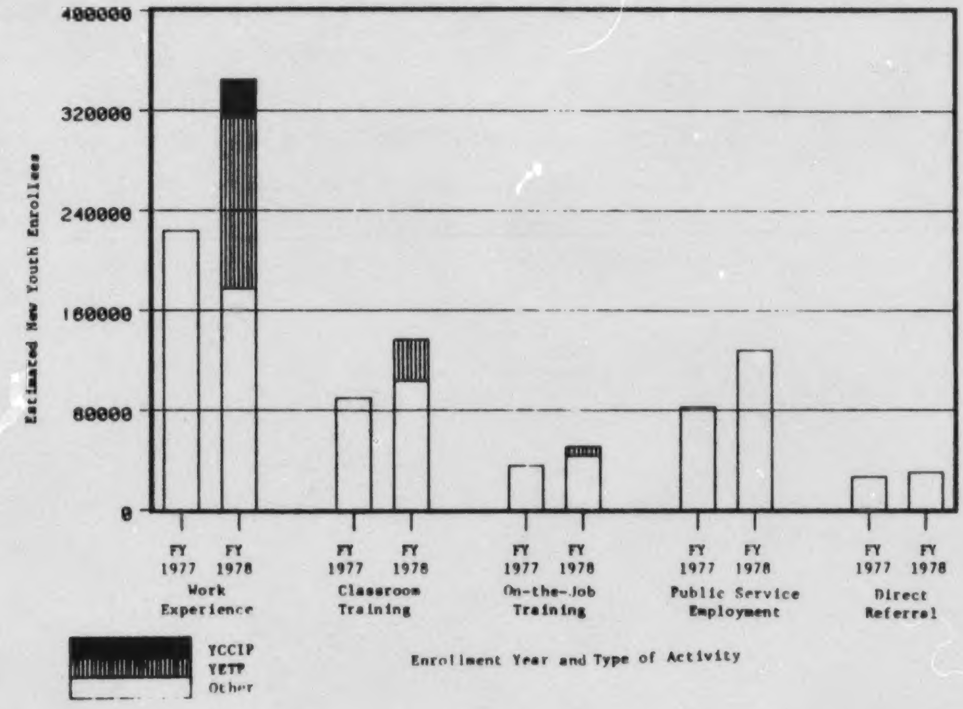
Figure 3-3. Estimated number of enrollees under the age of 22 by enrollment quarter and by major IPA aggregate

3.4 Enrollments by Initial Program Assignment

Figure 3-4 on the following page presents enrollment levels for persons under 22 years of age during FY 1977 and FY 1978 for the major types of CETA activities: work experience, classroom training, on-the-job training, public service employment, and direct referral.

As shown in the figure, youth enrollment in each type of activity increased from FY 1977 to FY 1978. Also, even though enrollment in youth work experience decreased (by about 45,800), total youth enrollment in work experience activities increased because of enrollment in YETP work experience and YCCIP (a work experience program). Further, enrollments in classroom training and on-the-job training activities increased, not only because of the addition of CT and OJT components under YETP, but also because of increased enrollments of persons under 22 years of age in the essentially adult-oriented on-the-job training and classroom training programs.

In summary, youth enrollment in the major types of CETA activities increased from FY 1977 to FY 1978. The YEDPA programs served to add to the increases in CT and OJT which occurred in CETA programs not specifically targeted towards youth, while more than offsetting the decrease in youth work experience enrollment.[1]



Source: Table 2, Appendix B

Figure 3-4. Estimated number of enrollees under the age of 22 by enrollment year and by title of funding

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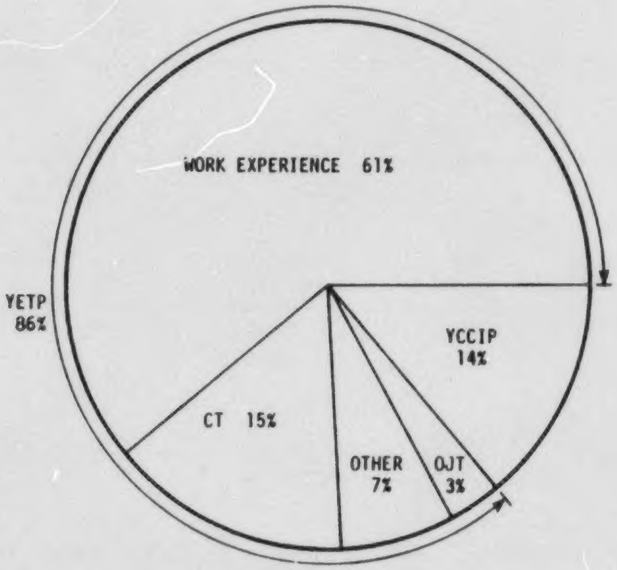
[1] It should be recognized that new enrollment alone is not a totally reliable guide to the expansion or contraction of a particular program, since program enrollment is affected substantially by changes in turnover rates and length of stay. That is, longer stays and reduced turnover will result in a reduced number of new enrollments. In addition, under CLMS, there is no way to gauge the extent of interprogram and intraprogram substitution and its effect on new enrollment levels.

3.5 YEDPA Enrollment Covered by the CLMS

The CLMS provides data on new enrollees in YETP and YCCIP, two of the four YEDPA programs which were implemented during FY 1978. Approximately 222,400 young persons were enrolled in these two programs during FY 1978. Reflecting primarily funding differences, about 86 percent of the new enrollment was in YETP, while 14 percent was in YCCIP (see Figure 3-5 below).

Sixty-one percent of the YEDPA enrollees were assigned to work experience programs under YETP. Since YCCIP is also a work experience program, an overall total of 75 percent (61% plus 14%) of the YEDPA enrollees included in the CLMS were assigned to work experience programs. Fifteen percent were in classroom training programs under YETP, and about three percent were enrolled in YETP on-the-job training programs.

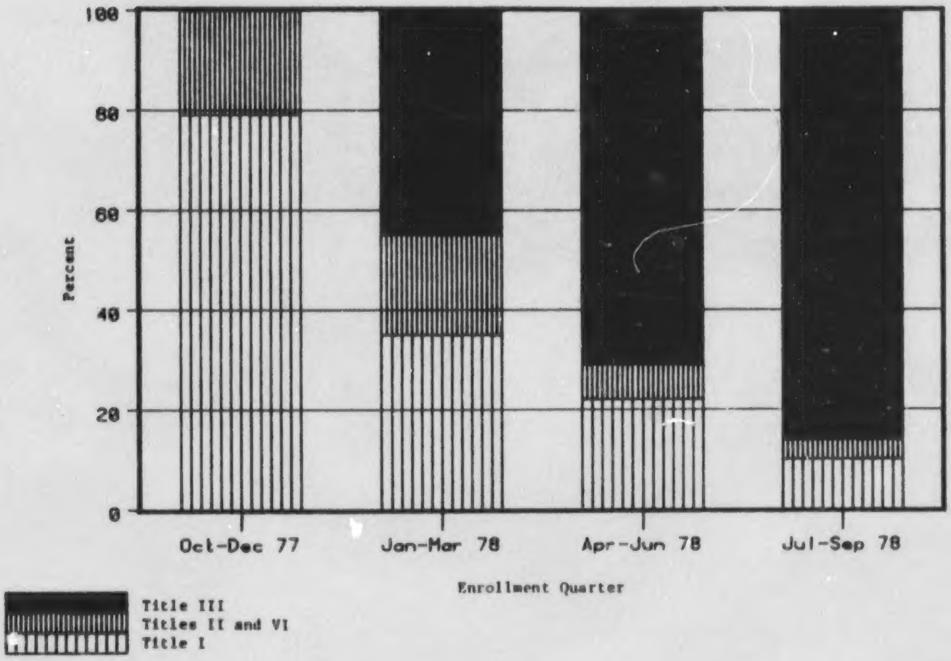


Source: Table 2, Appendix B

Figure 3-5. Distribution of enrollees under the age of 22 in YETP and YCCIP

3.6 Enrollment by Title of Funding

Title III was the source of funding for enrollments in both summer youth and YEDPA programs, and therefore covers most of the young persons enrolled during FY 1978. However, during the first quarter of the fiscal year (October-December 1977), there were no new enrollments funded under Title III, since there were no summer youth programs and YETP and YCCIP had not really been launched.[1]



Source: Table 3, Appendix B

Figure 3-6. Distribution of enrollees under the age of 22 by enrollment quarter and by title of funding

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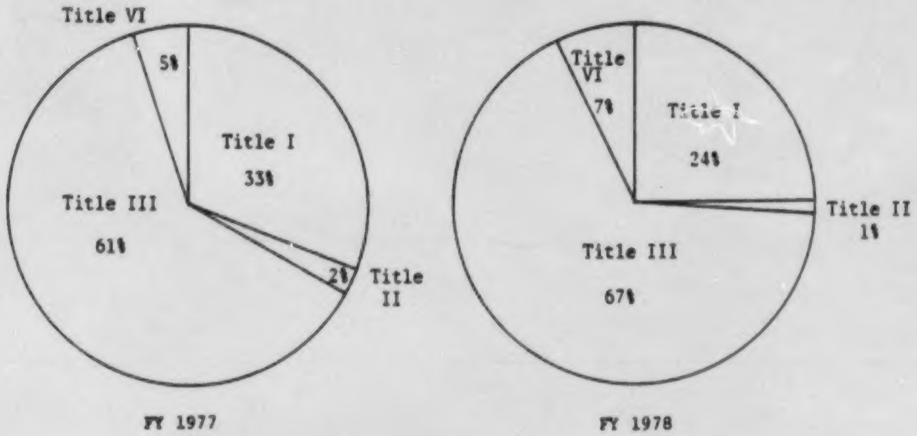
[1] Recall that only a handful of enrollees (approximately 18) entered YETP and YCCIP during October-December 1977.

As can be seen from Figure 3-6 on the preceding page, FY 1978 enrollment under Title III began in the second quarter, when 45 percent of the new youth enrollees were in programs funded by this title. This, of course reflects the sharp new build-up under YEDPA. During the third and fourth quarters, the majority of enrollments were funded under Title III as a result of the large numbers of enrollees assigned to summer programs in those quarters and the continued build-up of YETP and YCCIP.

As shown in Figure 3-7, between FY 1977 and FY 1978, the proportion of total new youth enrollment funded under Title III increased by six percent, and the proportion funded under Title I dropped by nine percent. These fiscal year changes in the proportions of new youth enrollees funded under each title are, to a large extent, attributable to the implementation of the Title III-funded YEDPA programs in FY 1978.



Source: Table 3, Appendix B

Figure 3-7. Distribution of enrollees under the age of 22 by title of funding in FY 1977 and FY 1978

3.7 Satisfaction With CETA

At the time of their initial interview (generally within 3 to 5 months after entry), enrollees are asked to rate their level of satisfaction with CETA programs and services.[1] Date in Table 3-1 below indicate how FY 1978 enrollees overall rated their CETA experiences. Ninety-one percent of the enrollees reported that they were generally satisfied, while 22 percent of these were very satisfied. Only nine percent reported general dissatisfaction with their CETA experiences, and only two percent of these said that they were very dissatisfied.

Table 3-1. Distribution of enrollees under the age of 22 by level of satisfaction with CETA

Level of Satisfaction	Distribution
Estimated Total New Youth Enrollees	1,567,300
Percent	100
Level of Satisfaction	
Very satisfied	22
Satisfied	69
Dissatisfied	7
Very dissatisfied	2

Source: Table 4, Appendix B

The distributions of the youth enrollees' levels of satisfaction varied somewhat among the different initial program assignments (see Table 4, Appendix B). Of all IPAs, classroom training had the highest proportion (27%) of enrollees who reported that they were very satisfied, while YCCIP had the lowest proportion (14%). Summer program participants were most likely (72%)

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[1] It should be noted that these opinions were expressed by participants either while they were enrolled in CETA or shortly after they had terminated.

to have been satisfied, while enrollees assigned to direct referral were least likely (57%) to have expressed satisfaction.

In contrast, enrollees assigned to direct referral (18%) and YCCIP (14%) were the most likely to report that they were dissatisfied, and also the most likely to report extreme dissatisfaction (5% for both). Enrollees in summer programs were the least likely (6%) to express dissatisfaction, and also among the least likely to express extreme dissatisfaction.

4. SELECTED PERSONAL AND ECONOMIC BACKGROUND CHARACTERISTICS OF NEW YOUTH ENROLLEES IN CETA PROGRAMS

4.1 Introduction

In this chapter, persons under the age of 22 who were newly enrolled in CETA during FY 1978 are described in terms of selected personal and economic background characteristics.

4.2 Personal and Economic Background Characteristics By Major IPA Aggregate

The characteristics of enrollees in CETA programs specifically targeted towards youth (i.e., nonsummer and summer programs) and in programs not specifically targeted towards youth (i.e., other CETA programs) are highlighted below, and summarized in Table 4-1. Generally, the targeted nonsummer and summer programs served higher proportions of females, persons under 18 years of age, minorities, high school noncompleters, in-school youth, and disadvantaged persons, compared to the nontargeted other CETA programs.

Nonsummer Youth Programs

- Reflecting the mixture, within this aggregate, of programs serving in-school and/or out-of-school youth, 14 percent of the enrollees were 15 years of age or less, nearly half (47%) were between the ages of 16 and 17, and 39 percent were 18 to 21-year-olds.

- Correspondingly, three-quarters of the enrollees had not completed high school, while 66 percent were still in school at entry.

Summer Youth Programs

- Since the emphasis within summer programs is on serving in-school youth, it is not unexpected that 39 percent of the enrollees were 15 years of age or younger, 39 percent of the enrollees were 16 to 17 years old, and a much lower proportion (22%) were between the ages of 18 and 21.
- A higher proportion of minority group members were enrolled in summer programs (68%) than in nonsummer or other CETA programs.
- Reflecting the predominant enrollment of high school noncompleters and in-school youth, summer programs included comparatively large percentages of enrollees who reported no earnings during the pre-CETA year (54%).

Other CETA Programs

- In keeping with the fact that other CETA programs primarily serve out-of-school youth, comparatively small percentages of the enrollees were age 15 or less (1%) or 16 to 17 years of age (9%), while a substantial majority (91%) were 18 to 21 years old.
- Also reflecting the emphasis on serving older, out-of-school youth, 61 percent had completed at least high school, and over four-fifths (82%) were out of school at entry.
- Enrollees in other CETA programs were less likely to have been determined economically disadvantaged under CLMS (74%) than enrollees in nonsummer or summer youth programs, and also less likely to have been members of families receiving benefits at the time of CETA entry (26%).

Table 4-1. Percent of enrollees under the age of 22 by major IPA aggregate and by selected characteristics

	Major IPA Aggregate		
Selected Characteristics	Nonsummer	Summer	Other
Estimated Total New Youth Enrollees	400,000	848,800	318,400
Male	52	49	57
Ages 15 or less	14	39	1
Ages 16-17	47	39	9
Ages 18-21	39	22	91
Minority	52	68	44
Completed < High School	75	83	39
In School at Entry	66	91	18
Welfare/OMB/70%	86	88	74
Family Receiving Benefits	42	50	26
Family Income < $6,000	50	48	48
Enrollee Earnings = $0	38	54	27

Source: Tables 6, 14, and 15, Appendix B.

4.3 Personal and Economic Background Characteristics By Detailed Initial Program Assignment

Data indicate that many of the IPAs discussed in this report tend to serve fairly distinct groups of enrollees. A summary of enrollee characteristics for each initial program assignment is presented below.

4.3.1 Nonsummer Youth Programs

Personal and economic background characteristics of enrollees in each nonsummer program are discussed in this section.

Table 4-2, which presents a summary of these characteristics, provides the basis for the discussion.

Table 4-2. Percent of enrollees under the age of 22 in nonsummer youth programs by initial program assignment and by selected characteristics

Selected Characteristics	Initial Program Assignment							
	Total Nonsummer Programs	Total YEDPA	Total YETP	YETP-CT	YETP OJT	YETP-WE	YCCIP	YWE
Estimated Total New Youth Enrollees	400,100	222,400	191,600	33,200	7,300	136,600	30,800	177,700
Male	52	52	49	45	58	50	75	51
Ages 16-17	47	54	55	40	24	61	47	38
Minority	52	55	54	57	54	53	54	50
Completed <High School	75	75	75	73	53	76	76	75
In School at Entry	66	65	69	45	51	76	37	68
Welfare/OMB/85%	90	90	91	89	79	92	88	90
Welfare/OMB/70%	86	86	86	85	76	87	81	85
Family Receiving Benefits	42	42	42	44	24	43	36	42
Family Income <$6,000	50	49	49	52	33	48	47	53
Enrollee Earnings = $0	38	43	44	46	32	44	36	31

Source: Tables 6 through 13, Appendix B.

YETP

Virtually equal proportions of males (49%) and females (51%) were enrolled in YETP programs during FY 1978. Reflecting program eligibility requirements, YETP included a wider age range of enrollees than did YCCIP (see Tables 8 and 12, Appendix B). As would be expected, given the emphasis within YETP on serving in-school youth, a considerably higher percentage of YETP enrollees (69%) were in school at program entry compared to YCCIP (37%). Since economically disadvantaged status is generally a requirement for participation in YETP programs, the following characteristics are apparent for these enrollees.

- Ninety-one percent of the new YETP enrollees were economically disadvantaged under CLMS.[1]
- Forty-two percent were members of families receiving public benefits at program entry.
- Approximately half (49%) of the YETP enrollees were from families with pre-CETA year incomes of below $6,000, while 44 percent of the enrollees reported personal earnings of zero during the pre-CETA year.

Some variation in enrollee characteristics may be observed across the individual YETP components. Generally, it appears that YETP classroom training and on-the-job training focus on older, out-of-school youth compared to YETP work experience, which enrolls younger, in-school youth. Specific comparisons of the characteristics of enrollees in YETP classroom training, YETP on-the-job training, and YETP work experience are as follows.

YETP classroom training enrollees included:

- Comparatively low percentages of males (45%) and 16 to 17-year-olds (40%).
- A lower percentage (45%) of enrollees who were in school at entry than any other YETP component.
- Similar proportions to those for YETP enrollees overall, in terms of economic background characteristics.

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[1] Recall that for YETP, disadvantaged status is defined under CLMS as "family receiving cash welfare and/or family income below the OMB poverty level and/or family income at or below 85 percent of the lower living standard," while for the other programs discussed in this report, disadvantaged status includes the at or below 70 percent of the lower living standard criterion. See Appendix A for a detailed definition of CLMS economically disadvantaged.

YETP on-the-job training enrollees generally differed from those in the other YETP components.[1] Specifically, YETP-OJT included:

- The highest percent of males (58%) and the lowest percent of 16 to 17-year-olds (24%).
- A lower proportion of high school noncompleters (53%), along with a relatively low proportion (51%) of enrollees who were in school at entry.
- Lower proportions of enrollees (79%) who were determined economically disadvantaged under CLMS.
- The lowest percentage of enrollees (24%) whose families were receiving public benefits at entry.
- Enrollees with comparatively higher pre-CETA year earnings and family incomes (only 32% had earnings of zero and only 33% had incomes of less than $6,000).

YETP work experience enrollees were more likely to have been 16 to 17 years of age (61%) and high school noncompleters (76%) than any of the other YETP enrollees. A correspondingly high percentage (76%) were in school at the time of program entry. Since enrollees in this program comprise over 70 percent of YETP enrollees overall, the YETP-WE group resembled all YETP enrollees in terms of economic background characteristics.

YCCIP

Turning to YCCIP, this program enrolled the highest proportion of males (75%) of any YEDPA program assignment, reflecting the predominance of manual labor jobs in YCCIP. In addition, since this program is targeted on 16 to 19-year-olds, with preference given to those out of school, YCCIP included a relatively low percentage of enrollees who were in school (37%) at the time of program entry. Other notable characteristics of YCCIP enrollees include the following.

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[1] It should be recognized that due to the limited number of enrollees in this category, serious cell size problems arise from cross-classification of the data, and some of the information may be of questionable reliability.

- Approximately 36 percent were members of families receiving public benefits, and nearly half (47%) of the enrollees were from families with pre-CETA annual incomes of less than $6,000.
- Since a majority of YCCIP enrollees were out of school and thus more likely to have had some earnings during the 12 months prior to CETA entry, it is not surprising that, in general, compared to YETP, YCCIP had a relatively low percentage of enrollees with reported earnings of zero (36%).

YWE

Youth work experience enrollees generally resembled those in the nonsummer programs, YETP (particularly YETP work experience) and YCCIP, in terms of personal and economic background characteristics. However, in terms of age, school status, and earnings, YWE enrollees differed.

- A lower percentage of 16 to 17-year-olds (38%) were enrolled in YWE than in most of the nonsummer programs.
- YWE enrolled a larger percentage of in-school youth (68%) compared to YETP-CT, YETP-OJT, or YCCIP.
- Also included in YWE was a smaller proportion (31%) of youth with zero earnings for the pre-CETA year than any other nonsummer program.

4.3.2 Summer Youth Programs[1]

The purpose of summer programs is to provide subsidized employment for youth during school vacation periods, with emphasis placed on serving in-school youth. Thus, it is not unexpected that almost 40 percent of the enrollees were 15 years of age or younger, around 83 percent had not completed high school, and approximately 91 percent were still in school at entry.

Since summer enrollees must be determined economically disadvantaged to be eligible for program participation, the following characteristics are apparent.

- Eighty-eight percent were economically disadvantaged under CLMS.
- Half of the enrollees were members of families receiving public benefits.
- Approximately 48 percent reported pre-CETA year family incomes of less than $6,000.

Summer programs serve primarily in-school youth, and not surprisingly, over half (54%) of these enrollees reported no earnings for the pre-CETA year.

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[1] Summer youth programs is a major IPA aggregate as well as an individual IPA. Although some of the data presented in Section 4.2 on major aggregates are repeated, this more detailed discussion relates characteristics data to program objectives and eligibility requirements.

4.3.3 Other CETA Programs

Table 4-3 below provides a summary of the personal and economic background characteristics of new enrollees under the age of 22 in other CETA programs not specifically targeted towards youth.

Some variation in enrollee characteristics may be observed across individual IPAs within this aggregate. On-the-job training, as well as the job-ready programs (public service employment and direct referral), served higher proportions of males and lower percentages of minority group members, high school noncompleters, public benefit recipients, and enrollees with no pre-CETA year earnings than did classroom training.

Table 4-3. Percent of enrollees under the age of 22 in other CETA programs by initial program assignment and by selected characteristics

Selected Characteristics	Initial Program Assignment						
	Total Other CETA Programs	CT	OJT	Total PSE	PSE Sustainment	PSE Nonsustainment	Direct Referral
Estimated Total New Youth Enrollees	318,400	103,300	43,400	127,900	59,500	67,600	30,400
Male	57	45	65	65	62	67	59
Ages 16-17	9	10	7	5	5	4	16
Ages 18-21	91	89	93	95	95	95	84
Minority	44	51	28	41	38	44	47
Completed <High School	39	46	34	32	28	36	45
In School at Entry	18	17	17	15	17	14	28
Welfare/OMB/70%	74	76	66	75	71	78	68
Family Receiving Benefits	26	30	16	25	23	27	23
Family Income <$6,000	48	50	41	51	47	55	37
Enrollee Earnings = $0	27	32	16	26	24	29	24

Source: Tables 15 through 21, Appendix B.

Specific comparisons of enrollees in classroom training, on-the-job training, public service employment (sustainment and nonsustainment), and direct referral are as follows.

Classroom training included:

- Comparatively high percentages of females (55%) and minorities (51%).
- A higher percentage of enrollees who had not completed high school (46%), were members of families receiving public benefits (30%), and reported no earnings for the pre-CETA year (32%) than any IPA within the aggregate of other CETA programs.

On-the-job training enrollees generally differed from enrollees in the other CETA programs not specifically targeted towards youth. In particular:

- OJT included one of the highest proportions of males (65%), and the lowest percentage of minority youth (28%).
- Nearly two-thirds (66%) were determined economically disadvantaged under CLMS. (This proportion was lower than that for any IPA within the aggregate of other CETA programs.)

Public service employment enrollees, overall, included a high proportion of males (65%) and a comparatively low proportion of 16 to 17-year-olds (5%). In terms of other personal and economic background characteristics, PSE enrollees were similar to those in the remaining IPAs comprising the aggregate of other CETA programs.

Some variation does exist, however, between the characteristics of those enrolled in PSE sustainment and PSE nonsustainment. Specifically:

- PSE nonsustainment included a higher proportion of males (67%) compared to PSE sustainment (62%), as well as a larger percentage of minority group members (44% compared to 38%).
- A lower proportion of enrollees in PSE sustainment had not completed high school (28% compared to 36% for PSE nonsustainment), while a higher percent were still in school at entry (17% compared to 14% for PSE nonsustainment).

According to program eligibility requirements, all PSE nonsustainment enrollees must be economically disadvantaged, compared to only half of those enrolled in PSE sustainment. Reflecting these requirements, 78 percent of the nonsustainment enrollees were determined economically disadvantaged under CLMS, while the comparable figure for sustainment enrollees was 71 percent. Also, enrollees in PSE nonsustainment were more disadvantaged than enrollees in PSE sustainment, as indicated by data on family income, enrollee earnings, and receipt of public benefits.

Direct referral enrollees included comparatively high percentages of 16 to 17-year-olds (16%), those who had not completed high school (45%), and those in school (28%). These enrollees appear less disadvantaged than classroom training or PSE enrollees, as indicated by family income, enrollee earnings, and public benefit recipient data.

5. PRE-CETA YEAR EXPERIENCES OF YOUTH ENROLLEES IN CETA PROGRAMS

5.1 Introduction

The purpose of this chapter is to present data which provide an indication of how CETA participants were faring during the year before they entered the program. Pre-CETA experiences of new enrollees under the age of 22 are described in terms of high school completion and school status at the time of program entry; pre-entry year employment and school or training experiences; and economic histories during the year prior to entry.

5.2 High School Completion and School Status at Entry

Data on high school completion and school status provide insight into the pre-CETA year experiences of youth enrollees. For purposes of this analysis, the enrollees have been categorized as: in-school youth (those who have completed less than high school and are still in school); school dropouts (those who have completed less than high school and are out of school);[1] and high school completers (those who have completed high school or more). Data for the three major IPA aggregates and each detailed IPA are highlighted below and summarized in Table 5-1.

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[1] Specific questions about dropping out of school are not included in the CLMS interviews, but it has been assumed here that persons who had not completed 12 years of schooling and were not in school at CETA entry may be considered dropouts. Persons still in school and school dropouts together comprise the high school noncompleter category. A definition of "in school" may be found in the Glossary under school status.

Highlights for enrollees in the major IPA aggregates include the following.

- Compared with nonsummer and summer programs, other CETA programs are primarily for older, out-of-school youth, with around 60 percent having completed at least high school and 33 percent classified as dropouts.

- By contrast, the emphasis of summer programs on serving younger, in-school youth is reflected in the fact that these programs enrolled the highest proportion of enrollees who were still in school (77%), and the lowest proportions of dropouts (6%) and high school completers (17%).[1]

- The high school completion and school statuses of enrollees in nonsummer programs reflect the mixture, within this aggregate, of programs that serve in-school and/or out-of-school youth. Just over half (54%) of the nonsummer enrollees were still in school. The remaining enrollees were split somewhat evenly between dropouts (21%) and completers (25%).

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[1] It should be recognized that high school completion and school status may be somewhat misleading in light of program eligibility and targeting requirements that have been discussed. For example, summer youth programs (serving primarily in-school youth) include a small proportion of dropouts. It may be that sponsors chose to enroll these individuals so that the summer job would serve as an incentive to return to school in the fall. Similarly, enrollees in summer programs who had completed high school may have been recent high school graduates for which the summer program served as a transition between high school and a post-secondary school activity.

Table 5-1. Distribution of enrollees under the age of 22 by high school completion and school status and by initial program assignment

Initial Program Assignment	Estimated Total New Youth Enrollees	Percent	High School Noncompleter: In School	High School Noncompleter: Out of School (Dropout)	High School Completer
Nonsummer Youth Programs	400,100	100	54	21	25
YETP-CT	33,200	100	36	38	27
YETP-OJT	7,300	100	30	22	48
YETP-WE	136,600	100	58	18	24
YCCIP	30,800	100	29	47	24
YWE	177,700	100	60	15	25
Summer Youth Programs	848,800	100	77	6	17
Other CETA Programs	318,400	100	7	33	61
CT	103,300	100	7	39	54
OJT	43,400	100	5	29	66
PSE Sustainment	59,500	100	4	24	72
PSE Nonsustainment	67,600	100	3	34	63
Direct Referral	30,400	100	13	32	55

Source: Tables 6, 9 through 17, and 19 through 21, Appendix B.

Considering the detailed IPAs, of all nonsummer programs, YCCIP, with its emphasis on serving out-of-school youth, enrolled the highest proportion of school dropouts (47%), and correspondingly low percentages of in-school youth (29%) and high school completers (24%). As was true with respect to personal and economic background characteristics, there is some distributional variation among the YETP components in terms of high school completion and school status.

- YETP-OJT served the highest proportion of high school completers (48%), while YETP-CT served the largest percentage of school dropouts (38%).

- YETP-WE included a comparatively high proportion of in-school youth (58%).

Reflecting the predominant enrollment of in-school youth into YWE, a relatively high proportion of these enrollees had not completed high school and were still in school (60%), and correspondingly low percentages were school dropouts (15%) or high school completers (25%).

The high school completion and school statuses of enrollees in the detailed IPAs comprising the aggregate of other CETA programs are highlighted below.

- Between 3 and 13 percent of the enrollees in CT, OJT, PSE, and direct referral had not completed high school and were still attending school.
- Nearly 40 percent of those assigned to classroom training were school dropouts. (This proportion was the highest of all IPAs within the aggregate of other CETA programs.)
- Within this aggregate, PSE sustainment had the highest proportion of high school completers (72%). This would be expected in view of the implied job readiness of enrollees in this employment program.

5.3 Pre-CETA Year Employment Experiences

In this section, the labor force behaviors of new enrollees during the year before they entered the program are described in two ways: (1) labor force experiences of enrollees during the pre-CETA year; and (2) average percent of time during the pre-entry year that new enrollees spent in each labor force status category.

5.3.1 Labor Force Experience During the Pre-CETA Year[1]

Distributions of FY 1978 new enrollees under the age of 22 by their pre-CETA year labor force experience are presented for each major IPA aggregate and detailed IPA in Tables 6 through 21, Appendix B.

Generally, the nonsummer and summer programs (which serve primarily in-school youth) enrolled comparatively high proportions of those who were predominantly out of the labor force during the pre-CETA year (69% and 86%, respectively). In contrast, the other CETA programs which tend to serve older, out-of-school youth were more likely to include enrollees who had been predominantly (27%) or substantially (19%) unemployed during the pre-entry year.

The pre-CETA year labor force experiences of enrollees in the detailed IPAs may be summarized as follows.

- Of the nonsummer youth programs, YETP work experience and YWE included the highest proportions of enrollees who were predominantly out of the labor force (73% and 72%, respectively).

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[1] Enrollees are classified into five labor force experience groups in order to distinguish between those with stable employment records, those severely unemployed, those substantially unemployed, those predominantly not in the labor force, and a remaining category of those who cannot be readily classified in a predominant status. Classification by labor force experience is a basis for gauging how enrollees in the various programs serving youth fared during the year before entering CETA. See the Glossary for a detailed explanation of pre-CETA year labor force experience.

- By comparison, only 45 percent of the YCCIP enrollees were predominantly out of the labor force, reflecting the emphasis of this particular program on out-of-school youth.

- While summer programs enrolled the highest proportion of youth who were predominantly out of the labor force, PSE nonsustainment included the lowest percentage of these enrollees (24%).

- PSE nonsustainment, along with PSE sustainment and classroom training, enrolled comparatively high percentages of youth who were predominantly or substantially unemployed during the pre-CETA year.

- Reflecting the personal and economic background characteristics of enrollees in OJT, the highest proportion of predominantly employed youth (14%) were enrolled in this initial program assignment.

5.3.2 Average Percent of the Pre-CETA Year That New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category

As can be seen from Table 5-2, nonsummer and summer youth program enrollees spent most of the pre-CETA year out of the labor force (the majority of this time was spent in school).[1] Enrollees in the other CETA programs not specifically targeted towards youth generally reported spending approximately two-thirds of the pre-CETA year in the labor force (either employed or unemployed).

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[1] CLMS defines as "not in the labor force" anyone whose main activity was attending school, regardless of whether they were also working or looking for work. See the Glossary for a detailed explanation of the CLMS labor force status categories.

Table 5-2. Average percent of pre-CETA year that enrollees under the age of 22 spent in each labor force status category by initial program assignment

	Initial Program Assignment										
	Nonsummer Youth Programs						Other CETA Programs				
Labor Force Status[1]	YETP-CT	YETP-OJT	YETP-WE	YCCIP	YWE	Summer Youth Programs	CT	OJT	PSE Sust.	PSE Non-Sust.	Direct Referra
Estimated Total New Youth Enrollees	33,200	7,300	136,600	30,800	177,700	848,800	103,300	43,400	59,500	67,600	30,400
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Employed	18	27	15	23	19	9	31	44	34	28	35
Unemployed	24	22	14	28	14	10	30	22	31	41	25
Not in Labor Force											
In school	40	41	62	39	59	72	22	21	24	19	30
Other NILF	17	10	8	11	8	9	16	13	11	12	11

[1] The labor force status category "employed" includes employed and employed and in school. The labor force status category "in school" includes in school and employed and in school or training.

Source: Tables 9 through 14, 16, 17, and 19 through 21, Appendix B.

Data for the detailed IPAs can be summarized as follows.

- The predominant enrollment of in-school youth in the nonsummer programs, YETP work experience and youth work experience, is reflected in the fact that enrollees in these programs reported spending a comparatively high average percent of time out of the labor force (70% and 67%, respectively).

- Since emphasis within YCCIP is placed on serving out-of-school youth (especially those with the most severe problems in finding employment), it is not unexpected that these enrollees reported spending the highest average percent of time unemployed (28%) compared to other nonsummer program enrollees.

- In keeping with the targeting requirement to enroll in-school youth, those in summer programs reported spending the highest average percent of the pre-CETA year out of the labor force (81%), and a considerable proportion of this time in school (72%).

- Reflecting their personal and economic background characteristics, OJT youth enrollees reported spending the highest average percent of time employed (44%).
- In contrast, corresponding to program eligibility requirements, PSE nonsustainment enrollees reported spending the highest average percent of time unemployed (41%).

5.4 Pre-CETA Year School or Training Experiences

This section focuses on those enrollees under the age of 22 who were not in the labor force at selected pre-CETA time points because they were in school or training. Also discussed is the type of school or training that enrollees were attending at 12 months and at three months prior to CETA entry.

5.4.1 School or Training Status at Selected Pre-CETA Time Points

Figure 5-1 on the following page illustrates the changes that occurred in the percent of new enrollees assigned to nonsummer, summer, and other CETA programs who were out of the labor force during the preprogram year because they were in school or training.[1] The time points selected for consideration are 12, 9, 6, 3 months, one month, and the day prior to entry.

The proportion of nonsummer enrollees who were in school or training fluctuated slightly throughout the pre-CETA year, changing from 64 percent at 12 months prior to entry to 57 percent the day prior to entry. The striking change from 12 to 9 and 6 months prior to entry for summer enrollees primarily reflects movement from summer vacation back to school. Reflecting the predominance of out-of-school youth in other CETA programs, comparatively low percentages of these enrollees were in school or training at any time during the pre-CETA year, and the proportion gradually decreased as the time of their entry into the program approached.

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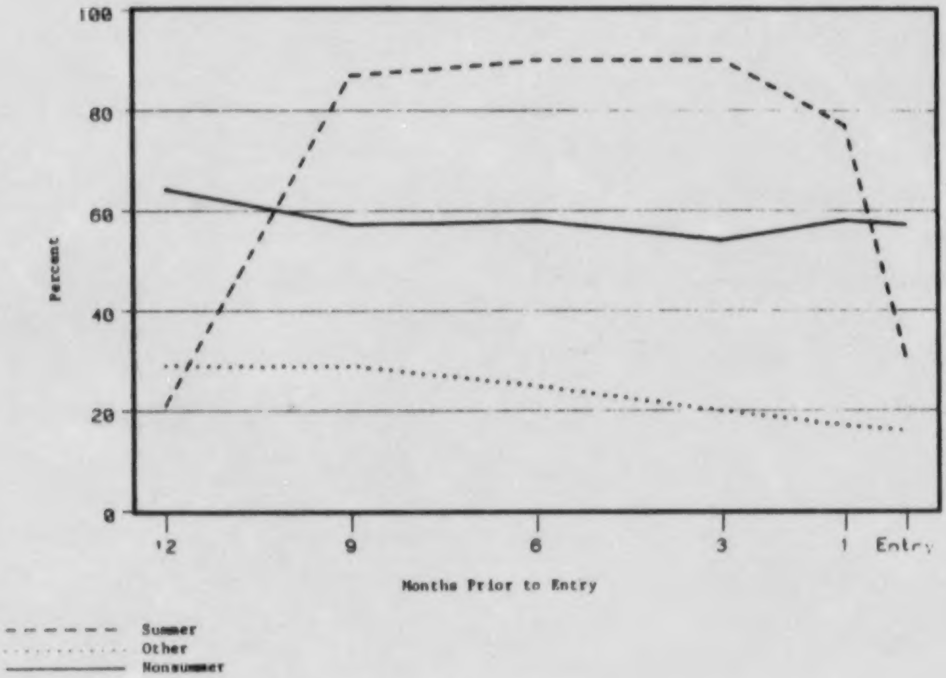
[1] Information, by detailed IPA, on the percent of enrollees in school or training at selected time points during the pre-CETA year is presented in Tables 5 through 21, Appendix B.



Source: Tables 6, 14, and 15, Appendix B.

Figure 5-1. Percent of enrollees under the age of 22 who were in school or training at selected pre-CETA time points by major IPA aggregate

5.4.2 Type of School or Training at Selected Pre-CETA Time Points

Distributions of enrollees who were in school or training at selected pre-CETA time points by type of school or training are presented in Table 22, Appendix B. The time points selected for consideration are 12 and 3 months prior to CETA entry.

Due to the relationship between enrollment period and school or training status, the proportions of enrollees in regular school who were assigned to nonsummer or other CETA programs decreased from 12 to 3 months prior to entry, while the percentage for summer youth increased. Comparatively high percentages of enrollees who were in regular school at both time points were enrolled in nonsummer or summer youth programs. However, other CETA programs, which tend to serve out-of-school youth, included larger percentages of enrollees who were in college or in some other school or training program, such as a technical institute or manpower training program.

5.5 Pre-CETA Year Earnings and Income

5.5.1 Median Enrollee Earnings

As shown in Table 5-3 on the following page, the estimated median earnings of new enrollees under the age of 22 during the pre-CETA year differed considerably by initial program assignment. FY 1978 enrollees assigned to programs not specifically targeted towards youth reported median pre-CETA year earnings which were substantially higher than those reported by enrollees in the targeted nonsummer and summer youth programs.

Table 5-3. Median pre-CETA year earnings of enrollees under the age of 22 by initial program assignment

Initial Program Assignment	Median Enrollee Earnings
CETA Programs Serving Youth (total)	$ 190
Nonsummer Youth Programs (total)	370
YEDPA (total)	240
YETP (total)	200
YETP Classroom Training	180
YETP On-the-Job Training	880
YETP Work Experience	180
YCCIP	550
Youth Work Experience	480
Summer Youth Programs	-
Other CETA Programs (total)	1,320
Classroom Training	1,030
On-the-Job Training	2,520
Public Service Employment (total)	1,280
PSE Sustainment	1,530
PSE Nonsustainment	1,020
Direct Referral	1,340

Source: Table 23, Appendix B.

Of the enrollees in nonsummer programs, those assigned to YETP-CT and YETP-WE reported the lowest pre-CETA median earnings ($180), which is not surprising since these enrollees reported spending a relatively high average percent of the preprogram year out of the labor force (Table 5-2).

Since primarily in-school youth are enrolled in summer programs, and these individuals are unlikely to have had any earnings during the pre-entry year, it is not unexpected that the median earnings for this group were zero.[1]

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[1] In other words, more than half reported zero earnings during the pre-CETA year.

OJT enrollees reported the highest median earnings ($2,520) of any IPA group. This is consistent with the fact that OJT had the highest proportion of enrollees who were predominantly employed during the pre-CETA year (Section 5.3.1).

5.5.2 Median Family Income

As can be seen from Table 5-4 below, estimated median family incomes during the pre-CETA year for new enrollees under the age of 22 were generally low (around $6,200) and differed only slightly between the major IPA aggregates.

Table 5-4. Median pre-CETA year family incomes of enrollees under the age of 22 by initial program assignment

Initial Program Assignment	Median Family Income
CETA Programs Serving Youth (total)	$6,180
Nonsummer Youth Programs (total)	5,980
YEDPA (total)	6,260
YETP (total)	6,180
YETP Classroom Training	5,800
YETP On-the-Job Training	7,740
YETP Work Experience	6,140
YCCIP	6,300
Youth Work Experience	5,760
Summer Youth Programs	6,260
Other CETA Programs (total)	6,240
Classroom Training	6,000
On-the-Job Training	7,250
Public Service Employment (total)	5,800
PSE Sustainment	6,570
PSE Nonsustainment	5,360
Direct Referral	8,870

Source: Table 24, Appendix B.

Considering the detailed IPAs, enrollees in YETP-OJT had a substantially higher median family income ($7,740) than enrollees in the other nonsummer programs, while YETP-CT and YWE enrollees had comparatively low median family incomes of $5,800 and $5,760, respectively. Summer program enrollees had a median pre-CETA family income of $6,260, which was similar to the median family income of nonsummer program enrollees, overall.

Within the aggregate of other CETA programs, direct referral enrollees reported the highest pre-CETA year median family income ($8,870), while PSE nonsustainment enrollees reported the lowest ($5,360). These medians also, in fact, represent the highest and the lowest for any IPA. The low median reported by enrollees in PSE nonsustainment reflects the emphasis on economically disadvantaged status as an eligibility requirement for participation in this program.

6. YOUTH ENROLLEE GROUPS OF SPECIAL INTEREST

6.1 Introduction

A central concern in this report has been to describe the extent to which youth are served by CETA programs, and to provide information on the types of young persons who were enrolled. In this chapter, certain groups of enrollees within the CETA youth population that are of special interest due to eligibility criteria or targeting requirements are described in more detail. The groups selected for analysis include minority youth, school dropouts, and disadvantaged youth.[1]

6.2 Minority Youth

Table 25, Appendix B presents distributions of FY 1978 new enrollees under the age of 22 in the major IPA aggregates by sex and minority status and by selected characteristics. Highlights of the characteristics of minority youth are as follows.

- Among minorities, the proportion of enrollees who were school dropouts was generally higher for male minority group members than for female minority group members, and compared to other minorities, was usually highest for Hispanic youth.
- The proportion of enrollees who were economically disadvantaged under CLMS was higher for minority youth than for white youth, and it was especially high for black and Hispanic females.
- Compared to white youth, higher proportions of minority youth were predominantly out of

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[1] CLMS definitions of minority groups and school dropouts appear in the Glossary and disadvantaged enrollees are described in Appendix A.

the labor force during the pre-CETA year and correspondingly, minority enrollees reported spending a higher average percent of time out of the labor force during the pre-CETA year.

6.3 School Dropouts

Table 26, Appendix B presents FY 1978 data on selected characteristics of enrollees in the major IPA aggregates by education and school status at entry. Specific characteristics of school dropouts are as follows.

- A high proportion of enrollees who were school dropouts were male (approximately 63%), and almost half (49%) were members of a minority group.
- Of the enrollees who were school dropouts, nearly a third were heads of families (13% of a one-person household and 20% of a household of two persons or more), and almost a third (33%) were primary wage earners.
- Around 86 percent of the enrollees who were school dropouts were economically disadvantaged under CLMS. This proportion is somewhat higher than for enrollees who had completed at least high school.
- School dropouts reported spending a higher average percent of the pre-CETA year unemployed than enrollees who had completed at least high school. High unemployment among dropouts was further evidenced by more than a third of these enrollees being predominantly unemployed during the year before entry.

6.4 Disadvantaged Youth

Table 27, Appendix B presents FY 1978 data on selected characteristics of enrollees in the major IPA aggregates by pre-enrollment economic status. Highlights of the characteristics of those youth who were determined disadvantaged under CLMS are as follows.

- Disadvantaged enrollees were more heavily concentrated in the younger age groups (around 63% were 17 years of age or younger) and over 60 percent were members of a minority group.
- A slightly higher proportion of disadvantaged enrollees than nondisadvantaged enrollees were school dropouts and a slightly larger percentage were primary wage earners.
- Over 70 percent of the disadvantaged enrollees were predominantly out of the labor force during the pre-CETA year (72%). Correspondingly, these enrollees reported spending approximately 69 percent of the preprogram year out of the labor force.

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GLOSSARY OF SELECTED TERMS

Several terms used in this CLMS report have specific definitions which are not necessarily the same as those in use elsewhere. In order to avoid confusion, the FY 1978 definitions of these terms are presented below.

- Annual Family Income Year Prior to Entry - For CLMS purposes, annual family income is defined as the total income of an enrollee's family during the 12 months prior to the date of CETA entry. This includes wages and salaries, net income from business or farm, pensions, dividends, interest, rent, and any other money income received by family members 14 years of age or older. For example, the CLMS includes the following items as income: wages and allowances from employment and training programs; Unemployment Insurance compensation (UI); cash public assistance payments, such as AFDC; alimony; and payments for child support.[1] The CLMS excludes as income: income-in-kind, such as food stamps or public housing; lump sum inheritances; and insurance payments.

- Economically Disadvantaged - If an enrollee was a member of a family receiving cash welfare during the month of entry and/or their family's 12-month or three-month annualized income was below the OMB poverty level and/or their three-month annualized family income was at or below 70 percent of the lower living standard, the enrollee is categorized as "Yes" to "Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level," and is determined economically disadvantaged under CLMS.[2]

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[1] Under CETA, some of these items are excluded from family income calculations to determine eligibility. Major differences between the CLMS and CETA definitions of family income for the purposes of eligibility determination are discussed in the section on economically disadvantaged status, Appendix A.

[2] Economically disadvantaged status for YETP enrollees includes the family income at or below 85 percent of the lower living standard criterion.

- Enrollee Earnings Year Prior to Entry - For CLMS purposes, enrollee earnings for the year before CETA entry include earnings from primary jobs during those periods in which the enrollee said (in the initial interview) that his or her main activity was working, earnings from any jobs during those periods in which the enrollee said his or her main activity was school or training, and earnings from second jobs (i.e., jobs held at the same time as primary jobs).[1]

- In School or Training - For CLMS purposes, an enrollee designated as being in school or training at a particular time point may also have been in school and employed.

- Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year - Using the CLMS computation of labor force status for periods of time (see definition below), the labor force experiences of enrollees are grouped into five categories.

  Predominantly Employed - employed at least 90 percent of the pre-CETA year.

  Predominantly Unemployed - unemployed (and looking for work) at least 50 percent of the pre-CETA year.

  Substantially Unemployed - unemployed (and looking for work) between 25 and 49 percent of the pre-CETA year.

  Predominantly Not in the Labor Force - not in the labor force at least 50 percent of the pre-CETA year.[2]

  Combination - some combination of employment, unemployment, and nonparticipation not classified in the above four categories.

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[1] It should be noted that before FY 1978, earnings data presented in CLMS initial reports included only earnings from primary jobs during those periods in which the enrollee said (in the initial interview) that his or her main activity was working. For this reason, FY 1977 data used in this report for comparison purposes were retabulated to include earnings from all sources.

[2] For CLMS purposes, enrollees are categorized as being "not in the labor force" if their main activity was attending school, regardless of whether they were also working or looking for work.

- Labor Force Status - Labor force status for time points and time periods is computed, for CLMS purposes, as follows:

A history of each enrollee's activities (working, school, training, none of these) during specific periods is obtained at each CLMS interview. For the initial interview, the period of interest is from the date of interview (generally 3 to 5 months after entry) back to one year prior to the day the individual became enrolled in CETA.

Detailed questions are then asked about each working/in school or training/not working nor in school or training episode. In the determination of labor force status for any particular day, the following rules are used, in the order shown:

1) If the enrollee was working, either full or part time, as a main activity, he or she is considered employed.

2) If the enrollee was in school or in a training program as a main activity, he or she is considered not in the labor force.

3) If the enrollee was neither working nor in school or training as a main activity, his or her labor force status depends on answers to detailed questions concerning the primary reason for not working at that time and whether or not work was being sought.

   a) If the enrollee's primary reason for not working at that time was "in hospital," "in institution," or "in armed forces," the labor force status is "not in the labor force."

   b) If the enrollee's primary reason for not working at that time was "new job to begin within 30 days," "on layoff," or "labor dispute," the labor force status is "unemployed."

   c) When other reasons (e.g., personal family reasons, own illness, couldn't find job, etc.) are given as the primary reason for not working, labor force status depends on the enrollee's answer to the question "Were you looking for work during any part of the time?" If the enrollee said "yes," he or she is considered "unemployed"; if the answer was "no," the labor force status is "not in labor force."

Beginning with FY 1979 initial interviews, this question of whether or not the enrollee was looking for work will be asked with regard to each month of every not working/school/training spell so that the labor force status measure can be made more precise.

Beginning with this report, any CLMS variable or derived variable that involves "labor force status at entry" is based on labor force status three days prior to entry. This allows for a more realistic determination of labor force status at entry for the presumably large number of participants enrolled in CETA programs on a Monday.

- Minority Status - The minority status categories used in this report are: white, black, Hispanic, and other. The categories of "white" and "black" always exclude persons of Hispanic origin. The category of "other" includes, for example, Native Americans, Asians, and Pacific Islanders.

- School Status - For CLMS purposes, school status pertains to the attendance of enrollees in certain types of school as determined from the CLMS activity record (completed during the interview). These include regular schools (i.e., schools leading to the completion of a high school degree, excluding vocational high schools), colleges, and vocational high schools.

An enrollee is considered in school if:

1) The CETA entry date occurred in January through May or September through December and the enrollee was in any of these types of school either one day before entry or within 30 days after entry but prior to termination; or

2) The CETA entry date occurred in June through August and the enrollee was in any of these types of school either the day before entry or at any time after May 1.

All other enrollees are considered to be out of school for CLMS purposes. Persons who had not completed 12 years of schooling and were not in school at the time of CETA entry are considered to be dropouts.

- Special Veteran - This designation refers to a veteran who served in Indochina or Korea, including the adjacent waters, between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975; and received other than a dishonorable discharge.

- Vietnam Era Veteran - This designation refers to a veteran who was 34 years of age or under at the time of application to CETA; served in the armed forces between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975, inclusive; and received other than a dishonorable discharge.

REPORT INFORMATION (Appendix A)

I. Detailed Rules for Determining Initial Program Assignment (For Persons Under Age 22 Newly Enrolled in CETA Between October 1977 and September 1978)

This section of the appendix presents rules for categorizing new enrollees according to their "initial program assignment." These rules use information from the CLMS control card (form completed from required prime sponsor records) and from the CLMS initial interview. It should be noted that these rules are not the same as those used for program activity determinations. Initial program assignment (IPA) generally uses information from the control card -- title of funding, functional activity, services received, age at entry, and quarter of entry -- to classify enrollees based on information available at the prime sponsor office when the enrollee was selected into the CLMS sample (generally 1 to 4 months after CETA entry). In some cases, initial interview data must be used to determine "age at entry."

For this report, the CLMS method for classifying CETA enrollees according to initial program assignment is described below.

	Rule	Initial Program Assignment
A.	If functional activity is summer:	Summer
B.	If enrollee entered through Title III-summer:	Summer
C.	If enrolled during April-September and functional activity is YWE and age at entry is 21 or below:	YWE
D.	If entered through Title III-YCCIP or if functional activity is YCCIP:	YCCIP

Rule	Initial Program Assignment
E. If entered through Title III-YETP or functional activity is YETP and control card shows activity as:	
(1) Classroom training (skills, educational, both, or unidentifiable):	YETP classroom training
(2) On-the-job training:	YETP on-the-job training
(3) Public service employment or work experience:	YETP work experience
(4) Direct referral or if there is no activity code:	YETP unknown[1]
F. If the control card information shows activity title as:	
(1) Title III-YCCIP and age at entry is 19 or below:	YCCIP
(2) Title III-summer and age at entry is 21 or below:	Summer
(3) Title III-YETP and age at entry is 21 or below and control card shows activity as:	
(a) Classroom training (skills, educational, both, or unidentifiable):	YETP classroom training
(b) On-the-job training:	YETP on-the-job training
(c) Public service employment or work experience:	YETP work experience

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[1] YETP unknown is included in the IPA category, YETP total, but is not analyzed as a separate IPA in this report.

Rule	Initial Program Assignment
(d) Direct referral or if there is no activity code:	YETP unknown
(4) Title VI project-type program and age at entry is 21 or below:	PSE nonsustainment <22
(5) Title I, II, or VI nonproject-type program and age at entry is 21 or below:	PSE sustainment <22
G. If the control card information shows age at entry is 21 or below and activity as:	
(1) Classroom training (skills, educational, both, or unidentifiable):	Classroom training <22
(2) On-the-job training:	On-the-job training <22
(3) Placement into unsubsidized employment:	Direct referral <22
(4) PSE and	
(a) Entered before April 1977:	PSE sustainment <22
(b) Entered during April-September 1977 and	
(1) Entered through Titles I or II:	PSE sustainment <22
(2) Entered through Title VI project-type program:	PSE nonsustainment <22
(3) Entered through Title VI nonproject-type program:	PSE sustainment <22
(4) If project and nonproject unknown or title of funding unknown:	PSE unknown[1] <22

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[1] PSE unknown is included in the IPA category, PSE total, but is not analyzed as a separate IPA in this report.

Rule	Initial Program Assignment
(5) If there is no activity code and	
(a) Entered through Title I after September 1975 and received job referral as a service:	Direct referral <22
(b) Entered before April 1977 and functional activity is PSE:	PSE sustainment <22
(c) Entered during April-September 1977 and functional activity is PSE and	
(1) Entered through Titles I or II:	PSE sustainment <22
(2) Entered through Title VI project-type program:	PSE nonsustainment <22
(3) Entered through Title VI nonproject-type program:	PSE sustainment <22
(4) If project/nonproject unknown or title of funding unknown:	PSE unknown <22
(d) If enrolled after September 1977 and	
(1) Title I, II, or VI - sustainment:	PSE sustainment <22
(2) Title VI nonsustainment:	PSE nonsustainment <22
(3) Title unknown:	PSE unknown <22
(e) If none of the conditions set forth above are met:	No initial program assignment[1] <22

H. If the control card information shows activity as:

Work experience and age at entry is 21 or below:	YWE

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[1] No IPA shown is included in the overall category, "CETA programs serving youth," and in the major aggregate category "other CETA programs," but is not analyzed as a separate IPA in this report.

II. Economically Disadvantaged as Defined Under CLMS

Earlier CLMS reports have presented data on the disadvantaged status of new CETA enrollees. In these reports, enrollees were classified as "economically disadvantaged" if they were receiving cash welfare at the time they entered CETA and/or if the income of their family for the 12 months prior to entry fell below the established OMB poverty level guideline. However, beginning with this report, a new measure of disadvantaged status has been adopted, which incorporates a number of income-related determinations. In addition, the base period to establish the income used for making below OMB poverty level determinations has been changed. The new summary indicator of disadvantaged status along with the change in the base period for income determinations expand and refine the old CLMS definition of economically disadvantaged so as to approximate more closely the CETA definition of economically disadvantaged.

For the programs of interest to this report, during FY 1978, a person was considered economically disadvantaged under CETA if he or she was: (1) a member of a family which received cash welfare payments; or (2) was a member of a family that had a total income which, in relation to family size, did not exceed either the OMB poverty level or 70 percent of the BLS lower living standard income level.[1] In addition, if a person was a foster child on behalf of whom State or local government payments were made, he or she was considered economically disadvantaged. Family income was computed by annualizing all family income during the three months prior to application, or, if the three-month period was unrepresentative due, for example, to seasonal unemployment, income was computed for the 12 months prior to application.

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[1] Under CETA, the criterion for YETP is at or below 85 percent of the lower living standard.

In this report, several indicators of pre-enrollment economic status are presented, including receipt of cash welfare during the month of entry, family income below the OMB poverty level, and family income at or below 70 percent of the lower living standard. These indicators approximate the different criteria for the determination of disadvantaged status under CETA and together provide a CLMS definition of economically disadvantaged. Therefore, FY 1978 new enrollees assigned to CETA programs serving youth were considered disadvantaged if they were members of families receiving cash welfare and/or whose incomes were below the OMB poverty level and/or at or below 70 percent of the lower living standard.[1]

In order to closely relate CLMS computations to those under CETA, either three-month annualized or 12-month income (whichever was lower) was used in making the below OMB poverty level determinations for this report.[2] Percentages below the lower living standard income level were computed using only a three-month annualized income.

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[1] Generally, whenever disadvantaged status under CLMS is presented in this report it is defined as stated above. However, CLMS disadvantaged status specifically presented for YETP enrollees includes the at or below 85 percent (as compared to 70%) lower living standard measure, although the 70 percent criterion is still used when YETP is incorporated into the aggregate IPA category of nonsummer youth programs.

[2] The Bureau of the Census cannot make an assessment of the representativeness of three-month annualized or 12-month family income. They provide data on the number of enrollees meeting the below OMB poverty level criterion using either the three-month annualized or 12-month family income. However, exploratory research shows that the difference in the percent of enrollees determined economically disadvantaged under CLMS is relatively small (under 2%), when 12-month income is used in making the OMB poverty level determination, or when three-month annualized income is used.

It should be recognized that although the new CLMS definition of economically disadvantaged relates closely to the CETA definition of economically disadvantaged, some minor differences remain. In particular, the three-month annualized family income used by the CLMS to make at or below lower living standard and below OMB poverty level determinations is a lump sum income without any of the CETA prescribed exclusions (e.g., veterans' payments, workmens' compensation, and welfare payments).[1] In addition, the CLMS does not consider 12-month family income in computing percentages at or below the lower living standard. Further, the CLMS definition of family differs slightly from the CETA definition since the CLMS does not specifically consider as family, unmarried members of a household, or foster children or stepchildren receiving at least 50 percent of their support from their foster or stepparents.[2] Notwithstanding these definitional differences, CLMS economically disadvantaged is a reasonable proxy for CETA economically disadvantaged.

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[1] The inclusion of these payments would tend to inflate family income and perhaps result in an underestimation of the percent of enrollees below the OMB poverty level and/or at or below 70 (or 85) percent of the lower living standard.

[2] The CLMS does not provide any data on foster child status and thus, this information is necessarily excluded from the discussion. However, this lack of data would not substantially change the results since foster children comprise only a very small proportion of the CETA population.

III. Total Enrollment as Defined Under CLMS

When comparing enrollment totals between FY 1978 and FY 1977, caution should be exercised since the CLMS definition of "total enrollment" has been modified over the life of the survey. Prior to FY 1978, some prime sponsors, and therefore the CLMS sample, included as enrollees persons who received only CETA services, i.e., those who were not assigned to a program.[1] Since interest lies primarily with enrollees who were assigned to a program, beginning with the first quarter of FY 1978, enrollees who received only CETA services (except those who received job referral as a service) were excluded from the sample. Thus, the term "total enrollment" has different meanings for the two fiscal years presented in this report (FY 1977 and FY 1978).

Two IPA aggregates are affected by this definitional change -- CETA programs serving youth, and other CETA programs -- the two classifications which include no IPA shown. As an indication of the effect of this change in definition, the estimated total youth enrollment in FY 1977 was 1,472,800. The number of those for whom no IPA was shown (including those who received services only), was 88,600. In FY 1978, estimated total youth enrollment was 1,567,300, while the total number of those for whom no IPA was shown (excluding those who received services only), was 13,400.[2]

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[1] Services received by enrollees may have included job referral, counseling, work orientation, child care, transportation, or health or medical services.

[2] Some of this change would be attributable to more precise information in FY 1978 for specific IPA classification.

IV. Enrollee Groups Excluded From Analyses

Several enrollee groups have been excluded from the analyses in this report. First, enrollees in STIP are not discussed. STIP is a unique, one-time program with enrollment overlapping more than one fiscal year. The STIP participants surveyed will be covered in a separate, special CLMS report.

Second, enrollees for whom no assignment was shown and enrollees in YETP unknown are also excluded from the detailed analyses. Due, in part, to incomplete prime sponsor records, little is known about these groups; it is probable that some of these enrollees were actually assigned to a program, although their participation was never recorded. It is also possible that they received only a CETA-funded ancillary employment and training or supportive service. Characteristics of enrollees in these groups were examined and compared across quarters and with data for the other IPA groups. No distinctive findings were observed and, in fact, some similarities with every other program assignment group were apparent.

Finally, it is estimated that approximately 800 young persons were enrolled in PSE programs of an unknown type during FY 1978. Enrollees in PSE unknown are included in total PSE enrollment, but they are not analyzed as a separate IPA group within this report. Due to the limited number of enrollees in this category, serious cell size problems arise from cross-classification of the data, and the information is of questionable reliability.

V. Completeness of Data for YEDPA Enrollees

Due to CLMS sampling and interviewing procedures, this report excludes those YEDPA enrollees who received only CETA services (other than job referral). Further, current CLMS practices do not permit identification of persons who received only transition services (from school to work) or of those who were assigned specifically to career employment experience (CEE) programs.[1] New enrollees are, however, included in the data presented here if they received transition services and were also assigned to YETP or YCCIP. CEE enrollees are included in YETP on-the-job training and YETP work experience totals. Information on transition services and CEE is planned for inclusion in future analyses of YETP and YCCIP enrollees.

In addition, information on in-school and out-of-school YEDPA programs is not available for this report. Discussion of enrollees' school status at the time of program entry is included, however, in Chapter 4.

VI. Availability of Comparison Data for FY 1977

Cumulative FY 1977 data are presented in some of the appendix tables in this report so that FY 1978/FY 1977 comparisons can be made. FY 1977 data have been retabulated using the new IPA classifications and changes to CLMS variables. For this reason, some of the numbers and percentages presented in this report differ from those which appear for FY 1977 in CLMS Report No. 8.

In addition, some of the data used for analyses in this report were not available for FY 1977. Specifically, the characteristic, "enrollee receiving unemployment insurance (UI)" has been determined differently by the CLMS for various quarterly cohorts of new enrollees.[1] In particular, for the four quarters of FY 1978, data on the receipt of UI are available for the week prior to entry, whereas these data are available only for the last two quarters of FY 1977. For this reason, cumulative FY 1977 data for "enrollee receiving unemployment insurance during week of entry" are not presented in this report.

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[1] CEE programs are those in which YEDPA enrollees receive transition services in combination with either YETP on-the-job training or YETP work experience.

Similarly, data on three-month annualized family income were not available until the third quarter of FY 1977, and thus, below OMB poverty level and at or below lower living standard determinations cannot be made comparable with those for FY 1978. Therefore, cumulative FY 1977 data for "pre-enrollment economic status" are not presented in this report.

Although beginning with the first quarter of FY 1977, PSE was reshaped into sustainment and nonsustainment PSE through amendments to Title VI legislation, funding for PSE nonsustainment did not become available until the third quarter. The CLMS did not classify PSE into sustainment and nonsustainment until that time. Therefore, for the first and second quarters of FY 1977, sustainment data were the same as total PSE data for those quarters. Because the CLMS did not use the PSE nonsustainment classification until the third quarter of FY 1977, and since PSE unknown data are thus relevant only for the last two quarters of the fiscal year, FY 1977 data for PSE nonsustainment and total PSE (which includes PSE unknown) are not presented in this report.

Of course, no FY 1977 comparison data for YETP and YCCIP exist, since the Youth Employment and Demonstration Projects Act was not passed until August of 1977, and enrollment into these programs did not really begin until January of 1978.[1]

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[1] Prior to the third quarter of FY 1977, enrollees were asked during the initial interview about receipt of UI during the year and the month prior to entry.

VII. List of Previous Reports

Background information on CETA and CLMS, including specific information on the CLMS study design, sample design and selection, and data collection methodology is contained in the first CLMS initial report[2] and in the first CLMS technical report.[3] Copies of the instruments used in the initial interview are also provided as appendices to those reports.

A summary list of all CLMS reports published to date is as follows:

Report Number	Topic
1	January-March 1975 New Enrollees
2	April-June 1975 New Enrollees
3	July-September 1975 New Enrollees
4	Calendar Year 1975 New Enrollees
5	January-March 1976 New Enrollees
6	Fiscal Year 1976 New Enrollees
7	July 1976-March 1977 New Enrollees
8	Fiscal Year 1977 New Enrollees

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[1] Only a handful of enrollees (approximately 18) entered YETP and YCCIP during October-December 1977.

[2] Continuous Longitudinal Manpower Survey, Report No. 1, Characteristics of CETA Participants Enrolled During Third Quarter of FY 1975, prepared by Westat, Inc., for the Office of Program Evaluation, Employment and Training Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, January 1976.

[3] Continuous Longitudinal Manpower Survey, Technical Report No. 1, Methodology, prepared by Westat, Inc., for the Office of Program Evaluation, Employment and Training Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, March 1977.

Report Number	Topic
Technical Report No. 1	CLMS Methodology
Follow-Up Report No. 1	Terminees Who Entered CETA in January-June 1975
Follow-Up Report No. 2	Terminees Who Entered CETA During Fiscal Year 1976

EXPLANATORY NOTES TO APPENDIX TABLES (Appendix B)

The following explanatory notes apply to the tables presented in this appendix.

(1) Data presented in this report are based on initial interviews with enrollees and on data obtained from prime sponsor records.

(2) In some tables, shortage of data restricts the level of detail at which data can be analyzed. Parentheses in appendix tables flag data cells with weighted totals of less than 7,500 for all initial program assignments other than summer youth, and data cells with weighted totals of less than 20,000 for summer youth programs. Cells containing weighted totals of less than 15,000 were also flagged in tables combining summer youth programs with other programs (e.g., CETA Programs Serving Youth [total]). These minimum cell sizes are arbitrary figures, and are used as estimates of the level below which the relative standard error exceeds ten percent.

(3) A hyphen appearing in a cell represents zero or a fraction of a percent which did not round to one.

(4) An asterisk appearing in a cell represents the nonapplicability or noncomparability of data for a certain time point or period. Specifically, asterisks are used in the following manner:

- Summer youth enrollee data are not presented for the first two quarters of FY 1978 since no enrollments occur in this program during that time period.[1]

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[1] Therefore, cumulative FY 1978 data for summer youth program enrollees represent half-year figures.

- Data for enrollees in YETP and YCCIP are not presented for the first quarter of FY 1978 since these programs did not really begin until January 1978.[1] Also, since these programs did not exist before FY 1978, cumulative FY 1977 comparison data are not available.

- Although beginning with the first quarter of FY 1977, PSE was reshaped into sustainment and nonsustainment PSE through amendments to Title VI legislation, funding for PSE nonsustainment did not become available until the third quarter. CLMS did not classify PSE into sustainment and nonsustainment until that time. Therefore, for the first and second quarters of FY 1977, sustainment data were the same as total PSE data for those quarters. An asterisk appears for the FY 1977 comparison data on PSE nonsustainment since the data are available only for two quarters of that fiscal year. Similarly, since CLMS did not begin to classify PSE into sustainment and nonsustainment until the third quarter of FY 1977, PSE unknown data are relevant only for the last two quarters of the fiscal year. Therefore, an asterisk appears for the FY 1977 comparison data for PSE (total) since this data includes PSE unknown.

- An asterisk appears for cumulative FY 1977 comparison data on "receipt of unemployment insurance during the week of entry" and "pre-enrollment economic status," since these data are available or can be computed for only the third and fourth quarters of that fiscal year.

(5) Numbers are rounded to the nearest hundred. Dollar amounts are rounded to the nearest ten dollars.

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[1] A very small number of participants (approximately 18) were enrolled in YEDPA programs prior to January 1978, but because this number is so small, such enrollees are excluded from the data tables and analyses in this report. Cumulative FY 1978 data for YEDPA enrollees thus represent only three quarters of data.

(6) Enrollee totals for the different initial program assignments may vary between tables due to rounding. Also, in tables involving multiple cross-tabulations of data, rounding at each stage of tabulation may result in differences between a "total" and the sum of its "parts."

(7) Percentage distributions for the same enrollee characteristics may vary between tables due to rounding.

(8) STIP enrollees are excluded from the data tables and analyses in this report. Enrollees in YETP unknown and PSE unknown, and enrollees for whom no assignment was shown are included in aggregate enrollment totals, as indicated in the footnotes to the tables, but separate data on these enrollees do not appear in the report.[1]

(9) For the variables listed below, multiple responses were recorded and tabulated. Since, in calculating percentages for these variables, the base used is number of enrollees rather than number of responses, the sum of percentages may exceed 100 percent.

- Receipt of Public Benefit(s)
- Perceived Barrier(s) to Employment

(10) Cumulative FY 1977 data are presented in some tables so that FY 1978/FY 1977 comparisons can be made. However, FY 1977 data have been retabulated using the new IPA classifications and changes to CLMS variables. For this reason, some of the numbers and percentages presented in these tables differ from those which appear for FY 1977 in CLMS Report No. 8.

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[1] See Appendix A for a more detailed explanation.

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3 Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by title of funding: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled during FY 1978 and FY 1977

4 Distribution of enrollees by level of satisfaction with CETA and by initial program assignment: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled during FY 1978

5 Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in CETA programs serving youth (total) during FY 1978 and FY 1977

6 Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in nonsummer youth programs (total) during FY 1978 and FY 1977

7 Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in YEDPA programs in CLMS (total) during FY 1978 and FY 1977

8 Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in YETP (total) during FY 1978 and FY 1977

9 Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in YETP classroom training during FY 1978 and FY 1977

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Table

10 Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in YETP on-the-job training during FY 1978 and FY 1977

11 Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in YETP work experience during FY 1978 and FY 1977

12 Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in YCCIP during FY 1978 and FY 1977

13 Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in youth work experience during FY 1978 and FY 1977

14 Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in summer youth programs during FY 1978 and FY 1977

15 Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in other CETA programs (total) during FY 1978 and FY 1977

16 Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in classroom training during FY 1978 and FY 1977

17 Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in on-the-job training during FY 1978 and FY 1977

18 Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in public service employment (total) during FY 1978 and FY 1977

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19 Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in PSE sustainment during FY 1978 and FY 1977

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26 Distribution of enrollees by education and school status at entry and by major IPA aggregate and selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled during FY 1978

27 Distribution of enrollees by pre-enrollment economic status and by major IPA aggregate and selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled during FY 1978

Table 1. Estimated number and distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by major IPA aggregate: all CETA participants newly enrolled in FY 1978 and FY 1977

Major IPA Aggregates	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-Mar. 1978	April-June 1978	July Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
All CETA Programs (total)						
Estimated number	2,380,200	355,700	495,700	638,200	890,600	2,227,600
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100
CETA Programs Specifically Targeted Towards Youth[1]						
Estimated number	1,248,900	75,500	140,700	373,700	659,000	1,181,600
Percent	52	21	28	59	74	53
Nonsummer Youth Programs						
Estimated number	400,100	75,500	140,700	113,200	70,700	223,500
Percent	17	21	28	18	8	10
Summer Youth Programs						
Estimated number	848,800	*	*	260,500	588,300	958,100
Percent	36	*	*	41	66	43
Adult-Oriented CETA Programs[2]						
Estimated number	1,131,300	280,200	355,000	264,500	231,600	1,046,000
Percent	48	79	72	41	26	47

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[1] It should be recognized that the aggregate for youth presented in this table on total enrollments (CETA Programs Specifically Targeted Towards Youth) is different from that used in the other data tables for the report (CETA Programs Serving Youth). The reason for this is that those persons under the age of 22 in classroom training, on-the-job training, public service employment, and direct referral are already included in the enrollment totals for Adult-Oriented CETA Programs, and would be double-counted if the aggregate of CETA Programs Serving Youth were used. Therefore, CETA Programs Specifically Targeted Towards Youth includes: Youth Employment and Training Programs (YETP), Youth Community and Conservation Improvement Projects (YCCIP), youth work experience (YWE), and summer youth programs.

[2] This total includes classroom training, on-the-job training, adult work experience, public service employment, direct referral, and no assignment shown. These programs are discussed in detail in CLMS Report No. 10.

Table 2. Estimated number and distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by initial program assignment: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled during FY 1978 and FY 1977

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Initial Program Assignment	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
CETA Programs Serving Youth (total)						
Estimated number	1,567,300	152,600	239,900	447,600	727,200	1,472,800
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100
Nonsummer Youth Programs (total)						
Estimated number	400,100	75,500	140,700	113,200	70,700	223,500
Percent	26	49	59	25	10	15
YEDPA Programs in CLMS (total)						
Estimated number	222,400	*	107,900	72,800	41,700	*
Percent	14	*	45	16	6	*
YETP (total)[1]						
Estimated number	191,600	*	94,600	62,000	35,000	*
Percent	12	*	39	14	5	*
YETP - Classroom Training						
Estimated number	33,200	*	12,200	12,700	8,300	*
Percent	2	*	5	3	1	*
YETP - On-the-Job Training						
Estimated number	7,300	*	1,500	3,200	2,600	*
Percent	(1)	*	(1)	(1)	-	*
YETP - Work Experience						
Estimated number	136,600	*	74,000	40,300	22,300	*
Percent	9	*	31	9	3	*
YCCIP						
Estimated number	30,800	*	13,300	10,800	6,700	*
Percent	2	*	6	2	(1)	*
Youth Work Experience						
Estimated number	177,700	75,500	32,800	40,400	29,000	223,500
Percent	11	49	14	9	4	15
Summer Youth Programs						
Estimated number	848,800	*	*	260,500	588,300	958,100
Percent	54	*	*	58	81	65
Other CETA Programs (total)[2]						
Estimated number	318,400	77,100	99,300	73,800	68,200	291,300
Percent	20	51	41	17	9	20
Classroom Training						
Estimated number	103,300	28,000	28,800	24,600	21,900	90,000
Percent	7	18	12	6	3	6
On-the-Job Training						
Estimated number	43,400	9,200	11,800	11,500	10,800	35,500
Percent	3	6	5	3	2	2

[1] Includes YETP - No Assignment Shown.

[2] Includes No Assignment Shown.

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 2. (continued)

Initial Program Assignment	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
Public Service Employment (total)[3]						
Estimated number	127,900	38,100	46,800	26,900	24,000	*
Percent	8	20	20	6	3	*
PSE Sustainment						
Estimated number	59,500	15,600	20,200	13,400	10,400	50,500
Percent	4	10	8	3	1	3
PSE Nonsustainment						
Estimated number	67,600	14,400	26,000	13,500	13,600	*
Percent	4	9	11	3	2	*
Direct Referral						
Estimated number	30,400	5,800	8,100	8,200	8,300	26,700
Percent	2	(4)	3	2	1	2

[3] Includes PSE Unknown.

Table 3. Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by title of funding: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled during FY 1978 and FY 1977

Title of Funding	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
Estimated Total New Enrollees	1,567,300	152,600	239,900	447,600	727,200	1,472,800
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100
Title I	24	79	35	22	10	33
Title II	1	(4)	(3)	(1)	-	2
Title III	67	-	45	71	86	61
Title VI	7	17	17	6	3	5

Table 4. Distribution of enrollees by level of satisfaction with CETA and by initial program assignment: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled during FY 1978

Initial Program Assignment	Estimated Total New Enrollees	Percent	Level of Satisfaction			
			Very Satisfied	Satisfied	Dissatisfied	Very Dissatisfied
CETA Programs Serving Youth (total)	1,567,300	100	22	69	7	2
Nonsummer Youth Programs (total)	400,100	100	21	68	8	2
YEDPA (total)	222,400	100	21	66	9	3
YETP (total)[1]	191,600	100	23	66	8	3
YETP - Classroom Training	33,200	100	25	60	10	4
YETP - On-the-Job Training	(7,300)	(100)	(19)	(67)	(10)	(3)
YETP - Work Experience	136,300	100	22	68	7	2
YCCIP	30,800	100	14	67	14	5
Youth Work Experience	177,700	100	20	71	7	2
Summer Youth Programs	848,800	100	20	72	6	2
Other CETA Programs (total)[2]	318,400	100	24	62	11	3
Classroom Training	103,300	100	27	60	10	3
On-the-Job Training	43,400	100	24	63	9	4
Public Service Employment (total)[3]	127,900	100	22	63	11	4
PSE Sustainment	59,500	100	23	64	10	3
PSE Nonsustainment	67,600	100	21	62	13	4
Direct Referral	30,400	100	20	57	18	5

[1] Includes YETP - No Assignment Shown.

[2] Includes No Assignment Shown.

[3] Includes PSE Unknown.

Table 5. Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in CETA programs serving youth (total) during FY 1978 and FY 1977

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
Estimated Total New Enrollees	1,567,300	152,600	239,900	447,600	727,200	1,472,800
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100
PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Sex						
Male	52	52	56	53	49	53
Female	48	48	44	47	51	47
Age at Entry						
15 and younger	25	14	7	25	33	26
16-17	35	27	35	33	38	37
18-19	25	31	34	28	20	22
20	8	14	12	8	5	8
21	7	14	13	6	4	5
22 and older	1	-	-	(1)	(1)	(1)
Minority Status						
White, excluding Hispanic	41	51	49	53	29	42
Black, excluding Hispanic	43	34	37	35	52	43
Hispanic	11	12	11	8	13	11
Other	4	(3)	(5)	4	6	4
Education at Entry						
8th grade or less	15	12	9	16	17	13
9th-11th grade	57	49	51	54	62	60
12th or equivalent	21	31	33	20	16	20
Beyond high school	7	(8)	(6)	9	5	7
School Status at Entry						
In school	70	46	44	70	83	76
Out of school	30	54	56	30	17	24
Veteran Status at Entry						
Special	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vietnam era	1	(2)	(2)	-	-	(1)
Other veteran	2	(3)	(3)	(2)	(2)	(1)
Nonveteran	97	95	95	98	98	98
Head of Family Status at Entry						
Head of family						
1 person	8	10	12	7	6	4
2 persons or more	8	13	11	7	6	8
Not head of family	85	76	77	86	88	88
Family Size at Entry						
1	8	10	12	8	6	8
2	9	13	10	9	7	8
3-6	58	56	57	56	60	60
7 or more	26	21	21	27	27	23
Dependents at Entry						
0	89	82	83	90	92	84
1	8	13	10	8	6	10
2-3	3	(5)	(6)	(2)	(2)	4
4 or more	-	-	-	-	-	3
Employment Barrier(s) at Entry						
Physical/Health	5	(7)	7	5	4	5
Criminal record	3	(4)	(3)	(2)	(2)	2
Limited English	2	(2)	(2)	(2)	3	3
None of the above	90	88	89	91	91	91
Other barrier(s)	9	(8)	8	11	8	8

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 5. (Continued)

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
ECONOMIC BACKGROUND CHARACTERISTICS						
Primary Wage Earner at Entry						
Yes	15	25	23	16	10	15
No	85	75	77	84	90	85
Pre-Enrollment Economic Status						
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level						
Yes	78	74	75	77	80	*
No	22	26	25	23	20	*
At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	86	83	84	86	86	*
No	14	17	16	14	14	*
At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	80	78	79	82	81	*
No	20	22	21	18	19	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	89	86	86	89	90	*
No	11	14	14	11	10	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	85	82	82	86	86	*
No	15	18	18	14	14	*
Family Receiving Public Benefit(s) at Entry						
AFDC	22	20	18	20	25	25
Supplemental Security Income	5	(5)	(6)	5	5	6
Other public assistance	7	(6)	(6)	6	8	3
Food stamps	25	22	21	23	29	27
Housing assistance	13	10	10	10	16	13
Not receiving benefits	57	62	64	59	51	63
Enrollee Receiving Unemployment Insurance During Week Before Entry						
Yes	1	(4)	(2)	(1)	-	*
No	99	96	98	99	100	*
Annual Family Income Year Prior to Entry						
Less than $1,000	6	(6)	7	6	5	7
$1,000-1,999	4	(6)	(6)	6	3	6
$2,000-2,999	7	10	9	7	5	10
$3,000-3,999	11	11	10	9	13	10
$4,000-5,999	21	18	19	22	21	21
$6,000-7,499	12	13	12	11	14	12
$7,500-9,999	14	12	12	15	15	11
$10,000-14,999	15	14	14	16	15	16
$15,000 or more	10	11	12	9	10	8
Enrollee Earnings Year Prior to Entry						
No earnings	44	27	37	40	53	46
$0.01- 999	31	31	25	34	31	31
$1,000-1,999	10	17	14	12	7	10
$2,000-3,999	9	14	15	8	6	8
$4,000-5,999	4	(7)	(6)	4	3	4
$6,000-7,999	1	(2)	(2)	(1)	(1)	(1)
$8,000 or more	1	(1)	(1)	(1)	-	-

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 5. (Continued)

Selected Characteristics	Enrollment Period FY 1978	Quarters of FY 1978 Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
PRE-CETA YEAR EXPERIENCE						
Education and School Status at Entry						
Less than 12 years						
In school						
8th grade or less	12	(8)	(5)	13	15	11
9th-11th grade	45	32	28	42	55	51
Out of school						
8th grade or less	3	(4)	(4)	4	(2)	2
9th-11th grade	12	17	22	13	7	9
12 years or more						
In school	13	(6)	11	16	13	14
Out of school	15	33	29	13	8	13
Labor Force Status at Entry						
Employed	14	13	14	13	16	13
Employed and in school	1	(2)	(1)	-	(1)	-
In school and employed	3	(9)	(4)	(2)	(2)	2
Unemployed	40	30	32	44	43	44
In school or training	31	40	41	31	27	32
In armed forces	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other out of labor force	10	(6)	8	9	12	9
School or Training Status at Selected Pre-CETA Time Points						
In school or training at:						
12 months prior	34	63	59	23	26	28
9 months prior	67	61	43	62	80	72
6 months prior	68	52	27	74	82	74
3 months prior	66	16	49	72	79	70
1 month prior	60	44	46	67	63	64
Day prior to entry	34	48	45	33	28	34
Not in school or training at:						
12 months prior	66	37	41	77	74	72
9 months prior	33	39	57	38	20	28
6 months prior	32	48	73	26	18	26
3 months prior	34	84	51	28	21	30
1 month prior	40	56	54	33	37	36
Day prior to entry	66	52	55	67	72	66
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year						
Predominantly employed (>90% of time)	3	(6)	(4)	(3)	(2)	3
Predominantly unemployed (>50% of time)	11	14	21	11	8	11
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	9	15	15	9	6	10
Predominantly not in labor force (>50% of time)	70	56	50	71	80	71
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	6	(9)	10	6	4	-
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category						
Employed	15	22	20	15	11	13
Employed and in school	2	3	2	2	1	2
In school and employed	12	16	14	13	9	12
Unemployed	16	19	25	16	13	16
In school or training	46	30	28	44	57	48
In armed forces	1	1	1	1	-	-
Other out of labor force	[illegible]	8	9	10	9	9

Table 6. Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in nonsummer youth programs (total) during FY 1978 and FY 1977

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
Estimated Total New Enrollees	400,100	75,500	140,700	113,200	70,700	223,500
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100
PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Sex						
Male	52	47	51	54	54	51
Female	48	53	49	46	46	49
Age at Entry						
15 and younger	14	28	11	11	12	19
16-17	47	45	54	41	45	40
18-19	28	20	27	33	30	28
20	7	(4)	(5)	10	(8)	8
21	4	(3)	(3)	(4)	(4)	4
22 and older	-	-	-	(1)	-	-
Minority Status						
White, excluding Hispanic	48	47	44	55	46	47
Black, excluding Hispanic	37	36	40	33	41	39
Hispanic	11	13	12	9	(10)	12
Other	4	(3)	(4)	(4)	(2)	(2)
Education at Entry						
8th grade or less	13	19	11	10	15	12
9th-11th grade	62	67	63	62	55	62
12th or equivalent	21	12	23	22	24	19
Beyond high school	4	(2)	(3)	(6)	(5)	7
School Status at Entry						
In school	66	79	67	60	61	68
Out of school	34	21	33	40	39	32
Veteran Status at Entry						
Special	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vietnam era	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
Other veteran	2	(1)	(2)	(1)	(3)	(1)
Nonveteran	98	99	98	98	97	98
Head of Family Status at Entry						
Head of family						
1 person	8	(5)	8	10	(8)	9
2 persons or more	8	(8)	6	7	11	4
Not head of family	85	87	86	84	82	87
Family Size at Entry						
1	8	(5)	8	10	(8)	9
2	9	(8)	8	9	11	8
3-6	59	60	58	60	60	60
7 or more	24	26	26	21	21	23
Dependents at Entry						
0	89	90	88	90	87	80
1	8	(8)	8	8	11	12
2-3	2	(1)	(3)	(2)	(2)	3
4 or more	-	(1)	-	-	-	4
Employment Barrier(s) at Entry						
Physical/Health	5	(5)	(5)	(5)	(6)	5
Criminal record	3	(3)	(3)	(4)	(3)	4
Limited English	2	(2)	(2)	(1)	(4)	(1)
None of the above	90	92	90	90	88	90
Other barrier(s)	9	(8)	8	8	11	10

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 6. (Continued)

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
ECONOMIC BACKGROUND CHARACTERISTICS						
Primary Wage Earner at Entry						
Yes	16	15	16	16	18	21
No	84	85	84	84	82	79
Pre-Enrollment Economic Status						
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level						
Yes	78	82	80	76	73	*
No	22	18	20	24	27	*
At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	87	92	90	86	77	*
No	13	(8)	10	14	23	*
At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	81	86	84	82	68	*
No	19	14	16	18	32	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	90	95	91	89	86	*
No	10	(5)	9	11	14	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	86	91	86	85	79	*
No	14	(9)	14	15	21	*
Family Receiving Public Benefit(s) at Entry						
AFDC	21	27	21	18	21	25
Supplemental Security Income	6	(6)	6	(5)	(7)	6
Other public assistance	6	(8)	6	7	(4)	6
Food stamps	26	32	26	24	22	24
Housing assistance	11	12	12	9	(9)	12
Not receiving benefits	58	50	58	62	60	54
Enrollee Receiving Unemployment Insurance During Week Before Entry						
Yes	2	-	-	(2)	-	*
No	99	100	100	98	100	*
Annual Family Income Year Prior to Entry						
Less than $1,000	7	(4)	8	7	(8)	7
$1,000-1,999	5	(4)	(5)	7	(3)	5
$2,000-2,999	7	(8)	8	(6)	(6)	11
$3,000-3,999	11	13	10	11	(10)	9
$4,000-5,999	20	22	21	21	18	22
$6,000-7,499	13	15	13	11	16	11
$7,500-9,999	14	15	14	13	14	11
$10,000-14,999	14	12	13	15	15	15
$15,000 or more	9	(6)	9	10	(10)	9
Enrollee Earnings Year Prior to Entry						
No earnings	38	28	43	38	39	39
$0.01- 999	33	45	29	30	32	32
$1,000-1,999	15	17	14	18	12	14
$2,000-3,999	10	(7)	10	11	(10)	10
$4,000-5,999	3	(2)	(3)	(3)	(5)	4
$6,000-7,999	(1)	-	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
$8,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	(1)

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 6. (Continued)

Selected Characteristics	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
PRE-CETA YEAR EXPERIENCE						
Education and School Status at Entry						
Less than 12 years						
In school						
8th grade or less	9	17	8	(5)	(9)	10
9th-11th grade	45	58	45	41	39	47
Out of school						
8th grade or less	4	(2)	(4)	(4)	(6)	(2)
9th-11th grade	17	(8)	18	21	16	14
12 years or more						
In school	12	(4)	14	14	13	11
Out of school	13	10	12	14	16	15
Labor Force Status at Entry						
Employed	12	(5)	11	12	18	10
Employed and in school	(1)	(2)	(1)	(1)	(2)	(1)
In school and employed	7	16	7	(4)	(3)	7
Unemployed	24	10	17	32	38	26
In school or training	50	64	60	46	25	52
In armed forces	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other out of labor force	6	(3)	(5)	(5)	14	4
School or Training Status at Selected Pre-CETA Time Points						
In school or training at:						
12 months prior	64	88	77	51	35	65
9 months prior	57	86	55	32	68	64
6 months prior	58	78	37	66	66	61
3 months prior	54	20	70	65	42	46
1 month prior	58	71	68	61	21	52
Day prior to entry	57	80	66	50	27	58
Not in school or training at:						
12 months prior	36	12	23	49	65	35
9 months prior	43	14	45	68	32	36
6 months prior	42	22	63	34	34	39
3 months prior	46	80	30	35	58	54
1 month prior	42	29	32	39	79	48
Day prior to entry	43	20	34	50	73	42
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year						
Predominantly employed (>90% of time)	3	(2)	(3)	(3)	(4)	5
Predominantly unemployed (≥50% of time)	12	(5)	12	15	14	12
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	10	(8)	12	8	(8)	11
Predominantly not in labor force (≥50% of time)	69	81	67	64	67	67
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	7	(4)	6	9	(6)	6
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category						
Employed	16	14	15	18	15	17
Employed and in school	2	2	2	2	3	(2)
In school and employed	19	25	20	17	11	21
Unemployed	16	10	16	19	19	17
In school or training	38	42	37	34	41	36
In armed forces	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other out of labor force	9	7	9	9	11	9

Table 7. Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in YEDPA programs in CLMS (total) during FY 1978 and FY 1977

Selected Characteristics	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
Estimated Total New Enrollees	222,400	*	107,900	72,800	41,700	*
Percent	100	*	100	100	100	*
PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Sex						
Male	52	*	52	53	53	*
Female	48	*	48	47	47	*
Age at Entry						
15 and younger	8	*	(6)	(10)	(8)	*
16-17	54	*	59	50	50	*
18-19	29	*	27	31	29	*
20	5	*	(4)	(5)	(7)	*
21	(3)	*	(3)	(3)	(5)	*
22 and older	(1)	*	-	(1)	(1)	*
Minority Status						
White, excluding Hispanic	46	*	42	51	46	*
Black, excluding Hispanic	39	*	42	35	37	*
Hispanic	12	*	12	11	(13)	*
Other	4	*	(4)	(3)	(4)	*
Education at Entry						
8th grade or less	10	*	10	(9)	(11)	*
9th-11th grade	65	*	63	68	62	*
12th or equivalent	23	*	25	19	24	*
Beyond high school	(3)	*	(2)	(3)	(4)	*
School Status at Entry						
In school	65	*	68	62	62	*
Out of school	35	*	32	38	38	*
Veteran Status at Entry						
Special	-	*	-	-	-	*
Vietnam era	-	*	-	-	-	*
Other veteran	(2)	*	(2)	(2)	(2)	*
Nonveteran	98	*	98	98	97	*
Head of Family Status at Entry						
Head of family						
1 person	8	*	7	(7)	(11)	*
2 persons or more	7	*	(6)	(7)	(9)	*
Not head of family	85	*	87	86	81	*
Family Size at Entry						
1	8	*	8	(8)	(11)	*
2	9	*	7	(10)	(11)	*
3-6	58	*	58	59	57	*
7 or more	25	*	27	24	20	*
Dependents at Entry						
0	89	*	89	87	87	*
1	8	*	7	10	(9)	*
2-3	(3)	*	(3)	(2)	(4)	*
4 or more	-	*	-	-	-	*
Employment Barrier(s) at Entry						
Physical/Health	6	*	(5)	(6)	(7)	*
Criminal record	4	*	(3)	(4)	(5)	*
Limited English	(2)	*	(2)	(2)	(2)	*
None of the above	90	*	91	89	87	*
Other barrier(s)	8	*	7	(8)	(11)	*

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 7. (Continued)

Selected Characteristics	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
ECONOMIC BACKGROUND CHARACTERISTICS						
Primary Wage Earner at Entry						
Yes	16	*	15	14	19	*
No	84	*	85	86	81	*
Pre-Enrollment Economic Status						
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level						
Yes	78	*	80	76	76	*
No	22	*	20	24	24	*
At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	88	*	91	87	85	*
No	12	*	9	13	(15)	*
At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	82	*	84	82	78	*
No	18	*	16	18	22	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	90	*	92	89	87	*
No	10	*	8	11	(13)	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	86	*	87	86	82	*
No	14	*	13	14	18	*
Family Receiving Public Benefit(s) at Entry						
AFDC	20	*	20	20	18	*
Supplemental Security Income	6	*	(6)	(5)	(5)	*
Other public assistance	7	*	7	(7)	(4)	*
Food stamps	25	*	27	24	22	*
Housing assistance	12	*	12	(10)	(14)	*
Not receiving benefits	58	*	57	38	62	*
Enrollee Receiving Unemployment Insurance During Week Before Entry						
Yes	-	*	-	(1)	-	*
No	100	*	100	99	100	*
Annual Family Income Year Prior to Entry						
Less than $1,000	8	*	8	(6)	(9)	*
$1,000-1,999	5	*	(5)	(6)	(5)	*
$2,000-2,999	6	*	(6)	(5)	(6)	*
$3,000-3,999	10	*	10	(10)	(8)	*
$4,000-5,999	20	*	21	19	18	*
$6,000-7,499	13	*	12	14	(14)	*
$7,500-9,999	14	*	15	13	(14)	*
$10,000-14,999	15	*	13	18	(15)	*
$15,000 or more	9	*	9	(9)	(11)	*
Enrollee Earnings Year Prior to Entry						
No earnings	43	*	45	42	41	*
$0.01- 999	28	*	27	29	27	*
$1,000-1,999	14	*	13	14	(16)	*
$2,000-3,999	10	*	10	11	(10)	*
$4,000-5,999	(3)	*	(3)	(3)	(4)	*
$6,000-7,999	(1)	*	(1)	(1)	(2)	*
$8,000 or more	-	*	-	-	(1)	*

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 7. (Continued)

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
PRE-CETA YEAR EXPERIENCE						
Education and School Status at Entry						
Less than 12 years						
In school						
8th grade or less	5	*	(6)	(4)	(6)	*
9th-11th grade	44	*	45	45	42	*
Out of school						
8th grade or less	4	*	(4)	(5)	(5)	*
9th-11th grade	20	*	18	24	20	*
12 years or more						
In school	15	*	17	13	(15)	*
Out of school	11	*	10	(10)	(13)	*
Labor Force Status at Entry						
Employed	14	*	11	13	19	*
Employed and in school	(1)	*	(1)	(1)	(1)	*
In school and employed	5	*	(6)	(4)	(3)	*
Unemployed	24	*	16	29	39	*
In school or training	49	*	61	45	24	*
In armed forces	-	*	-	-	-	*
Other out of labor force	7	*	(5)	(7)	(15)	*
School or Training Status at Selected Pre-CETA Time Points						
In school or training at:						
12 months prior	61	*	77	54	31	*
9 months prior	49	*	53	32	68	*
6 months prior	53	*	39	66	65	*
3 months prior	64	*	70	63	50	*
1 month prior	58	*	68	60	26	*
Day prior to entry	54	*	67	49	26	*
Not in school or training at:						
12 months prior	39	*	23	46	69	*
9 months prior	51	*	47	68	32	*
6 months prior	47	*	61	34	35	*
3 months prior	36	*	30	37	50	*
1 month prior	42	*	32	40	74	*
Day prior to entry	46	*	33	51	74	*
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year						
Predominantly employed (≥90% of time)	(3)	*	(3)	(3)	(3)	*
Predominantly unemployed (≥50% of time)	13	*	12	16	(14)	*
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	11	*	12	(10)	(10)	*
Predominantly not in labor force (≥50% of time)	66	*	67	64	68	*
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	7	*	7	(7)	(6)	*
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category						
Employed	15	*	15	15	14	*
Employed and in school	2	*	2	3	3	*
In school and employed	16	*	18	14	13	*
Unemployed	18	*	16	20	19	*
In school or training	39	*	39	39	39	*
In armed forces	-	*	-	-	-	*
Other out of labor force	10	*	9	10	11	*

Table 8. Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in YETP (total) during FY 1978 and FY 1977

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
Estimated Total New Enrollees [1]	191,600	*	94,600	62,000	35,000	*
Percent	100	*	100	100	100	*
PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Sex						
Male	49	*	48	49	49	*
Female	51	*	52	51	51	*
Age at Entry						
15 and younger	9	*	(7)	(12)	(10)	*
16-17	55	*	61	51	48	*
18-19	26	*	24	28	28	*
20	6	*	(5)	(5)	(8)	*
21	4	*	(3)	(4)	(6)	*
22 and older	(1)	*	-	(1)	(1)	*
Minority Status						
White, excluding Hispanic	46	*	42	51	46	*
Black, excluding Hispanic	39	*	43	35	37	*
Hispanic	11	*	11	(11)	(14)	*
Other	4		(4)	(3)	(4)	*
Education at Entry						
8th grade or less	10	*	9	(9)	(11)	*
9th-11th grade	65	*	64	68	61	*
12th or equivalent	23	*	25	20	24	*
Beyond high school	(3)	*	(2)	(3)	(4)	*
School Status at Entry						
In school	69	*	73	66	64	*
Out of school	31	*	27	34	36	*
Veteran Status at Entry						
Special	-	*	-	-	-	*
Vietnam era	-	*	-	-	-	*
Other veteran	(2)	*	(1)	(2)	(2)	*
Nonveteran	98	*	99	98	97	*
Head of Family Status at Entry						
Head of family						
1 person	8	*	(7)	(7)	(11)	*
2 persons or more	7	*	(6)	(7)	(9)	*
Not head of family	86	*	87	86	80	*
Family Size at Entry						
1	8	*	8	(8)	(11)	*
2	8	*	(7)	(10)	(11)	*
3-6	58	*	58	60	58	*
7 or more	25	*	28	23	(20)	*
Dependents at Entry						
0	90	*	91	89	88	*
1	8	*	(7)	(9)	(9)	*
2-3	(2)	*	(2)	(1)	(3)	*
4 or more	-	*	-	-	-	*
Employment Barrier(s) at Entry						
Physical/Health	6	*	(5)	(6)	(7)	*
Criminal record	(3)	*	(3)	(3)	(5)	*
Limited English	(2)	*	(2)	(2)	(2)	*
None of the above	90	*	91	90	87	*
Other barrier(s)	8	*	(7)	(8)	(10)	*

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[1] Includes enrollees in YETP - no assignment shown.

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 8. (Continued)

Selected Characteristics	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
ECONOMIC BACKGROUND CHARACTERISTICS						
Primary Wage Earner at Entry						
Yes	15	*	14	14	(19)	*
No	85	*	86	86	81	*
Pre-Enrollment Economic Status						
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level						
Yes	79	*	82	76	75	*
No	21	*	18	24	25	*
At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	89	*	91	88	85	*
No	11	*	9	(12)	(15)	*
At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	83	*	86	83	77	*
No	17	*	14	18	23	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	91	*	93	90	87	*
No	9	*	(7)	(10)	(13)	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	86	*	88	86	81	*
No	14	*	12	14	(18)	*
Family Receiving Public Benefit(s) at Entry						
AFDC	20	*	21	20	(17)	*
Supplemental Security Income	6	*	(6)	(5)	(5)	*
Other public assistance	7	*	(7)	(8)	(4)	*
Food stamps	25	*	27	24	22	*
Housing assistance	12	*	13	(10)	(15)	*
Not receiving benefits	58	*	56	58	62	*
Enrollee Receiving Unemployment Insurance During Week Before Entry						
Yes	-	*	-	(1)	-	*
No	100	*	100	99	100	*
Annual Family Income Year Prior to Entry						
Less than $1,000	8	*	8	(6)	(9)	*
$1,000-1,999	5	*	(5)	(6)	(5)	*
$2,000-2,999	6	*	(6)	(5)	(6)	*
$3,000-3,999	10	*	11	(10)	(8)	*
$4,000-5,999	20	*	21	19	(16)	*
$6,000-7,499	14	*	12	15	(14)	*
$7,500-9,999	14	*	15	13	(14)	*
$10,000-14,999	15	*	14	17	(16)	*
$15,000 or more	8	*	8	(8)	(11)	*
Enrollee Earnings Year Prior to Entry						
No earnings	44	*	47	43	42	*
$0.01- 999	28	*	27	29	27	*
$1,000-1,999	14	*	13	14	(16)	*
$2,000-3,999	10	*	10	(10)	(9)	*
$4,000-5,999	(3)	*	(3)	(3)	(4)	*
$6,000-7,999	(1)	*	-	(1)	(2)	*
$8,000 or more	-	*	-	-	-	*

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 8. (Continued)

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
PRE-CETA YEAR EXPERIENCE						
Education and School Status at Entry						
Less than 12 years						
In school						
8th grade or less	6	*	(6)	(4)	(6)	*
9th-11th grade	47	*	49	48	42	*
Out of school						
8th grade or less	4	*	(3)	(4)	(5)	*
9th-11th grade	17	*	15	20	(19)	*
12 years or more						
In school	16	*	18	14	(15)	*
Out of school	10	*	9	(9)	(13)	*
Labor Force Status at Entry						
Employed	12	*	10	(12)	(19)	*
Employed and in school	(1)	*	(1)	(1)	(1)	*
In school and employed	5	*	(6)	(5)	(3)	*
Unemployed	21	*	12	26	36	*
In school or training	53	*	66	48	26	*
In armed forces	-	*	-	-	-	*
Other out of labor force	7	*	(5)	(7)	(15)	*
School or Training Status at Selected Pre-CETA Time Points						
In school or training at:						
12 months prior	64	*	80	57	34	*
9 months prior	50	*	56	32	68	*
6 months prior	55	*	41	70	66	*
3 months prior	68	*	75	67	50	*
1 month prior	62	*	73	64	27	*
Day prior to entry	58	*	72	53	29	*
Not in school or training at:						
12 months prior	36	*	20	43	66	*
9 months prior	50	*	44	68	32	*
6 months prior	45	*	59	30	34	*
3 months prior	32	*	25	33	50	*
1 month prior	38	*	27	36	73	*
Day prior to entry	42	*	28	47	71	*
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year						
Predominantly employed (>90% of time)	(3)	*	(3)	(2)	(2)	*
Predominantly unemployed (>50% of time)	11	*	10	13	(13)	*
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	10	*	11	(9)	(10)	*
Predominantly not in labor force (>50% of time)	70	*	71	68	69	*
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	6	*	(6)	(7)	(5)	*
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category						
Employed	14	*	14	14	14	*
Employed and in school	2	*	2	3	3	*
In school and employed	17	*	20	15	13	*
Unemployed	16	*	14	18	19	*
In school or training	40	*	41	40	40	*
In armed forces	-	*	-	-	-	*
Other out of labor force	10	*	9	10	11	*

Table 9. Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in YETP classroom training during FY 1978 and FY 1977

Selected Characteristics	Enrollment Period					
	FY 1978	Quarters of FY 1978				Prior Year FY 1977
		Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	
Estimated Total New Enrollees	33,200	*	12,200	12,700	8,300	*
Percent	100	*	100	100	100	*
PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Sex						
Male	45	*	(45)	(46)	(42)	*
Female	55	*	(55)	(54)	(58)	*
Age at Entry						
15 and younger	(8)	*	(4)	(12)	(7)	*
16-17	40	*	(44)	(37)	(39)	*
18-19	34	*	(32)	(35)	(34)	*
20	(13)	*	(15)	(10)	(14)	*
21	(6)	*	(5)	(6)	(7)	*
22 and older	-	*	-	-	-	*
Minority Status						
White, excluding Hispanic	44	*	(46)	(44)	(39)	*
Black, excluding Hispanic	44	*	(44)	(44)	(43)	*
Hispanic	(11)	*	(9)	(10)	(15)	*
Other	(2)	*	(1)	(3)	(3)	*
Education at Entry						
8th grade or less	(12)	*	(12)	(13)	(12)	*
9th-11th grade	61	*	(60)	(59)	(65)	*
12th or equivalent	23	*	(25)	(22)	(20)	*
Beyond high school	(4)	*	(3)	(6)	(2)	*
School Status at Entry						
In school	45	*	(40)	(51)	(43)	*
Out of school	55	*	(60)	(49)	(57)	*
Veteran Status at Entry						
Special	-	*	-	-	-	*
Vietnam era	-	*	-	-	-	*
Other veteran	(2)	*	(2)	(1)	(4)	*
Nonveteran	98	*	98	99	96	*
Head of Family Status at Entry						
Head of family						
1 person	(9)	*	(10)	(9)	(9)	*
2 persons or more	(11)	*	(9)	(11)	(14)	*
Not head of family	80	*	81	80	(76)	*
Family Size at Entry						
1	(10)	*	(10)	(9)	(10)	*
2	(12)	*	(11)	(10)	(18)	*
3-6	56	*	(56)	(55)	(57)	*
7 or more	(22)	*	(24)	(26)	(15)	*
Dependents at Entry						
0	79	*	76	85	(74)	*
1	(15)	*	(18)	(11)	(17)	*
2-3	(6)	*	(7)	(4)	(8)	*
4 or more	-	*	-	-	-	*
Employment Barrier(s) at Entry						
Physical/Health	(9)	*	(9)	(8)	(8)	*
Criminal record	(4)	*	(2)	(5)	(4)	*
Limited English	(2)	*	(2)	(2)	(3)	*
None of the above	86	*	86	86	(84)	*
Other barrier(s)	(12)	*	(10)	(13)	(13)	*

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 9. (Continued)

Selected Characteristics	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
ECONOMIC BACKGROUND CHARACTERISTICS						
Primary Wage Earner at Entry						
Yes	(20)	*	(18)	(19)	(22)	*
No	80	*	82	81	(78)	*
Pre-Enrollment Economic Status						
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level						
Yes	76	*	76	76	(77)	*
No	24	*	(24)	(24)	(23)	*
At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	88	*	91	89	(84)	*
No	(12)	*	(9)	(11)	(16)	*
At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	83	*	87	83	(80)	*
No	(16)	*	(13)	(17)	(20)	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	89	*	92	90	(85)	*
No	(11)	*	(8)	(10)	(15)	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	85	*	88	86	(81)	*
No	(15)	*	(12)	(14)	(19)	*
Family Receiving Public Benefit(s) at Entry						
AFDC	(20)	*	(19)	(20)	(22)	*
Supplemental Security Income	(5)	*	(4)	(4)	(6)	*
Other public assistance	(5)	*	(5)	(4)	(5)	*
Food stamps	26	*	(26)	(25)	(28)	*
Housing assistance	(14)	*	(13)	(14)	(15)	*
Not receiving benefits	56	*	(58)	(56)	(54)	*
Enrollee Receiving Unemployment Insurance During Week Before Entry						
Yes	-	*	-	-	-	*
No	100	*	100	100	100	*
Annual Family Income Year Prior to Entry						
Less than $1,000	(10)	*	(10)	(8)	(13)	*
$1,000-1,999	(8)	*	(8)	(9)	(6)	*
$2,000-2,999	(8)	*	(6)	(7)	(11)	*
$3,000-3,999	(8)	*	[illegible]	(11)	(6)	*
$4,000-5,999	(18)	*	[illegible]	(14)	(16)	*
$6,000-7,499	(14)	*	[illegible]	(15)	(10)	*
$7,500-9,999	(13)	*	[illegible]	(12)	(15)	*
$10,000-14,999	(13)	*	[illegible]	(16)	(16)	*
$15,000 or more	(8)	*	[illegible]	(7)	(8)	*
Enrollee Earnings Year Prior to Entry						
No earnings	46	*	(45)	(46)	(48)	*
$0.01- 999	(21)	*	(19)	(23)	(22)	*
$1,000-1,999	(14)	*	(15)	(13)	(14)	*
$2,000-3,999	(13)	*	(15)	(12)	(14)	*
$4,000-5,999	(5)	*	(7)	(4)	(3)	*
$6,000-7,999	(1)	*	-	(2)	-	*
$8,000 or more	-	*	-	-	-	*

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 9. (Continued)

Selected Characteristics	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
PRE-CETA YEAR EXPERIENCE						
Education and School Status at Entry						
Less than 12 years						
In school						
8th grade or less	(5)	*	(6)	(4)	(3)	*
9th-11th grade	31	*	(27)	(34)	(33)	*
Out of school						
8th grade or less	(8)	*	(7)	(8)	(8)	*
9th-11th grade	30	*	(33)	(26)	(32)	*
12 years or more						
In school	(10)	*	(8)	(13)	(7)	*
Out of school	(17)	*	(20)	(14)	(16)	*
Labor Force Status at Entry						
Employed	(11)	*	(10)	(10)	(14)	*
Employed and in school	(1)	*	(1)	(1)	(2)	*
In school and employed	(4)	*	(4)	(4)	(2)	*
Unemployed	32	*	(30)	(33)	(35)	*
In school or training	34	*	(37)	(38)	(26)	*
In armed forces	-	*	-	-	(1)	*
Other out of labor force	(18)	*	(18)	(15)	(21)	*
School or Training Status at Selected Pre-CETA Time Points						
In school or training at:						
12 months prior	46	*	(53)	(47)	(35)	*
9 months prior	37	*	(29)	(32)	(57)	*
6 months prior	45	*	(31)	(56)	(50)	*
3 months prior	42	*	(42)	(50)	(32)	*
1 month prior	37	*	(38)	(49)	(15)	*
Day prior to entry	38	*	(41)	(41)	(28)	*
Not in school or training at:						
12 months prior	54	*	(47)	(53)	(65)	*
9 months prior	63	*	71	68	(43)	*
6 months prior	55	*	69	(44)	(50)	*
3 months prior	58	*	(58)	(50)	(68)	*
1 month prior	63	*	(61)	(51)	(85)	*
Day prior to entry	62	*	(59)	(59)	(72)	*
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year						
Predominantly employed (≥90% of time)	(2)	*	(2)	(2)	(1)	*
Predominantly unemployed (≥50% of time)	(20)	*	(22)	(19)	(20)	*
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	(12)	*	(15)	(9)	(13)	*
Predominantly not in labor force (≥50% of time)	57	*	(50)	(59)	(62)	*
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	(8)	*	(10)	(10)	(4)	*
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category						
Employed	16	*	17	16	14	*
Employed and in school	2	*	2	3	1	*
In school and employed	8	*	8	9	9	*
Unemployed	24	*	25	24	25	*
In school or training	32	*	29	36	32	*
In armed forces	1	*	-	1	1	*
Other out of labor force	16	*	18	12	18	*

Table 10. Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in YETP on-the-job training during FY 1978 and FY 1977

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
Estimated Total New Enrollees	(7,300)	*	(1,500)	(3,200)	(2,600)	*
Percent	(100)	*	(100)	(100)	(100)	*
PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Sex						
Male	(58)	*	(72)	(47)	(62)	*
Female	(42)	*	(28)	(53)	(38)	*
Age at Entry						
15 and younger	(4)	*	(5)	(8)	-	*
16-17	(24)	*	(24)	(25)	(21)	*
18-19	(47)	*	(57)	(40)	(49)	*
20	(14)	*	(10)	(13)	(16)	*
21	(10)	*	(5)	(11)	(12)	*
22 and older	(2)	*	-	(2)	(2)	*
Minority Status						
White, excluding Hispanic	(46)	*	(52)	(32)	(60)	*
Black, excluding Hispanic	(39)	*	(38)	(52)	(24)	*
Hispanic	(13)	*	(10)	(12)	(16)	*
Other	(2)	*	-	(4)	-	*
Education at Entry						
8th grade or less	(7)	*	(5)	(7)	(8)	*
9th-11th grade	(46)	*	(60)	(52)	(30)	*
12th or equivalent	(40)	*	(34)	(32)	(53)	*
Beyond high school	(7)	*	-	(9)	(9)	*
School Status at Entry						
In school	(51)	*	(48)	(51)	(53)	*
Out of school	(49)	*	(52)	(49)	(47)	*
Veteran Status at Entry						
Special	-	*	-	-	-	*
Vietnam era	-	*	-	-	-	*
Other veteran	(5)	*	(5)	(4)	(6)	*
Nonveteran	(95)	*	(95)	(96)	(94)	*
Head of Family Status at Entry						
Head of family						
1 person	(9)	*	(5)	(7)	(12)	*
2 persons or more	(10)	*	(15)	(2)	(17)	*
Not head of family	(81)	*	(81)	(90)	(71)	*
Family Size at Entry						
1	(9)	*	(10)	(7)	(12)	*
2	(11)	*	(10)	(9)	(13)	*
3-6	(63)	*	(61)	(64)	(61)	*
7 or more	(17)	*	(20)	(19)	(14)	*
Dependents at Entry						
0	(87)	*	(95)	(84)	(84)	*
1	(12)	*	(5)	(16)	(10)	*
2-3	(2)	*	-	-	(5)	*
4 or more	-	*	-	-	-	*
Employment Barrier(s) at Entry						
Physical/Health	(7)	*	(5)	(9)	(6)	*
Criminal record	-	*	-	-	-	*
Limited English	(1)	*	-	(2)	-	*
None of the above	(92)	*	(95)	(88)	(94)	*
Other barrier(s)	(4)	*	(10)	(2)	(3)	*

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 10. (Continued)

Selected Characteristics	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
ECONOMIC BACKGROUND CHARACTERISTICS						
Primary Wage Earner at Entry	(17)	*	(21)	(5)	(30)	*
Yes	(83)	*	(79)	(95)	(70)	*
No						
Pre-Enrollment Economic Status						
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level						
Yes	(65)	*	(76)	(58)	(65)	*
No	(35)	*	(24)	(42)	(35)	*
At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	(74)	*	(86)	(75)	(66)	*
No	(26)	*	(14)	(25)	(34)	*
At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	(69)	*	(82)	(70)	(61)	*
No	(31)	*	(18)	(30)	(39)	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	(79)	*	(91)	(79)	(73)	*
No	(21)	*	(9)	(21)	(27)	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	(76)	*	(86)	(77)	(69)	*
No	(24)	*	(14)	(23)	(31)	*
Family Receiving Public Benefit(s) at Entry						
AFDC	(9)	*	(9)	(11)	(6)	*
Supplemental Security Income	(1)	*	-	(2)	-	*
Other public assistance	(5)	*	(20)	(2)	-	*
Food stamps	(11)	*	(20)	(9)	(8)	*
Housing assistance	(8)	*	(10)	(8)	(8)	*
Not receiving benefits	(76)	*	(61)	(78)	(83)	*
Enrollee Receiving Unemployment Insurance During Week Before Entry						
Yes	(1)	*	-	(2)	-	*
No	(99)	*	(100)	(98)	(100)	*
Annual Family Income Year Prior to Entry						
Less than $1,000	(3)	*	-	(7)	-	*
$1,000-1,999	(3)	*	-	(2)	(6)	*
$2,000-2,999	(6)	*	(10)	(2)	(8)	*
$3,000-3,999	(6)	*	(10)	(7)	(3)	*
$4,000-5,999	(15)	*	(25)	(13)	(11)	*
$6,000-7,499	(15)	*	(10)	(20)	(14)	*
$7,500-9,999	(12)	*	(15)	(12)	(10)	*
$10,000-14,999	(18)	*	(15)	(19)	(26)	*
$15,000 or more	(21)	*	(15)	(17)	(28)	*
Enrollee Earnings Year Prior to Entry						
No earnings	(32)	*	(24)	(40)	(27)	
$0.01- 999	(20)	*	(19)	(21)	(20)	*
$1,000-1,999	(16)	*	(14)	(16)	(17)	*
$2,000-3,999	(16)	*	(24)	(14)	(14)	*
$4,000-5,999	(8)	*	(19)	(4)	(6)	*
$6,000-7,999	(6)	*	-	(5)	(10)	*
$8,000 or more	(2)	*	-	-	(6)	*

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 10. (Continued)

Selected Characteristics	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
PRE-CETA YEAR EXPERIENCE						
Education and School Status at Entry						
Less than 12 years						
In school						
8th grade or less	(2)	*	-	(2)	(3)	*
9th-11th grade	(28)	*	(40)	(34)	(15)	*
Out of school						
8th grade or less	(5)	*	(5)	(4)	(6)	*
9th-11th grade	(17)	*	(20)	(18)	(15)	*
12 years or more						
In school	(22)	*	(10)	(16)	(35)	*
Out of school	(26)	*	(25)	(25)	(27)	*
Labor Force Status at Entry						
Employed	(23)	*	(19)	(18)	(33)	*
Employed and in school	-	*	-	-	-	*
In school and employed	(4)	*	(9)	(2)	(3)	*
Unemployed	(38)	*	(34)	(45)	(32)	*
In school or training	(25)	*	(39)	(31)	(9)	*
In armed forces	-	*	-	-	-	*
Other out of labor force	(10)	*	-	(4)	(23)	*
School or Training Status at Selected Pre-CETA Time Points						
In school or training at:						
12 months prior	(37)	*	(48)	(35)	(34)	*
9 months prior	(44)	*	(34)	(35)	(61)	*
6 months prior	(48)	*	(38)	(49)	(54)	*
3 months prior	(47)	*	(43)	(46)	(50)	*
1 month prior	(38)	*	(48)	(44)	(23)	*
Day prior to entry	(28)	*	(48)	(33)	(12)	*
Not in school or training at:						
12 months prior	(63)	*	(52)	(65)	(66)	*
9 months prior	(56)	*	(66)	(65)	(39)	*
6 months prior	(52)	*	(62)	(51)	(46)	*
3 months prior	(53)	*	(57)	(54)	(50)	*
1 month prior	(62)	*	(52)	(56)	(77)	*
Day prior to entry	(72)	*	(52)	(67)	(88)	*
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year						
Predominantly employed (>90% of time)	(9)	*	(10)	(5)	(15)	*
Predominantly unemployed (≥50% of time)	(15)	*	(19)	(18)	(8)	*
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	(17)	*	(14)	(19)	(16)	*
Predominantly not in labor force (≥50% of time)	(52)	*	(43)	(54)	(55)	*
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	(7)	*	(14)	(5)	(6)	*
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category						
Employed	(22)	*	(35)	(15)	(21)	*
Employed and in school	(5)	*	-	(6)	(6)	*
In school and employed	(16)	*	(15)	(11)	(22)	*
Unemployed	(22)	*	(27)	(25)	(16)	*
In school or training	(25)	*	(22)	(28)	(23)	*
In armed forces	-	*	-	-	-	*
Other out of labor force	(10)	*	(1)	(15)	(11)	*

Table 11. Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in YETP work experience during FY 1978 and FY 1977

Selected Characteristics	Enrollment Period					
	FY 1978	Quarters of FY 1978				Prior Year FY 1977
		Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	
Estimated Total New Enrollees	136,600	*	74,000	40,300	22,300	*
Percent	100		100	100	100	*
PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Sex						
Male	50	*	49	52	49	*
Female	50	*	51	48	51	*
Age at Entry						
15 and younger	10	*	(8)	(13)	(13)	*
16-17	61	*	65	56	55	*
18-19	22	*	22	(23)	(22)	*
20	(4)	*	(3)	(4)	(5)	*
21	(3)	*	(2)	(3)	(4)	*
22 and older	(1)	*	-	(1)	(1)	*
Minority Status						
White, excluding Hispanic	46	*	43	53	45	*
Black, excluding Hispanic	38	*	42	32	37	*
Hispanic	11	*	11	(11)	(13)	*
Other	(4)	*	(4)	(4)	(5)	*
Education at Entry						
8th grade or less	9	*	(9)	(9)	(12)	*
9th-11th grade	67	*	66	72	64	*
12th or equivalent	22	*	24	(17)	(21)	*
Beyond high school	(2)	*	(1)	(2)	(4)	*
School Status at Entry						
In school	76	*	79	71	74	*
Out of school	24	*	21	29	(26)	*
Veteran Status at Entry						
Special	-	*	-	-	-	*
Vietnam era	-	*	-	-	-	*
Other veteran	(1)	*	(1)	(2)	(1)	*
Nonveteran	99	*	99	98	99	*
Head of Family Status at Entry						
Head of family						
1 person	7	*	(6)	(7)	(11)	*
2 persons or more	6	*	(5)	(7)	(6)	*
Not head of family	87	*	89	86	83	*
Family Size at Entry						
1	8	*	(7)	(8)	(11)	*
2	8	*	(6)	(10)	(9)	*
3-6	59	*	58	60	57	*
7 or more	26	*	29	22	(23)	*
Dependents at Entry						
0	93	*	94	91	93	*
1	6	*	(5)	(8)	(5)	*
2-3	(1)	*	(1)	(1)	(2)	*
4 or more	-	*	-	-	-	*
Employment Barrier(s) at Entry						
Physical/Health	(5)	*	(4)	(5)	(6)	*
Criminal record	(4)	*	(3)	(3)	(6)	*
Limited English	(2)	*	(1)	(2)	(2)	*
None of the above	91	*	92	91	87	*
Other barrier(s)	8	*	(7)	(8)	(10)	*

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 11. (Continued)

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
ECONOMIC BACKGROUND CHARACTERISTICS						
Primary Wage Earner at Entry						
Yes	14	*	13	(14)	(17)	*
No	86	*	87	86	83	*
Pre-Enrollment Economic Status						
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level						
Yes	81	*	83	79	77	*
No	19	*	17	21	(23)	*
At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	90	*	91	90	88	*
No	10	*	(9)	(10)	(12)	*
At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	84	*	85	84	79	*
No	16	*	15	(16)	(21)	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	92	*	93	92	91	*
No	8	*	(7)	(8)	(9)	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	87	*	88	88	84	*
No	13	*	12	(12)	(16)	*
Family Receiving Public Benefit(s) at Entry						
AFDC	20	*	21	22	(16)	*
Supplemental Security Income	7	*	(7)	(6)	(5)	*
Other public assistance	8	*	(8)	(9)	(5)	*
Food stamps	26	*	27	26	(22)	*
Housing assistance	12	*	12	(10)	(15)	*
Not receiving benefits	57	*	56	55	62	*
Enrollee Receiving Unemployment Insurance During Week Before Entry						
Yes	-	*	-	(1)	(1)	*
No	100	*	100	99	99	*
Annual Family Income Year Prior to Entry						
Less than $1,000	8	*	(9)	(7)	(9)	*
$1,000-1,999	(5)	*	(5)	(6)	(4)	*
$2,000-2,999	(5)	*	(6)	(4)	(5)	*
$3,000-3,999	10	*	11	(10)	(9)	*
$4,000-5,999	20	*	20	22	(18)	*
$6,000-7,499	14	*	12	(15)	(16)	*
$7,500-9,999	15	*	16	(13)	(13)	*
$10,000-14,999	15	*	15	(16)	(16)	*
$15,000 or more	8	*	(7)	(7)	(9)	*
Enrollee Earnings Year Prior to Entry						
No earnings	44	*	47	41	41	*
$0.01- 999	30	*	29	32	(30)	*
$1,000-1,999	14	*	12	(14)	(17)	*
$2,000-3,999	9	*	(9)	(10)	(7)	*
$4,000-5,999	(2)	*	(2)	(2)	(3)	*
$6,000-7,999	-	*	-	-	(2)	*
$8,000 or more	-	*	-	-	-	*

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 11. (Continued)

Selected Characteristics	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
PRE-CETA YEAR EXPERIENCE						
Education and School Status at Entry						
Less than 12 years						
In school						
8th grade or less	6	*	(7)	(5)	(8)	*
9th-11th grade	52	*	53	53	50	*
Out of school						
8th grade or less	(3)	*	(2)	(4)	(3)	*
9th-11th grade	15	*	13	19	(14)	*
12 years or more						
In school	17	*	19	(13)	(16)	*
Out of school	7	*	(6)	(6)	(9)	*
Labor Force Status at Entry						
Employed	12	*	(10)	(13)	(18)	*
Employed and in school	(1)	*	(1)	(1)	-	*
In school and employed	6	*	(7)	(5)	(3)	*
Unemployed	18	*	(9)	24	38	*
In school or training	58	*	71	51	(30)	*
In armed forces	-	*	-	-	-	*
Other out of labor force	(5)	*	(3)	(5)	(11)	*
School or Training Status at Selected Pre-CETA Time Points						
In school or training at:						
12 months prior	69	*	85	60	34	*
9 months prior	54	*	59	34	75	*
6 months prior	57	*	42	74	75	*
3 months prior	75	*	81	72	59	*
1 month prior	69	*	79	70	(33)	*
Day prior to entry	64	*	78	56	(33)	*
Not in school or training at:						
12 months prior	31	*	15	40	66	*
9 months prior	46	*	41	66	(25)	*
6 months prior	43	*	58	26	(25)	*
3 months prior	25	*	19	28	41	*
1 month prior	31	*	21	30	67	*
Day prior to entry	36	*	22	44	67	*
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year						
Predominantly employed (>90% of time)	(2)	*	(3)	(2)	(2)	*
Predominantly unemployed (≥50% of time)	9	*	(8)	(12)	(10)	*
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	10	*	11	(8)	(8)	*
Predominantly not in labor force (≥50% of time)	73	*	74	71	74	*
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	(5)	*	(5)	(6)	(5)	*
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category						
Employed	13	*	13	14	13	*
Employed and in school	2	*	2	3	2	*
In school and employed	20	*	23	17	14	*
Unemployed	14	*	13	16	16	*
In school or training	42	*	42	42	46	*
In armed forces	-	*	-	-	-	*
Other out of labor force	8	*	8	9	8	*

Table 12. Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in YCCIP during FY 1978 and FY 1977

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
Estimated Total New Enrollees	30,800	*	13,300	10,800	(6,700)	*
Percent	100	*	100	100	(100)	*
PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Sex						
Male	75	*	76	76	(73)	*
Female	25	*	(24)	(24)	(27)	*
Age at Entry						
15 and younger	(2)	*	(2)	(1)	(1)	*
16-17	47	*	(43)	(47)	(57)	*
18-19	48	*	(53)	(50)	(38)	*
20	(2)	*	(1)	(2)	(2)	*
21	(1)	*	(2)	(1)	(1)	*
22 and older	-	*	-	-	-	*
Minority Status						
White, excluding Hispanic	46	*	(42)	(50)	(47)	*
Black, excluding Hispanic	35	*	(33)	(35)	(38)	*
Hispanic	(15)	*	(20)	(12)	(12)	*
Other	(4)	*	(5)	(3)	(3)	*
Education at Entry						
8th grade or less	(11)	*	(12)	(12)	(10)	*
9th-11th grade	65	*	60	70	(66)	*
12th or equivalent	(22)	*	(27)	(16)	(22)	*
Beyond high school	(2)	*	(1)	(2)	(3)	*
School Status at Entry						
In school	37	*	(28)	(38)	(51)	*
Out of school	63	*	72	(62)	(49)	*
Veteran Status at Entry						
Special	-	*	-	-	-	*
Vietnam era	-	*	-	-	(2)	*
Other veteran	(4)	*	(4)	(4)	(3)	*
Nonveteran	96	*	96	96	(96)	*
Head of Family Status at Entry						
Head of family						
1 person	(8)	*	(10)	(7)	(10)	*
2 persons or more	(6)	*	(6)	(7)	(7)	*
Not head of family	85	*	85	86	(83)	*
Family Size at Entry						
1	(9)	*	(9)	(8)	(10)	*
2	(9)	*	(9)	(8)	(10)	*
3-6	58	*	60	(56)	(57)	*
7 or more	(24)	*	(22)	(27)	(22)	*
Dependents at Entry						
0	83	*	80	85	(85)	*
1	(9)	*	(8)	(11)	(10)	*
2-3	(8)	*	(12)	(4)	(4)	*
4 or more	-	*	-	-	-	*
Employment Barrier(s) at Entry						
Physical/Health	(7)	*	(7)	(6)	(6)	*
Criminal record	(6)	*	(5)	(8)	(5)	*
Limited English	(2)	*	(2)	(1)	(1)	*
None of the above	86	*	86	86	(88)	*
Other barrier(s)	(10)	*	(7)	(10)	(13)	*

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 12. (Continued)

Selected Characteristics	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
ECONOMIC BACKGROUND CHARACTERISTICS						
Primary Wage Earner at Entry						
Yes	(18)	*	(18)	(16)	(20)	*
No	82	*	82	84	(80)	*
Pre-Enrollment Economic Status						
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level						
Yes	72	*	69	74	(77)	*
No	28	*	(31)	(26)	(23)	*
At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	85	*	88	83	(83)	*
No	(15)	*	(12)	(17)	(17)	*
At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	77	*	74	79	(80)	*
No	(23)	*	(26)	(21)	(20)	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	88	*	89	87	(87)	*
No	(12)	*	(11)	(13)	(14)	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	81	*	76	84	(84)	*
No	(19)	*	(24)	(16)	(16)	*
Family Receiving Public Benefit(s) at Entry						
AFDC	(20)	*	(18)	(20)	(22)	*
Supplemental Security Income	(6)	*	(7)	(6)	(5)	*
Other public assistance	(5)	*	(4)	(6)	(3)	*
Food stamps	(23)	*	(24)	(20)	(24)	*
Housing assistance	(11)	*	(11)	(10)	(9)	*
Not receiving benefits	64	*	64	(62)	(64)	*
Enrollee Receiving Unemployment Insurance During Week Before Entry						
Yes	(1)	*	(1)	(1)	-	*
No	99	*	99	99	(100)	*
Annual Family Income Year Prior to Entry						
Less than $1,000	(6)	*	(7)	(6)	(6)	*
$1,000-1,999	(5)	*	(4)	(5)	(5)	*
$2,000-2,999	(8)	*	(9)	(7)	(7)	*
$3,000-3,999	(8)	*	(9)	(9)	(6)	*
$4,000-5,999	(20)	*	(22)	(14)	(24)	*
$6,000-7,499	(12)	*	(10)	(11)	(15)	*
$7,500-9,999	(13)	*	(11)	(14)	(14)	*
$10,000-14,999	(14)	*	(11)	(19)	(11)	*
$15,000 or more	(15)	*	(17)	(13)	(13)	
Enrollee Earnings Year Prior to Entry						
No earnings	36	*	(33)	(39)	(37)	*
$0.01- 999	26	*	(25)	(27)	(27)	*
$1,000-1,999	(15)	*	(15)	(16)	(12)	*
$2,000-3,999	(13)	*	(14)	(12)	(13)	*
$4,000-5,999	(6)	*	(4)	(5)	(8)	*
$6,000-7,999	(5)	*	(10)	(1)	(1)	*
$8,000 or more	-	*	-	-	(2)	*

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 12. (Continued)

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
PRE-CETA YEAR EXPERIENCE						
Education and School Status at Entry						
Less than 12 years						
In school						
8th grade or less	(3)	*	(3)	(4)	(1)	*
9th-11th grade	26	*	(19)	(26)	(38)	*
Out of school						
8th grade or less	(8)	*	(8)	(8)	(8)	*
9th-11th grade	39	*	(41)	(44)	(28)	*
12 years or more						
In school	(8)	*	(6)	(8)	(12)	*
Out of school	(16)	*	(22)	(10)	(13)	*
Labor Force Status at Entry						
Employed	(21)	*	(22)	(20)	(21)	*
Employed and in school	(1)	*	(2)	-	-	*
In school and employed	(2)	*	(2)	(2)	-	*
Unemployed	45	*	(40)	(47)	(51)	*
In school or training	(24)	*	(27)	(26)	(14)	*
In armed forces	-	*	-	-	-	*
Other out of labor force	(8)	*	(7)	(5)	(13)	*
School or Training Status at Selected Pre-CETA Time Points						
In school or training at:						
12 months prior	40	*	(56)	(35)	(18)	*
9 months prior	40	*	(38)	(26)	(66)	*
6 months prior	42	*	(27)	(49)	(61)	*
3 months prior	42	*	(35)	(44)	(51)	*
1 month prior	31	*	(31)	(37)	(23)	*
Day prior to entry	25	*	(29)	(28)	(14)	*
Not in school or training at:						
12 months prior	60	*	(44)	(65)	(82)	*
9 months prior	60	*	62	74	(34)	*
6 months prior	58	*	73	(51)	(39)	*
3 months prior	58	*	65	(56)	(49)	*
1 month prior	69	*	69	(63)	(77)	*
Day prior to entry	75	*	71	72	(86)	*
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year						
Predominantly employed (>90% of time)	(4)	*	(4)	(4)	(5)	*
Predominantly unemployed (≥50% of time)	25	*	(25)	(28)	(18)	*
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	(13)	*	(15)	(13)	(9)	*
Predominantly not in labor force (≥50% of time)	45	*	(37)	(45)	(62)	*
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	(13)	*	(18)	(10)	(7)	*
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category						
Employed	21	*	24	19	(18)	*
Employed and in school	2	*	3	2	(2)	*
In school and employed	8	*	6	8	(10)	*
Unemployed	28	*	28	32	(22)	*
In school or training	31	*	29	29	(38)	*
In armed forces	1	*	1	1	-	*
Other out of labor force	10	*	10	9	(10)	*

Table 13. Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in youth work experience during FY 1978 and FY 1977

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
Estimated Total New Enrollees	177,700	75,500	32,800	40,400	29,000	223,500
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100
PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Sex						
Male	51	47	49	56	56	51
Female	49	53	51	44	44	49
Age at Entry						
15 and younger	23	28	26	37	(18)	19
16-17	38	45	36	36	39	40
18-19	27	20	24	21	32	28
20	9	(4)	(9)	(3)	(9)	8
21	(4)	(3)	(5)	(2)	(2)	4
22 and older	-	-	-	(1)	-	-
Minority Status						
White, excluding Hispanic	51	47	50	61	47	47
Black, excluding Hispanic	36	36	34	29	46	39
Hispanic	10	13	(10)	(5)	(7)	12
Other	(4)	(3)	(6)	(5)	-	(2)
Education at Entry						
8th grade or less	17	19	(17)	(11)	(21)	12
9th-11th grade	58	67	61	50	46	62
12th or equivalent	19	12	(16)	29	26	19
Beyond high school	6	(2)	(6)	(11)	(7)	7
School Status at Entry						
In school	68	79	64	58	60	68
Out of school	32	21	37	42	40	32
Veteran Status at Entry						
Special	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vietnam era	-	-	(1)	-	-	(2)
Other veteran	(1)	-	(2)	(1)	(3)	(1)
Nonveteran	99	99	97	99	97	98
Head of Family Status at Entry						
Head of family						
1 person	8	(5)	(10)	(14)	(3)	9
2 persons or more	8	(8)	(7)	(7)	(14)	4
Not head of family	84	87	82	80	82	87
Family Size at Entry						
1	8	(5)	(11)	(14)	(4)	9
2	9	(3)	(9)	(9)	(10)	8
3-6	60	60	56	60	64	60
7 or more	23	26	24	(17)	(22)	23
Dependents at Entry						
0	90	90	86	94	86	80
1	8	(8)	(10)	(5)	(13)	12
2-3	(2)	(1)	(4)	(1)	(1)	5
4 or more	-	(1)	-	-	-	4
Employment Barrier(s) at Entry						
Physical/Health	5	(5)	(6)	(4)	(4)	5
Criminal record	(3)	(3)	(4)	(3)	(1)	4
Limited English	(2)	(2)	(2)	-	(6)	(1)
None of the above	91	98	88	93	90	90
Other barrier(s)	9	(8)	(10)	(8)	(12)	11

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 13. (Continued)

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
ECONOMIC BACKGROUND CHARACTERISTICS						
Primary Wage Earner at Entry						
Yes	17	15	(20)	20	(16)	21
No	83	85	80	80	84	79
Pre-Enrollment Economic Status						
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level						
Yes	78	82	78	77	70	*
No	22	18	(22)	23	30	*
At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	85	92	85	84	65	*
No	15	(8)	(15)	(16)	35	*
At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	79	86	81	81	55	*
No	21	14	(19)	19	45	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	90	95	86	87	85	*
No	10	(5)	(14)	(13)	(15)	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	85	91	83	84	75	*
No	15	(9)	(17)	(16)	(25)	*
Family Receiving Public Benefit(s) at Entry						
AFDC	23	27	(21)	(15)	27	25
Supplemental Security Income	6	(6)	(6)	(6)	(9)	6
Other public assistance	6	(8)	(5)	(5)	(3)	6
Food stamps	27	32	25	23	(21)	24
Housing assistance	9	12	(9)	(8)	(1)	12
Not receiving benefits	58	50	61	68	57	54
Enrollee Receiving Unemployment Insurance During Week Before Entry						
Yes	(1)	-	-	(3)	-	*
No	99	100	100	97	100	*
Annual Family Income Year Prior to Entry						
Less than $1,000	6	(4)	(6)	(8)	(8)	7
$1,000-1,999	5	(4)	(6)	(8)	-	5
$2,000-2,999	8	(8)	(12)	(7)	(4)	11
$3,000-3,999	12	13	(10)	(12)	(13)	9
$4,000-5,999	22	22	(21)	25	(18)	22
$6,000-7,499	13	15	(14)	(6)	(18)	11
$7,500-9,999	13	15	(10)	(12)	(14)	11
$10,000-14,999	12	12	(12)	(10)	(15)	15
$15,000 or more	9	(6)	(10)	(12)	(10)	9
Enrollee Earnings Year Prior to Entry						
No earnings	31	28	35	30	37	39
$0.01- 999	40	45	37	31	39	32
$1,000-1,999	17	17	(15)	24	(8)	14
$2,000-3,999	9	(7)	(9)	(10)	(10)	10
$4,000-5,999	(3)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	4
$6,000-7,999	-	-	(1)	-	-	(1)
$8,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	(1)

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 13. (Continued)

Selected Characteristics	Enrollment Period					
	FY 1978	Quarters of FY 1978				Prior Year FY 1977
		Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	
PRE-CETA YEAR EXPERIENCE						
Education and School Status at Entry						
Less than 12 years						
In school						
8th grade or less	14	16	(14)	(7)	(14)	10
9th-11th grade	46	58	45	33	35	47
Out of school						
8th grade or less	(3)	(2)	(3)	(3)	(7)	(2)
9th-11th grade	12	(8)	(17)	(16)	(11)	14
12 years or more						
In school	9	(5)	(5)	(17)	(11)	11
Out of school	16	10	(16)	23	(22)	15
Labor Force Status at Entry						
Employed	9	(5)	(9)	(10)	(18)	10
Employed and in school	(1)	(2)	(1)	-	(3)	(1)
In school and employed	10	16	(10)	(3)	(3)	7
Unemployed	23	10	(20)	38	37	26
In school or training	52	64	55	47	26	52
In armed forces	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other out of labor force	5	(3)	(6)	(2)	(13)	4
School or Training Status at Selected Pre-CETA Time Points						
In school or training at:						
12 months prior	69	88	78	46	40	65
9 months prior	66	86	61	34	67	64
6 months prior	65	78	30	67	67	61
3 months prior	42	20	72	67	30	46
1 month prior	59	71	67	62	(14)	52
Day prior to entry	62	80	65	50	28	58
Not in school or training at:						
12 months prior	31	12	(22)	54	60	35
9 months prior	34	14	39	66	33	36
6 months prior	35	22	70	33	33	39
3 months prior	58	80	28	33	70	54
1 month prior	41	29	33	38	86	48
Day prior to entry	38	20	35	50	72	42
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year						
Predominantly employed (>90% of time)	(3)	(2)	(2)	(4)	(5)	5
Predominantly unemployed (≥50% of time)	10	(5)	(12)	(15)	(15)	12
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	8	(8)	(13)	(6)	(7)	11
Predominantly not in labor force (≥50% of time)	72	81	68	62	66	67
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	6	(4)	(5)	(12)	(7)	(6)
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category						
Employed	17	14	15	26	15	17
Employed and in school	2	2	1	1	3	(2)
In school and employed	22	25	27	24	8	21
Unemployed	14	10	17	16	19	17
In school or training	37	42	31	26	44	36
In armed forces	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other out of labor force	8	7	9	7	10	8

Table 14. Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in summer youth programs during FY 1978 and FY 1977

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
Estimated Total New Enrollees	848,800	*	*	260,500	588,300	958,100
Percent	100	*	*	100	100	100
PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Sex						
Male	49	*	*	52	48	52
Female	51	*	*	48	52	48
Age at Entry						
15 and younger	39	*	*	37	40	35
16-17	39	*	*	36	40	45
18-19	17	*	*	21	15	14
20	3	*	*	(3)	(2)	3
21	(2)	*	*	(2)	(1)	(2)
22 and older	(1)	*	*	(1)	(1)	(2)
Minority Status						
White, excluding Hispanic	32	*	*	52	24	38
Black, excluding Hispanic	50	*	*	36	56	47
Hispanic	12	*	*	8	13	10
Other	6	*	*	(4)	6	5
Education at Entry						
8th grade or less	20	*	*	22	19	16
9th-11th grade	63	*	*	57	66	67
12th or equivalent	12	*	*	12	12	12
Beyond high school	5	*	*	8	4	6
School Status at Entry						
In school	91	*	*	89	92	93
Out of school	9	*	*	11	8	7
Veteran Status at Entry						
Special	-	*	*	-	-	-
Vietnam era	-	*	*	-	-	-
Other veteran	(1)	*	*	(1)	(1)	(1)
Nonveteran	99	*	*	99	99	99
Head of Family Status at Entry						
Head of family						
1 person	4	*	*	(3)	4	6
2 persons or more	4	*	*	(5)	4	(1)
Not head of family	92	*	*	92	92	93
Family Size at Entry						
1	5	*	*	(4)	5	6
2	6	*	*	8	6	7
3-6	58	*	*	54	60	62
7 or more	31	*	*	34	29	26
Dependents at Entry						
0	94	*	*	93	94	91
1	4	*	*	(6)	4	5
2-3	(1)	*	*	(1)	(2)	(1)
4 or more	-	*	*	-	-	3
Employment Barrier(s) at Entry						
Physical/Health	3	*	*	(3)	(3)	3
Criminal record	(2)	*	*	(2)	(2)	(2)
Limited English	3	*	*	(2)	(3)	(2)
None of the above	92	*	*	93	92	93
Other barrier(s)	7	*	*	13	8	8

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 14. (Continued)

Selected Characteristics	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
ECONOMIC BACKGROUND CHARACTERISTICS						
Primary Wage Earner at Entry						
Yes	8	*	*	10	7	3
No	92	*	*	90	93	97
Pre-Enrollment Economic Status						
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level						
Yes	82	*	*	81	83	*
No	18	*	*	19	17	*
At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	89	*	*	89	89	*
No	11	*	*	11	11	*
At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	84	*	*	86	84	*
No	16	*	*	14	16	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	92	*	*	92	92	*
No	8	*	*	8	8	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	88	*	*	90	88	*
No	12	*	*	10	12	*
Family Receiving Public Benefit(s) at Entry						
AFDC	26	*	*	22	27	28
Supplemental Security Income	5	*	*	(6)	5	7
Other public assistance	8	*	*	8	9	9
Food stamps	30	*	*	26	32	32
Housing assistance	16	*	*	11	18	-
Not receiving benefits	50	*	*	54	48	50
Enrollee Receiving Unemployment Insurance During Week Before Entry						
Yes	-	*	*	-	-	*
No	100	*	*	100	100	*
Annual Family Income Year Prior to Entry						
Less than $1,000	4	*	*	(5)	4	6
$1,000-1,999	3	*	*	(5)	(2)	5
$2,000-2,999	6	*	*	(7)	5	9
$3,000-3,999	12	*	*	(7)	14	11
$4,000-5,999	23	*	*	24	22	23
$6,000-7,499	13	*	*	11	14	13
$7,500-9,999	17	*	*	19	16	11
$10,000-14,999	15	*	*	17	15	17
$15,000 or more	7	*	*	(5)	8	5
Enrollee Earnings Year Prior to Entry						
No earnings	54	*	*	45	57	53
$0.01- 999	35	*	*	41	32	34
$1,000-1,999	7	*	*	8	6	7
$2,000-3,999	4	*	*	(4)	4	4
$4,000-5,999	(1)	*	*	(1)	(1)	(2)
$6,000-7,999	-	*	*	-	-	-
$8,000 or more	-	*	*	-	-	-

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 14. (Continued)

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
PRE-CETA YEAR EXPERIENCE						
Education and School Status at Entry						
Less than 12 years						
In school						
8th grade or less	18	*	*	20	18	14
9th-11th grade	59	*	*	52	62	64
Out of school						
8th grade or less	(2)	*	*	(2)	(1)	(2)
9th-11th grade	4	*	*	(4)	(3)	(2)
12 years or more						
In school	14	*	*	17	12	15
Out of school	3	*	*	(4)	(3)	(2)
Labor Force Status at Entry						
Employed	14	*	*	11	15	11
Employed and in school	-	*	*	-	(1)	-
In school and employed	(1)	*	*	(1)	(2)	(2)
Unemployed	44	*	*	49	42	46
In school or training	29	*	*	29	29	32
In armed forces	-	*	*	-	-	-
Other out of labor force	11	*	*	10	12	9
School or Training Status at Selected Pre-CETA Time Points						
In school or training at:						
12 months prior	21	*	*	11	25	19
9 months prior	87	*	*	86	88	87
6 months prior	90	*	*	89	90	91
3 months prior	90	*	*	89	90	91
1 month prior	77	*	*	82	74	80
Day prior to entry	30	*	*	30	30	34
Not in school or training at:						
12 months prior	79	*	*	89	75	81
9 months prior	13	*	*	14	12	13
6 months prior	10	*	*	11	10	9
3 months prior	10	*	*	11	10	9
1 month prior	23	*	*	18	26	20
Day prior to entry	70	*	*	70	70	66
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year						
Predominantly employed (≥90% of time)	(1)	*	*	(1)	(1)	(2)
Predominantly unemployed (≥50% of time)	5	*	*	(6)	5	5
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	5	*	*	(6)	5	7
Predominantly not in labor force (≥50% of time)	86	*	*	85	87	84
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	(2)	*	*	(2)	(3)	(2)
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category						
Employed	8	*	*	9	8	8
Employed and in school	1	*	*	1	1	1
In school and employed	10	*	*	13	9	11
Unemployed	10	*	*	11	10	11
In school or training	62	*	*	55	64	61
In armed forces	-	*	*	-	-	-
Other out of labor force	9	*	*	10	8	9

Table 15. Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in other CETA programs (total) during FY 1978 and 1977

Selected Characteristics	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
Estimated Total New Enrollees[1]	318,400	77,100	99,300	73,800	68,200	291,300
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100
PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Sex						
Male	57	56	62	55	55	56
Female	43	43	38	45	45	44
Age at Entry						
15 and younger	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
16-17	9	10	8	(9)	(8)	10
18-19	43	42	43	42	45	43
20	23	23	22	24	22	22
21	25	25	26	23	25	24
22 and older	-	-	-	-	-	-
Minority Status						
White, excluding Hispanic	56	55	56	55	58	52
Black, excluding Hispanic	31	31	33	31	28	35
Hispanic	11	12	9	11	11	10
Other	(2)	(2)	(2)	(3)	(3)	3
Education at Entry						
8th grade or less	6	(6)	(7)	(6)	(4)	6
9th-11th grade	33	32	34	35	33	35
12th or equivalent	47	49	48	43	50	46
Beyond high school	13	13	12	16	13	13
School Status at Entry						
In school	18	14	12	20	28	23
Out of school	82	86	88	80	72	77
Veteran Status at Entry						
Special	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vietnam era	3	(3)	(4)	(2)	(2)	4
Other veteran	6	(6)	(5)	(5)	(7)	4
Nonveteran	91	90	90	93	91	91
Head of Family Status at Entry						
Head of family						
1 person	16	16	17	17	15	15
2 persons or more	18	18	18	16	16	14
Not head of family	66	66	64	67	68	71
Family Size at Entry						
1	16	16	17	17	16	15
2	15	17	14	15	14	14
3-6	55	52	56	55	58	56
7 or more	14	15	13	13	13	15
Dependents at Entry						
0	75	74	75	75	76	68
1	16	17	14	18	15	20
2-3	9	(8)	10	(7)	(8)	10
4 or more	(1)	-	(1)	-	(1)	(2)
Employment Barrier(s) at Entry						
Physical/Health	9	10	8	(8)	(9)	9
Criminal record	3	(4)	(3)	(3)	(4)	4
Limited English	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(3)	(2)
None of the above	86	85	87	87	86	86
Other barrier(s)	8	(7)	9	(5)	(8)	8

[1] Includes enrollees for whom no assignment was shown.

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 15. (Continued)

Selected Characteristics	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
ECONOMIC BACKGROUND CHARACTERISTICS						
Primary Wage Earner at Entry						
Yes	34	35	34	34	32	52
No	66	65	66	66	68	48
Pre-Enrollment Economic Status						
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level						
Yes	66	67	68	66	65	*
No	34	33	32	34	35	*
At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	75	75	77	74	74	*
No	25	25	23	26	26	*
At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	70	69	72	69	69	*
No	30	31	28	31	31	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	78	78	80	78	76	*
No	22	22	20	22	24	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	74	74	76	73	72	*
No	26	26	24	27	28	*
Family Receiving Public Benefit(s) at Entry						
AFDC	13	12	13	13	13	14
Supplemental Security Income	4	(4)	(4)	(3)	(3)	3
Other public assistance	4	(4)	(6)	(3)	(3)	5
Food stamps	13	12	14	13	13	16
Housing assistance	8	(8)	8	(9)	(6)	7
Not receiving benefits	74	74	72	75	76	72
Enrollee Receiving Unemployment Insurance During Week Before Entry						
Yes	5	(7)	(5)	(5)	(4)	*
No	95	93	95	95	96	*
Annual Family Income Year Prior to Entry						
Less than $1,000	7	(7)	8	(8)	(7)	9
$1,000-1,999	7	(7)	8	(5)	(7)	8
$2,000-2,999	10	11	10	(9)	(8)	11
$3,000-3,999	9	(9)	8	11	(8)	9
$4,000-5,999	15	15	16	16	15	17
$6,000-7,499	10	11	10	(7)	(10)	9
$7,500-9,999	10	10	10	(9)	(10)	10
$10,000-14,999	15	15	14	16	15	13
$15,000 or more	18	16	15	20	20	15
Enrollee Earnings Year Prior to Entry						
No earnings	27	26	28	28	26	31
$0.01- 999	18	18	19	16	20	20
$1,000-1,999	15	17	15	14	13	16
$2,000-3,999	20	20	22	20	19	20
$4,000-5,999	12	12	10	15	14	10
$6,000-7,999	5	(4)	(4)	(5)	(6)	3
$8,000 or more	(2)	(2)	(2)	(3)	(2)	(1)

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 15. (Continued)

Selected Characteristics	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
PRE-CETA YEAR EXPERIENCE						
Education and School Status at Entry						
Less than 12 years						
In school						
8th grade or less	(1)	(1)	(1)	-	-	(1)
9th-11th grade	6	(6)	(5)	(5)	(6)	8
Out of school						
8th grade or less	5	(5)	(6)	(5)	(4)	5
9th-11th grade	28	26	29	30	26	27
12 years or more						
In school	12	(7)	(7)	14	21	14
Out of school	49	55	53	45	42	45
Labor Force Status at Entry						
Employed	21	21	20	20	24	19
Employed and in school	(1)	(2)	(1)	(1)	-	-
In school and employed	(2)	(2)	(1)	(2)	(2)	(1)
Unemployed	50	50	53	47	49	52
In school or training	14	15	14	16	(10)	16
In armed forces	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other out of labor force	12	10	11	14	14	11
School or Training Status at Selected Pre-CETA Time Points						
In school or training at:						
12 months prior	29	39	34	25	17	28
9 months prior	29	36	26	22	32	30
6 months prior	25	27	14	30	31	27
3 months prior	20	12	19	25	24	22
1 month prior	17	17	16	23	13	18
Day prior to entry	16	18	15	18	12	17
Not in school or training at:						
12 months prior	71	61	66	75	83	72
9 months prior	71	64	74	78	68	70
6 months prior	75	73	86	70	69	73
3 months prior	80	88	81	75	76	78
1 month prior	83	83	84	77	87	82
Day prior to entry	84	82	85	82	88	83
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year						
Predominantly employed (>90% of time)	8	10	(6)	(9)	(10)	8
Predominantly unemployed (≥50% of time)	27	22	34	24	24	31
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	19	22	19	19	16	18
Predominantly not in labor force (≥50% of time)	31	31	26	33	36	33
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	15	14	15	15	15	10
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category						
Employed	29	29	28	31	29	25
Employed and in school	4	4	3	3	4	3
In school and employed	7	8	5	7	7	7
Unemployed	31	29	36	29	29	34
In school or training	16	18	15	16	18	18
In armed forces	2	3	3	2	3	2
Other out of labor force	10	10	9	12	10	10

Table 16. Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in classroom training during FY 1978 and FY 1977

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
Estimated Total New Enrollees	103,300	28,000	28,800	24,600	21,900	90,000
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100
PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Sex						
Male	45	48	48	43	40	47
Female	55	52	52	57	60	53
Age at Entry						
15 and younger	(1)	(1)	(1)	(2)	-	(1)
16-17	10	(11)	(12)	(11)	(9)	10
18-19	48	45	48	48	50	49
20	20	(19)	(21)	(22)	(18)	20
21	21	(23)	(18)	(18)	(24)	21
22 and older	-	-	-	-	-	-
Minority Status						
White, excluding Hispanic	49	46	51	45	53	48
Black, excluding Hispanic	34	34	33	40	(31)	35
Hispanic	13	(15)	(13)	(12)	(11)	12
Other	(4)	(5)	(3)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Education at Entry						
8th grade or less	(7)	(8)	(10)	(5)	(4)	(7)
9th-11th grade	39	37	37	45	37	39
12th or equivalent	46	47	44	42	50	47
Beyond high school	8	(8)	(8)	(7)	(9)	(6)
School Status at Entry						
In school	17	(14)	(16)	(15)	(26)	18
Out of school	83	86	84	85	74	82
Veteran Status at Entry						
Special	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vietnam era	(2)	(3)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(3)
Other veteran	(4)	(3)	(4)	(6)	(4)	(3)
Nonveteran	94	94	95	94	95	94
Head of Family Status at Entry						
Head of family						
1 person	16	(14)	(18)	(17)	(16)	16
2 persons or more	18	(16)	(18)	(20)	(16)	14
Not head of family	66	70	65	62	68	71
Family Size at Entry						
1	16	(14)	(18)	(17)	(16)	16
2	16	(16)	(15)	(19)	(14)	16
3-6	54	54	52	52	56	54
7 or more	14	(16)	(15)	(12)	(14)	15
Dependents at Entry						
0	74	76	75	71	76	68
1	19	(18)	(17)	(22)	(16)	20
2-3	(6)	(6)	(7)	(6)	(7)	11
4 or more	-	-	-	-	(1)	(1)
Employment Barrier(s) at Entry						
Physical/Health	10	(8)	(11)	(12)	(9)	10
Criminal record	(4)	(4)	(4)	(3)	(3)	(5)
Limited English	(3)	(4)	(4)	(2)	(3)	(3)
None of the above	84	85	82	83	86	83
Other barrier(s)	10	(11)	(11)	(9)	(10)	10

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 16. (Continued)

Selected Characteristics	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
ECONOMIC BACKGROUND CHARACTERISTICS						
Primary Wage Earner at Entry						
Yes	32	31	33	36	(28)	52
No	68	69	67	64	72	48
Pre-Enrollment Economic Status						
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level						
Yes	69	69	68	72	68	*
No	31	31	32	(28)	(32)	*
At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	78	78	79	79	77	*
No	22	(22)	(21)	(21)	(23)	*
At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	72	72	72	73	73	*
No	28	28	28	(27)	(27)	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	81	80	81	82	79	*
No	19	(20)	(19)	(18)	(21)	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	76	76	76	78	76	*
No	24	(24)	(24)	(22)	(24)	*
Family Receiving Public Benefit(s) at Entry						
AFDC	16	(13)	(16)	(20)	(18)	16
Supplemental Security Income	(4)	(5)	(4)	(2)	(4)	(3)
Other public assistance	(5)	(5)	(5)	(4)	(4)	(6)
Food stamps	16	(15)	(15)	(18)	(18)	17
Housing assistance	9	(8)	(9)	(10)	(6)	9
Not receiving benefits	70	68	71	68	71	69
Enrollee Receiving Unemployment Insurance During Week Before Entry						
Yes	(4)	(6)	(2)	(3)	(3)	*
No	96	94	98	97	97	*
Annual Family Income Year Prior to Entry						
Less than $1,000	8	(7)	(6)	(8)	(10)	9
$1,000-1,999	8	(7)	(8)	(7)	(8)	9
$2,000-2,999	11	(12)	(12)	(9)	(11)	13
$3,000-3,999	9	(8)	(8)	(14)	(7)	9
$4,000-5,999	14	(15)	(15)	(16)	(12)	16
$6,000-7,499	10	(8)	(12)	(8)	(13)	9
$7,500-9,999	11	(12)	(11)	(10)	(10)	11
$10,000-14,999	14	(16)	(13)	(14)	(14)	12
$15,000 or more	15	(14)	(15)	(15)	(16)	12
Enrollee Earnings Year Prior to Entry						
No earnings	32	31	31	37	(31)	33
$0.01- 999	17	(17)	(19)	(15)	(18)	19
$1,000-1,999	14	(14)	(16)	(10)	(12)	16
$2,000-3,999	19	(20)	(18)	(18)	(19)	21
$4,000-5,999	13	(13)	(11)	(14)	(13)	9
$6,000-7,999	(3)	(4)	(2)	(3)	(5)	(2)
$8,000 or more	(2)	(1)	(3)	(3)	(2)	(1)

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 16. (Continued)

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
PRE-CETA YEAR EXPERIENCE						
Education and School Status at Entry						
Less than 12 years						
In school						
8th grade or less	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
9th-11th grade	(6)	(7)	(6)	(5)	(7)	(7)
Out of school						
8th grade or less	(6)	(7)	(9)	(4)	(4)	(6)
9th-11th grade	33	30	32	40	(30)	33
12 years or more						
In school	10	(7)	(9)	(9)	(18)	9
Out of school	44	48	44	41	41	44
Labor Force Status at Entry						
Employed	16	(18)	(14)	(14)	(17)	16
Employed and in school	(1)	(2)	-	-	(1)	-
In school and employed	(2)	(2)	(2)	(1)	(3)	(1)
Unemployed	46	44	49	45	44	49
In school or training	17	(19)	(19)	(18)	(13)	16
In armed forces	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other out of labor force	19	(15)	(17)	(21)	(22)	18
School or Training Status at Selected Pre-CETA Time Points						
In school or training at:						
12 months prior	30	38	35	(25)	(20)	28
9 months prior	27	34	(25)	(17)	(32)	26
6 months prior	24	27	(15)	(26)	(29)	21
3 months prior	17	11)	(20)	(18)	(20)	17
1 month prior	16	(16)	(16)	(19)	(14)	15
Day prior to entry	19	(21)	(20)	(19)	(16)	17
Not in school or training at:						
12 months prior	70	62	65	75	80	72
9 months prior	73	66	75	83	68	74
6 months prior	76	73	85	74	71	79
3 months prior	83	89	80	82	80	83
1 month prior	84	84	84	81	86	85
Day prior to entry	81	79	80	81	84	83
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year						
Predominantly employed (>90% of time)	8	(11)	(8)	(6)	(8)	(7)
Predominantly unemployed (≥50% of time)	26	(21)	30	(28)	(25)	32
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	18	(21)	(16)	(19)	(14)	19
Predominantly not in labor force (≥50% of time)	33	34	31	32	36	30
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	15	(12)	(15)	(15)	(17)	12
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category						
Employed	28	30	28	28	28	26
Employed and in school	3	4	2	3	3	3
In school and employed	5	7	5	2	8	5
Unemployed	30	28	33	32	29	36
In school or training	17	18	16	18	18	16
In armed forces	2	2	1	1	2	1
Other out of labor force	14	12	14	16	13	13

Table 17. Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in on-the-job training during FY 1978 and FY 1977

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
Estimated Total New Enrollees	43,400	9,200	11,800	11,500	10,800	35,500
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100
PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Sex						
Male	65	(60)	71	(62)	(65)	68
Female	35	(40)	(29)	(38)	(35)	32
Age at Entry						
15 and younger	-	-	-	(1)	-	(1)
16-17	(7)	(4)	(9)	(8)	(6)	(11)
18-19	47	(43)	(50)	(47)	(47)	41
20	24	(28)	(19)	(25)	(26)	24
21	22	(24)	(23)	(19)	(20)	24
22 and older	-	-	-	-	-	-
Minority Status						
White, excluding Hispanic	72	(77)	72	74	(65)	68
Black, excluding Hispanic	(17)	(16)	(18)	(15)	(18)	(19)
Hispanic	(10)	(6)	(9)	(9)	(14)	(11)
Other	(1)	(1)	-	(2)	(2)	(2)
Education at Entry						
8th grade or less	(6)	(8)	(5)	(6)	(5)	(6)
9th-11th grade	28	(23)	(33)	(30)	(24)	31
12th or equivalent	55	(56)	(55)	(47)	(61)	52
Beyond high school	(12)	(13)	(6)	(17)	(10)	(11)
School Status at Entry						
In school	(17)	(10)	(12)	(18)	(28)	22
Out of school	83	90	88	82	72	78
Veteran Status at Entry						
Special	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vietnam era	(2)	(3)	(4)	-	(3)	(5)
Other veteran	(5)	(8)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(6)
Nonveteran	93	89	92	96	94	89
Head of Family Status at Entry						
Head of family						
1 person	(16)	(18)	(16)	(14)	(16)	(12)
2 persons or more	(16)	(17)	(19)	(14)	(15)	(17)
Not head of family	68	(65)	65	72	70	71
Family Size at Entry						
1	(16)	(18)	(16)	(14)	(16)	(12)
2	(14)	(14)	(13)	(14)	(14)	(16)
3-6	57	(50)	(61)	(57)	(58)	60
7 or more	(14)	(19)	(10)	(15)	(12)	(13)
Dependents at Entry						
0	76	(72)	78	76	76	69
1	(13)	(15)	(11)	(14)	(13)	(19)
2-3	(11)	(12)	(10)	(10)	(12)	(10)
4 or more	-	-	(2)	-	-	(2)
Employment Barrier(s) at Entry						
Physical/Health	(8)	(9)	(6)	(6)	(9)	(7)
Criminal record	(5)	(6)	(3)	(4)	(7)	(1)
Limited English	(2)	(1)	(3)	(1)	(3)	(4)
None of the above	86	85	89	88	83	88
Other barrier(s)	(6)	(3)	(7)	(5)	(8)	(8)

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 17. (Continued)

Selected Characteristics	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
ECONOMIC BACKGROUND CHARACTERISTICS						
Primary Wage Earner at Entry						
Yes	33	(36)	(34)	(32)	(32)	54
No	67	(64)	66	68	(68)	46
Pre-Enrollment Economic Status						
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level						
Yes	56	(59)	(62)	(51)	(54)	*
No	44	(41)	(38)	(49)	(46)	*
At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	66	(66)	73	66	(59)	*
No	34	(34)	(27)	(34)	(41)	*
At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	61	(60)	68	(58)	(56)	*
No	39	(40)	(32)	(42)	(44)	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	70	(71)	76	70	(64)	*
No	30	(29)	(24)	(30)	(36)	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	66	(66)	70	(64)	(63)	*
No	34	(34)	(30)	(37)	(37)	*
Family Receiving Public Benefit(s) at Entry						
AFDC	(8)	(8)	(8)	(7)	(8)	(7)
Supplemental Security Income	(3)	-	(3)	(3)	(4)	(2)
Other public assistance	(2)	(2)	(3)	(2)	(1)	(4)
Food stamps	(8)	(6)	(9)	(9)	(9)	(10)
Housing assistance	(3)	(2)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(4)
Not receiving benefits	84	87	82	85	84	82
Enrollee Receiving Unemployment Insurance During Week Before Entry						
Yes	(4)	(8)	(6)	(3)	(1)	*
No	96	92	94	97	99	*
Annual Family Income Year Prior to Entry						
Less than $1,000	(4)	(6)	(6)	(1)	(2)	(8)
$1,000-1,999	(6)	(5)	(7)	(6)	(5)	(5)
$2,000-2,999	(6)	(5)	(8)	(5)	(4)	(8)
$3,000-3,999	(9)	(10)	(8)	(9)	(8)	(10)
$4,000-5,999	(16)	(13)	(18)	(13)	(19)	(14)
$6,000-7,499	(12)	(17)	(15)	(9)	(7)	(10)
$7,500-9,999	(9)	(8)	(11)	(9)	(9)	(10)
$10,000-14,999	(17)	(19)	(9)	(18)	(22)	(15)
$15,000 or more	22	(17)	(17)	(29)	(24)	(19)
Enrollee Earnings Year Prior to Entry						
No earnings	(16)	(14)	(13)	(17)	(19)	25
$0.01- 999	(16)	(21)	(11)	(13)	(18)	(16)
$1,000-1,999	(13)	(11)	(14)	(15)	(11)	(14)
$2,000-3,999	22	(26)	(28)	(18)	(18)	22
$4,000-5,999	21	(15)	(23)	(26)	(19)	(16)
$6,000-7,999	(9)	(9)	(8)	(7)	(11)	(4)
$8,000 or more	(4)	(4)	(3)	(5)	(3)	(2)

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 17. (Continued)

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
PRE-CETA YEAR EXPERIENCE						
Education and School Status at Entry						
Less than 12 years						
In school						
8th grade or less	(1)	(2)	(1)	-	-	-
9th-11th grade	(4)	(2)	(5)	(6)	(4)	(10)
Out of school						
8th grade or less	(5)	(6)	(5)	(6)	(5)	(6)
9th-11th grade	24	(22)	(28)	(24)	(20)	(21)
12 years or more						
In school	(12)	(6)	(5)	(11)	(25)	(12)
Out of school	54	(63)	(56)	(52)	(47)	51
Labor Force Status at Entry						
Employed	32	(31)	(31)	(32)	(36)	26
Employed and in school	(2)	(3)	-	(3)	(1)	(1)
In school and employed	(2)	(1)	(1)	(4)	(1)	(2)
Unemployed	42	(43)	(45)	(39)	(40)	50
In school or training	(12)	(13)	(12)	(9)	(11)	(14)
In armed forces	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other out of labor force	(11)	(8)	(11)	(13)	(12)	(7)
School or Training Status at Selected Pre-CETA Time Points						
In school or training at:						
12 months prior	29	(42)	(34)	(29)	(12)	34
9 months prior	28	(36)	(27)	(23)	(28)	32
6 months prior	24	(29)	(12)	(28)	(28)	27
3 months prior	20	(11)	(20)	(25)	(24)	25
1 month prior	(17)	(13)	(17)	(23)	(14)	(20)
Day prior to entry	(13)	(14)	(14)	(13)	(12)	(16)
Not in school or training at:						
12 months prior	71	(58)	66	71	88	66
9 months prior	72	(64)	73	77	72	68
6 months prior	76	(71)	88	72	72	73
3 months prior	80	89	80	75	76	75
1 month prior	83	87	83	77	86	80
Day prior to entry	87	86	86	87	88	84
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year						
Predominantly employed (>90% of time)	(14)	(12)	(12)	(14)	(17)	(11)
Predominantly unemployed (>50% of time)	(16)	(11)	(16)	(15)	(22)	24
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	(15)	(18)	(17)	(16)	(10)	(17)
Predominantly not in labor force (>50% of time)	32	(37)	(29)	(32)	(31)	34
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	23	(22)	(26)	(23)	(20)	(14)
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category						
Employed	38	39	42	41	32	32
Employed and in school	6	4	4	4	10	4
In school and employed	7	7	6	8	7	9
Unemployed	22	18	22	20	26	28
In school or training	14	17	14	13	13	18
In armed forces	2	2	2	1	1	3
Other out of labor force	11	12	9	13	10	7

Table 18. Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in public service employment (total) during FY 1978 and FY 1977

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
Estimated Total New Enrollees [1]	127,900	30,100	46,800	26,900	24,000	*
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	*
PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Sex						
Male	65	63	67	64	64	*
Female	35	37	33	36	36	*
Age at Entry						
15 and younger	(1)	-	(1)	(1)	-	*
16-17	(5)	(6)	(3)	(7)	(5)	*
18-19	39	41	39	35	41	*
20	25	(24)	24	(27)	(25)	*
21	31	29	34	30	(28)	*
22 and older	-	-	-	-	-	*
Minority Status						
White, excluding Hispanic	59	57	57	60	64	*
Black, excluding Hispanic	32	34	36	28	(28)	*
Hispanic	8	(9)	(6)	(9)	(8)	*
Other	(1)	(1)	(1)	(3)	(1)	*
Education at Entry						
8th grade or less	(5)	(5)	(5)	(6)	(4)	*
9th-11th grade	27	(23)	30	(26)	(30)	*
12th or equivalent	49	53	49	45	47	*
Beyond high school	19	(19)	(16)	(22)	(20)	*
School Status at Entry						
In school	15	(9)	(9)	(22)	(27)	*
Out of school	85	91	91	78	73	*
Veteran Status at Entry						
Special	-	(1)	-	-	(1)	*
Vietnam era	(4)	(4)	(7)	(3)	(2)	*
Other veteran	7	(8)	(6)	(6)	(11)	*
Nonveteran	88	88	87	91	86	*
Head of Family Status at Entry						
Head of family						
1 person	18	(17)	18	(20)	(19)	*
2 persons or more	20	(23)	19	(16)	(19)	*
Not head of family	62	60	63	65	62	*
Family Size at Entry						
1	18	(17)	18	(20)	(19)	*
2	15	(22)	(13)	(13)	(14)	*
3-6	54	48	57	56	56	*
7 or more	12	(13)	(13)	(12)	(11)	*
Dependents at Entry						
0	74	70	74	76	76	*
1	16	(19)	(13)	(17)	(15)	*
2-3	10	(11)	(12)	(6)	(9)	*
4 or more	(1)	-	(1)	(1)	(1)	*
Employment Barrier(s) at Entry						
Physical/Health	9	(12)	(8)	(7)	(9)	*
Criminal record	(2)	(3)	(1)	(3)	(3)	*
Limited English	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	*
None of the above	88	84	90	89	88	*
Other barrier(s)	6	(5)	(7)	(7)	(5)	*

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[1] Includes enrollees in PSE unknown.

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 18. (Continued)

Selected Characteristics	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
ECONOMIC BACKGROUND CHARACTERISTICS						
Primary Wage Earner at Entry						
Yes	38	40	35	38	40	*
No	62	60	66	62	60	*
Pre-Enrollment Economic Status						
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level						
Yes	68	68	68	67	68	*
No	32	32	32	33	32	*
At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	76	75	77	76	77	*
No	24	25	23	(24)	(23)	*
At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	72	70	74	70	70	*
No	28	30	26	30	(30)	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	79	78	80	80	78	*
No	21	(22)	20	(20)	(22)	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	75	74	77	74	73	*
No	25	26	23	(26)	(27)	*
Family Receiving Public Benefit(s) at Entry						
AFDC	11	(12)	(12)	(10)	(8)	*
Supplemental Security Income	(4)	(3)	(5)	(2)	(3)	*
Other public assistance	(4)	(3)	(7)	(2)	(4)	*
Food stamps	12	(11)	(14)	(12)	(8)	*
Housing assistance	8	(9)	(8)	(9)	(6)	*
Not receiving benefits	75	75	71	73	80	*
Enrollee Receiving Unemployment Insurance During Week Before Entry						
Yes	8	(9)	(8)	(8)	(8)	*
No	92	91	92	92	92	*
Annual Family Income Year Prior to Entry						
Less than $1,000	8	(7)	(8)	(10)	(8)	*
$1,000-1,999	8	(9)	(8)	(5)	(9)	*
$2,000-2,999	10	(10)	(10)	(11)	(10)	*
$3,000-3,999	9	(10)	(8)	(10)	(9)	*
$4,000-5,999	16	(16)	(16)	(18)	(14)	*
$6,000-7,499	8	(9)	(10)	(5)	(8)	*
$7,500-9,999	10	(9)	(11)	(8)	(10)	*
$10,000-14,999	14	(12)	(16)	(15)	(13)	*
$15,000 or more	16	(18)	(13)	(17)	(19)	*
Enrollee Earnings Year Prior to Entry						
No earnings	26	26	28	(23)	(26)	*
$0.01- 999	19	(16)	20	(17)	(23)	*
$1,000-1,999	17	(24)	(15)	(17)	(12)	*
$2,000-3,999	22	(19)	23	(24)	(22)	*
$4,000-5,999	10	(10)	(8)	(11)	(10)	*
$6,000-7,999	(4)	(2)	(4)	(5)	(6)	*
$8,000 or more	(2)	(3)	(2)	(3)	(1)	*

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 18. (Continued)

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
PRE-CETA YEAR EXPERIENCE						
Education and School Status at Entry						
Less than 12 years						
In school						
8th grade or less	-	-	(1)	-	-	*
9th-11th grade	(2)	(1)	(3)	(3)	(4)	*
Out of school						
8th grade or less	(5)	(5)	(4)	(6)	(4)	*
9th-11th grade	25	(23)	27	(23)	(26)	*
12 years or more						
In school	12	(8)	(6)	(19)	(23)	*
Out of school	55	64	59	48	43	*
Labor Force Status at Entry						
Employed	20	(20)	20	(18)	(20)	*
Employed and in school	(1)	(1)	-	(1)	(1)	*
In school and employed	(1)	-	(1)	(3)	(3)	*
Unemployed	59	61	60	55	36	*
In school or training	11	(11)	(10)	(14)	(26)	*
In armed forces	(1)	-	(1)	-	-	*
Other out of labor force	8	(7)	(9)	(8)	(15)	*
School or Training Status at Selected Pre-CETA Time Points						
In school or training at:						
12 months prior	27	36	30	(21)	(18)	*
9 months prior	28	35	24	(23)	33	*
6 months prior	23	(23)	(13)	32	33	*
3 months prior	20	(13)	(16)	28	(25)	*
1 month prior	15	(13)	(12)	(24)	(11)	*
Day prior to entry	12	(11)	(11)	(17)	(9)	*
Not in school or training at:						
12 months prior	73	64	70	79	82	*
9 months prior	72	65	76	77	67	*
6 months prior	77	77	87	68	67	*
3 months prior	80	87	84	72	75	*
1 month prior	85	87	88	76	89	*
Day prior to entry	88	89	89	83	91	*
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year						
Predominantly employed (≥90% of time)	6	(9)	(3)	(7)	(7)	*
Predominantly unemployed (≥50% of time)	32	29	41	(26)	(25)	*
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	23	26	22	(23)	(21)	*
Predominantly not in labor force (≥50% of time)	27	(23)	21	32	37	*
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	12	(14)	(12)	(11)	(10)	*
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category						
Employed	27	28	25	30	27	*
Employed and in school	3	4	4	3	2	*
In school and employed	6	6	4	9	8	*
Unemployed	37	35	43	32	32	*
In school or training	16	17	14	16	18	*
In armed forces	4	4	4	4	5	*
Other out of labor force	7	7	6	7	8	*

Table 19. Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in PSE sustainment during FY 1978 and FY 1977

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
Estimated Total New Enrollees	59,500	15,600	20,200	13,400	10,400	50,500
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100
PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Sex						
Male	62	65	59	66	(57)	62
Female	38	(35)	41	(34)	(43)	38
Age at Entry						
15 and younger	(1)	-	(2)	(1)	(1)	-
16-17	(5)	(4)	(3)	(8)	(4)	(4)
18-19	38	(42)	39	(28)	(44)	40
20	24	(24)	(20)	(30)	(24)	23
21	33	(30)	(37)	(33)	(28)	34
22 and older	-	-	-	-	-	-
Minority Status						
White, excluding Hispanic	62	62	59	61	(67)	62
Black, excluding Hispanic	28	(26)	(33)	(24)	(28)	29
Hispanic	(8)	(11)	(6)	(11)	(5)	(6)
Other	(2)	(1)	(2)	(4)	(1)	(3)
Education at Entry						
8th grade or less	(5)	(5)	(4)	(9)	(1)	(3)
9th-11th grade	23	(21)	(22)	(27)	(24)	24
12th or equivalent	52	55	54	(44)	(54)	50
Beyond high school	20	(18)	(20)	(20)	(21)	23
School Status at Entry						
In school	17	(9)	(14)	(23)	(27)	27
Out of school	83	91	86	77	73	73
Veteran Status at Entry						
Special	(1)	(1)	-	(1)	(1)	-
Vietnam era	(4)	(2)	(7)	(2)	(1)	(6)
Other veteran	(7)	(8)	(4)	(5)	(16)	(6)
Nonveteran	88	88	90	92	82	88
Head of Family Status at Entry						
Head of family						
1 person	15	(13)	(14)	(18)	(17)	15
2 persons or more	23	(32)	(22)	(18)	(18)	18
Not head of family	62	55	65	63	(65)	67
Family Size at Entry						
1	15	(13)	(14)	(18)	(18)	15
2	18	(29)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(14)
3-6	56	(47)	63	56	(56)	59
7 or more	(10)	(11)	(10)	(11)	(10)	(12)
Dependents at Entry						
0	72	68	72	75	76	64
1	17	(22)	(13)	(17)	(15)	22
2-3	(10)	(10)	(15)	(7)	(7)	(12)
4 or more	-	-	(1)	(1)	(1)	(2)
Employment Barrier(s) at Entry						
Physical/Health	(9)	(13)	(9)	(6)	(9)	(8)
Criminal record	(2)	(3)	-	(5)	(3)	(2)
Limited English	(1)	(1)	(2)	(2)	(1)	(2)
None of the above	87	85	90	86	88	89
Other barrier(s)	(8)	(6)	(11)	(8)	(8)	(6)

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 19. (Continued)

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
ECONOMIC BACKGROUND CHARACTERISTICS						
Primary Wage Earner at Entry						
Yes	38	(43)	(33)	(38)	(39)	58
No	62	57	67	62	(61)	42
Pre-Enrollment Economic Status						
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level						
Yes	64	62	65	64	(64)	*
No	36	(38)	(35)	(36)	(36)	*
At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	73	71	74	74	(72)	*
No	27	(29)	(26)	(26)	(28)	*
At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	69	66	73	67	(68)	*
No	31	(34)	(27)	(33)	(32)	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	75	73	75	76	74	*
No	25	(27)	(25)	(24)	(26)	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	71	70	74	70	(72)	*
No	29	(30)	(26)	(30)	(28)	*
Family Receiving Public Benefit(s) at Entry						
AFDC	(9)	(7)	(12)	(8)	(6)	(12)
Supplemental Security Income	(4)	(1)	(6)	(3)	(3)	(5)
Other public assistance	(4)	(3)	(7)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Food stamps	(9)	(5)	(11)	(12)	(6)	(11)
Housing assistance	(7)	(6)	(8)	(9)	(5)	(4)
Not receiving benefits	77	81	69	79	82	77
Enrollee Receiving Unemployment Insurance During Week Before Entry						
Yes	(7)	(9)	(6)	(5)	(10)	*
No	93	91	94	95	90	*
Annual Family Income Year Prior to Entry						
Less than $1,000	(7)	(5)	(8)	(8)	(8)	(7)
$1,000-1,999	(7)	(7)	(8)	(7)	(7)	(8)
$2,000-2,999	(9)	(11)	(7)	(9)	(7)	(10)
$3,000-3,999	(9)	(11)	(7)	(9)	(7)	(7)
$4,000-5,999	15	(15)	(14)	(19)	(15)	18
$6,000-7,499	(8)	(9)	(10)	(5)	(5)	(9)
$7,500-9,999	(10)	(11)	(10)	(6)	(14)	(10)
$10,000-14,999	17	(13)	(20)	(17)	(16)	15
$15,000 or more	18	(18)	(16)	(20)	(21)	16
Enrollee Earnings Year Prior to Entry						
No earnings	24	(19)	(28)	(22)	(27)	28
$0.01- 999	17	(12)	(16)	(19)	(23)	20
$1,000-1,999	18	(26)	(17)	(14)	(12)	16
$2,000-3,999	24	(26)	(22)	(24)	(22)	20
$4,000-5,999	(12)	(14)	(10)	(12)	(12)	(11)
$6,000-7,999	(4)	(3)	(4)	(6)	(5)	(3)
$8,000 or more	(2)	(1)	(3)	(4)	-	(2)

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 19. (Continued)

Selected Characteristics	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
PRE-CETA YEAR EXPERIENCE						
Education and School Status at Entry						
Less than 12 years						
In school						
8th grade or less	(1)	-	(2)	-	-	-
9th-11th grade	(3)	(1)	(4)	(4)	(2)	(3)
Out of school						
8th grade or less	(4)	(5)	(2)	(9)	(1)	(3)
9th-11th grade	20	(20)	(18)	(23)	(22)	21
12 years or more						
In school	14	(8)	(8)	(19)	(26)	24
Out of school	58	66	66	(45)	(49)	48
Labor Force Status at Entry						
Employed	21	(24)	(20)	(21)	(20)	21
Employed and in school	(1)	(2)	-	(1)	(1)	-
In school and employed	(1)	-	(1)	(3)	-	(1)
Unemployed	56	58	53	56	(62)	56
In school or training	(12)	(10)	(16)	(12)	(6)	(14)
In armed forces	(1)	-	(2)	-	(3)	(1)
Other out of labor force	(8)	(6)	(9)	(8)	(9)	(7)
School or Training Status at Selected Pre-CETA Time Points						
In school or training at:						
12 months prior	30	(37)	38	(20)	(20)	24
9 months prior	33	(36)	(34)	(27)	(36)	30
6 months prior	25	(19)	(17)	(33)	(37)	32
3 months prior	22	(12)	(22)	(29)	(29)	25
1 month prior	16	(11)	(19)	(25)	(10)	16
Day prior to entry	13	(10)	(17)	(15)	(6)	15
Not in school or training at:						
12 months prior	70	63	62	80	80	76
9 months prior	67	64	66	73	(64)	70
6 months prior	75	81	83	67	(63)	68
3 months prior	78	88	78	71	(71)	75
1 month prior	84	89	81	75	90	84
Day prior to entry	87	90	83	85	94	85
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year						
Predominantly employed (≥90% of time)	(7)	(11)	(3)	(7)	(7)	(8)
Predominantly unemployed (≥50% of time)	26	(22)	(33)	(23)	(20)	33
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	22	(26)	(19)	(23)	(21)	18
Predominantly not in labor force (≥50% of time)	30	(22)	(30)	(32)	(41)	32
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	15	(19)	(15)	(15)	(10)	(9)
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category						
Employed	30	34	26	31	26	25
Employed and in school	4	5	3	4	3	4
In school and employed	7	5	7	10	9	7
Unemployed	31	31	35	30	28	36
In school or training	17	17	18	15	19	19
In armed forces	5	3	5	3	8	3
Other out of labor force	6	5	6	7	7	6

Table 20. Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in PSE nonsustainment during FY 1978 and FY 1977

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
Estimated Total New Enrollees	67,600	14,400	26,000	13,500	13,600	*
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	*
PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Sex						
Male	67	61	73	61	69	*
Female	33	(39)	(27)	(38)	(31)	*
Age at Entry						
15 and younger	-	-	-	(1)	-	*
16-17	(4)	(7)	(2)	(5)	(6)	*
18-19	40	(40)	40	(41)	(40)	*
20	26	(25)	(27)	(25)	(26)	*
21	29	(28)	31	(28)	(28)	*
22 and older	-	-	-	-	-	*
Minority Status						
White, excluding Hispanic	56	(51)	54	59	62	*
Black, excluding Hispanic	36	(42)	39	(32)	(28)	*
Hispanic	(7)	(6)	(6)	(8)	(10)	*
Other	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	*
Education at Entry						
8th grade or less	(5)	(4)	(6)	(4)	(6)	*
9th-11th grade	31	(25)	35	(26)	(35)	*
12th or equivalent	46	(51)	45	(46)	(41)	*
Beyond high school	18	(20)	(13)	(24)	(18)	*
School Status at Entry						
In school	14	(8)	(5)	(22)	(26)	*
Out of school	86	92	95	78	73	*
Veteran Status at Entry						
Special	-	-	-	-	-	*
Vietnam era	(5)	(5)	(7)	(4)	(3)	*
Other veteran	8	(8)	(8)	(6)	(7)	*
Nonveteran	87	87	85	90	90	*
Head of Family Status at Entry						
Head of family						
1 person	21	(22)	(20)	(21)	(20)	*
2 persons or more	17	(14)	(18)	(14)	(20)	*
Not head of family	62	64	62	64	59	*
Family Size at Entry						
1	21	(22)	(20)	(22)	(20)	*
2	13	(14)	(13)	(11)	(13)	*
3-6	52	(49)	52	56	56	*
7 or more	14	(15)	(16)	(12)	(11)	*
Dependents at Entry						
0	75	71	75	77	75	*
1	15	(17)	(13)	(17)	(14)	*
2-3	(10)	(11)	(10)	(6)	(10)	*
4 or more	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	*
Employment Barrier(s) at Entry						
Physical/Health	(9)	(12)	(8)	(8)	(9)	*
Criminal record	(3)	(4)	(2)	(1)	(3)	*
Limited English	(1)	(1)	(1)	-	(2)	*
None of the above	88	84	90	91	88	*
Other barrier(s)	(4)	(5)	(4)	(6)	(3)	*

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 20. (Continued)

Selected Characteristics	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
ECONOMIC BACKGROUND CHARACTERISTICS						
Primary Wage Earner at Entry						
Yes	38	(38)	36	(38)	(40)	*
No	62	62	64	62	60	*
Pre-Enrollment Economic Status						
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level						
Yes	71	74	70	70	71	*
No	29	(26)	30	(30)	(29)	*
At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	79	78	79	78	81	*
No	21	(22)	(21)	(22)	(19)	*
At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	74	74	74	74	72	*
No	26	(26)	(26)	(26)	(28)	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	82	82	83	83	82	*
No	18	(18)	(17)	(17)	(18)	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	78	79	78	79	74	*
No	22	(21)	(22)	(21)	(26)	*
Family Receiving Public Benefit(s) at Entry						
AFDC	12	(17)	(12)	(12)	(10)	*
Supplemental Security Income	(4)	(4)	(5)	(2)	(3)	*
Other public assistance	(4)	(4)	(6)	(1)	(4)	*
Food stamps	14	(18)	(16)	(11)	(10)	*
Housing assistance	(9)	(12)	(8)	(8)	(8)	*
Not receiving benefits	73	68	72	77	77	*
Enrollee Receiving Unemployment Insurance During Week Before Entry						
Yes	(9)	(10)	(9)	(12)	(6)	*
No	91	90	91	88	94	*
Annual Family Income Year Prior to Entry						
Less than $1,000	(10)	(10)	(9)	(13)	(7)	*
$1,000-1,999	(8)	(11)	(8)	(3)	(11)	*
$2,000-2,999	(11)	(9)	(12)	(12)	(12)	*
$3,000-3,999	(10)	(9)	(9)	(12)	(10)	*
$4,000-5,999	16	(18)	(15)	(17)	(14)	*
$6,000-7,499	(9)	(8)	(10)	(5)	(11)	*
$7,500-9,999	(9)	(7)	(11)	(10)	(7)	*
$10,000-14,999	13	(12)	(14)	(14)	(11)	*
$15,000 or more	14	(16)	(11)	(15)	(17)	*
Enrollee Earnings Year Prior to Entry						
No earnings	29	(35)	(28)	(25)	(26)	*
$0.01- 999	21	(20)	(24)	(15)	(23)	*
$1,000-1,999	16	(21)	(14)	(20)	(13)	*
$2,000-3,999	20	(12)	(23)	(23)	(22)	*
$4,000-5,999	(8)	(5)	(6)	(11)	(10)	*
$6,000-7,999	(4)	(2)	(4)	(4)	(6)	*
$8,000 or more	(2)	(4)	(1)	(2)	(1)	*

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 20. (Continued)

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
PRE-CETA YEAR EXPERIENCE						
Education and School Status at Entry						
Less than 12 years						
In school						
8th grade or less	(1)	-	-	(1)	-	*
9th-11th grade	(2)	-	(1)	(2)	(4)	*
Out of school						
8th grade or less	(5)	(4)	(6)	(3)	(6)	*
9th-11th grade	29	(25)	34	(24)	(29)	*
12 years or more						
In school	(11)	(8)	(4)	(19)	(21)	*
Out of school	52	63	55	(52)	(39)	*
Labor Force Status at Entry						
Employed	18	(15)	(20)	(16)	(21)	*
Employed and in school	(1)	-	(1)	(2)	-	*
In school and employed	(1)	-	-	(2)	(1)	*
Unemployed	61	65	66	(54)	57	*
In school or training	(10)	(13)	(5)	(17)	(10)	*
In armed forces	-	(1)	-	(1)	-	*
Other out of labor force	(9)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(12)	*
School or Training Status at Selected Pre-CETA Time Points						
In school or training at:						
12 months prior	24	(35)	(24)	(22)	(17)	*
9 months prior	24	(35)	(17)	(20)	(31)	*
6 months prior	22	(27)	(11)	(31)	(30)	*
3 months prior	18	(15)	(11)	(27)	(22)	*
1 month prior	13	(16)	(6)	(23)	(12)	*
Day prior to entry	(11)	(13)	(6)	(19)	(10)	*
Not in school or training at:						
12 months prior	76	65	76	78	83	*
9 months prior	76	65	83	80	69	*
6 months prior	78	73	89	69	70	*
3 months prior	82	85	89	73	78	*
1 month prior	87	84	94	77	88	*
Day prior to entry	89	87	94	81	90	*
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year						
Predominantly employed (>90% of time)	(5)	(5)	(4)	(8)	(6)	*
Predominantly unemployed (≥50% of time)	38	(37)	47	(31)	(29)	*
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	24	(26)	(25)	(24)	(21)	*
Predominantly not in labor force (≥50% of time)	24	(24)	(13)	(32)	(34)	*
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	(9)	(8)	(10)	(6)	(10)	*
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category						
Employed	25	21	23	28	25	*
Employed and in school	3	3	4	2	2	*
In school and employed	5	7	2	8	7	*
Unemployed	41	39	49	35	34	*
In school or training	14	18	10	16	17	*
In armed forces	4	4	4	4	3	*
Other out of labor force	8	9	6	7	9	*

Table 21. Distribution of enrollees by enrollment period and by selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled in direct referral during FY 1978 and FY 1977

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
Estimated Total New Enrollees	30,400	(5,800)	8,100	8,200	8,300	26,700
Percent	100	(100)	100	100	100	100
PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Sex						
Male	59	(50)	(68)	(57)	(58)	55
Female	41	(50)	(32)	(43)	(42)	45
Age at Entry						
15 and younger	(1)	(2)	(1)	-	(1)	(1)
16-17	(16)	(17)	(15)	(16)	(15)	(11)
18-19	41	(36)	(43)	(43)	(41)	43
20	(23)	(30)	(20)	(19)	(24)	(24)
21	(20)	(15)	(20)	(22)	(19)	(21)
22 and older	-	-	-	-	-	-
Minority Status						
White, excluding Hispanic	54	(52)	(59)	(50)	(54)	45
Black, excluding Hispanic	31	(32)	(27)	(32)	(31)	40
Hispanic	(12)	(14)	(10)	(12)	(12)	(13)
Other	(4)	(3)	(4)	(6)	(3)	(2)
Education at Entry						
8th grade or less	(4)	(3)	(6)	(2)	(5)	(7)
9th-11th grade	41	(46)	(44)	(40)	(37)	36
12th or equivalent	42	(41)	(41)	(40)	(46)	42
Beyond high school	(12)	(10)	(10)	(18)	(12)	(15)
School Status at Entry						
In school	28	(24)	(22)	(30)	(36)	(24)
Out of school	72	(76)	(78)	(70)	(64)	76
Veteran Status at Entry						
Special	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vietnam era	(2)	(3)	(2)	(1)	(3)	(5)
Other veteran	(6)	(7)	(7)	(5)	(5)	(3)
Nonveteran	92	(90)	(90)	95	92	92
Head of Family Status at Entry						
Head of family						
1 person	(13)	(17)	(16)	(12)	(7)	(10)
2 persons or more	(12)	(6)	(18)	(10)	(14)	(12)
Not head of family	75	(77)	(65)	(78)	(79)	78
Family Size at Entry						
1	(13)	(17)	(18)	(12)	(7)	(10)
2	(12)	(10)	(12)	(12)	(14)	(17)
3-6	60	(66)	(60)	(59)	(59)	56
7 or more	(14)	(7)	(11)	(17)	(20)	(16)
Dependents at Entry						
0	80	(84)	(78)	(80)	(79)	71
1	(13)	(10)	(12)	(14)	(16)	(18)
2-3	(7)	(7)	(10)	(6)	(4)	(9)
4 or more	-	-	-	-	(1)	(3)
Employment Barrier(s) at Entry						
Physical/Health	(8)	(6)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(7)
Criminal record	(3)	(5)	(1)	(2)	(4)	(3)
Limited English	(4)	(2)	(5)	(5)	(4)	(3)
None of the above	86	(87)	(87)	(87)	(84)	88
Other barrier(s)	(9)	(6)	(12)	(9)	(8)	(9)

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 21. (Continued)

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
ECONOMIC BACKGROUND CHARACTERISTICS						
Primary Wage Earner at Entry						
Yes	26	(30)	(34)	(22)	(20)	46
No	74	(70)	(66)	(78)	(80)	54
Pre-Enrollment Economic Status						
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level						
Yes	59	(52)	(67)	(57)	(58)	*
No	41	(48)	(33)	(43)	(42)	*
At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	68	(66)	(70)	(65)	(71)	*
No	32	(34)	(30)	(35)	(29)	*
At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	63	(55)	(67)	(60)	(68)	*
No	37	(45)	(33)	(40)	(32)	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	72	(69)	(75)	(70)	(72)	*
No	28	(31)	(25)	(30)	(28)	*
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level						
Yes	68	(61)	(75)	(65)	(70)	*
No	32	(39)	(25)	(35)	(30)	*
Family Receiving Public Benefit(s) at Entry						
AFDC	(11)	(10)	(10)	(9)	(13)	(12)
Supplemental Security Income	(3)	(2)	(3)	(2)	(3)	(3)
Other public assistance	(4)	(2)	(6)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Food stamps	(12)	(10)	(13)	(7)	(16)	(18)
Housing assistance	(9)	(12)	(8)	(9)	(9)	(8)
Not receiving benefits	77	(82)	(76)	(78)	(74)	72
Enrollee Receiving Unemployment Insurance During Week Before Entry						
Yes	(2)	(3)	(1)	(1)	(2)	*
No	98	(97)	99	99	98	*
Annual Family Income Year Prior to Entry						
Less than $1,000	(6)	(8)	(8)	(6)	(3)	(9)
$1,000-1,999	(4)	(5)	(9)	(1)	(4)	(6)
$2,000-2,999	(8)	(12)	(8)	(9)	(4)	(7)
$3,000-3,999	(8)	(9)	(5)	(8)	(8)	(10)
$4,000-5,999	(11)	(4)	(10)	(13)	(13)	(18)
$6,000-7,499	(9)	(13)	(8)	(7)	(8)	(8)
$7,500-9,999	(8)	(11)	(10)	(4)	(8)	(11)
$10,000-14,999	(16)	(21)	(12)	(19)	(14)	(12)
$15,000 or more	30	(17)	(30)	(32)	(38)	(18)
Enrollee Earnings Year Prior to Entry						
No earnings	(24)	(21)	(31)	(21)	(22)	(28)
$0.01- 999	(21)	(22)	(23)	(20)	(20)	(20)
$1,000-1,999	(15)	(14)	(13)	(16)	(18)	(16)
$2,000-3,999	(16)	(20)	(20)	(15)	(12)	(20)
$4,000-5,999	(14)	(13)	(7)	(15)	(19)	(13)
$6,000-7,999	(7)	(7)	(4)	(11)	(7)	(2)
$8,000 or more	(3)	(2)	(3)	(2)	(3)	(1)

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 21. (Continued)

	Enrollment Period					
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Selected Characteristics	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
PRE-CETA YEAR EXPERIENCE						
Education and School Status at Entry						
Less than 12 years						
In school						
8th grade or less	-	-	(1)	-	-	(2)
9th-11th grade	(13)	(18)	(11)	(10)	(14)	(10)
Out of school						
8th grade or less	(4)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(5)	(6)
9th-11th grade	28	(28)	(32)	(30)	(23)	(27)
12 years or more						
In school	(15)	(6)	(10)	(20)	(22)	(12)
Out of school	40	(45)	(41)	(38)	(36)	44
Labor Force Status at Entry						
Employed	29	(25)	(26)	(28)	(34)	(24)
Employed and in school	(1)	(2)	(1)	(1)	(1)	-
In school and employed	(2)	(5)	(3)	(2)	(1)	(1)
Unemployed	43	(39)	(41)	(42)	(48)	51
In school or training	(15)	(18)	(21)	(17)	(7)	(15)
In armed forces	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other out of labor force	(9)	(10)	(8)	(10)	(10)	(9)
School or Training Status at Selected Pre-CETA Time Points						
In school or training at:						
12 months prior	33	(48)	(43)	(33)	(11)	32
9 months prior	35	(44)	(33)	(27)	(40)	30
6 months prior	32	(38)	(14)	(39)	(38)	29
3 months prior	29	(17)	(29)	(37)	(30)	(23)
1 month prior	25	(27)	(29)	(30)	(16)	(20)
Day prior to entry	(18)	(22)	(24)	(19)	(8)	(16)
Not in school or training at:						
12 months prior	67	(52)	(57)	(67)	(89)	68
9 months prior	65	(56)	(67)	(73)	(60)	70
6 months prior	68	(62)	(86)	(61)	(62)	71
3 months prior	71	(83)	(71)	(63)	(70)	77
1 month prior	75	(73)	(71)	(70)	(84)	80
Day prior to entry	82	(78)	(76)	(81)	92	84
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year						
Predominantly employed (>90% of time)	(12)	(13)	(6)	(14)	(13)	(9)
Predominantly unemployed (>50% of time)	(20)	(11)	(28)	(18)	(20)	(23)
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	(15)	(24)	(15)	(9)	(13)	(18)
Predominantly not in labor force (>50% of time)	38	(41)	(34)	(41)	(36)	35
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	(16)	(12)	(17)	(17)	(18)	(14)
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category						
Employed	31	27	28	34	34	28
Employed and in school	4	6	2	4	4	5
In school and employed	10	14	10	11	5	8
Unemployed	25	21	32	21	24	28
In school or training	20	20	18	19	23	18
In armed forces	1	1	1	1	3	2
Other out of labor force	10	12	9	10	7	11

Table 22. Distribution of enrollees who were in school or training at selected pre-CETA time points by initial program assignment and type of school or training: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled during FY 1978

Initial Program Assignment and Type of School or Training	Pre-CETA Time Points	
	12 Months	3 Months
CETA PROGRAMS SERVING YOUTH (TOTAL)		
Estimated Total New Enrollees in School or Training	528,400	1,040,900
Percent	100	100
Regular School		
In school or training only	78	82
In school and employed	6	6
College		
In school or training only	7	6
In school and employed	(2)	(1)
Vocational High School		
In school or training only	(1)	(1)
In school and employed	-	-
Business School		
In school or training only	(1)	(1)
In school and employed	-	-
Technical Institute		
In school or training only	(1)	(1)
In school and employed	-	-
On-the-Job Training		
In school or training only	-	-
In school and employed	-	-
Manpower Training Program		
In school or training only	(2)	(1)
In school and employed	-	-
Other School or Training		
In school or training only	(2)	(1)
In school and employed	-	-
NONSUMMER YOUTH PROGRAMS (TOTAL)		
Estimated Total New Enrollees in School or Training	257,600	216,900
Percent	100	100
Regular School		
In school or training only	85	79
In school and employed	7	7
College		
In school or training only	3	5
In school and employed	(1)	(1)
Vocational High School		
In school or training only	(1)	(2)
In school and employed	-	-
Business School		
In school or training only	(1)	(2)
In school and employed	-	-
Technical Institute		
In school or training only	-	-
In school and employed	-	-
On-the-Job Training		
In school or training only	-	-
In school and employed	-	-
Manpower Training Program		
In school or training only	-	(1)
In school and employed	-	-
Other School or Training		
In school or training only	(2)	(2)
In school and employed	-	-

(This table is continued on the following page.)

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Table 22. (Continued)

Initial Program Assignment and Type of School or Training	Pre-CETA Time Points	
	12 Months	3 Months
YEDPA PROGRAMS IN CLMS (TOTAL)		
Estimated Total New Enrollees in School or Training	135,500	142,500
Percent	100	100
Regular School		
In school or training only	87	83
In school and employed	6	8
College		
In school or training only	(2)	(3)
In school and employed	(1)	(1)
Vocational High School		
In school or training only	(1)	(2)
In school and employed	-	-
Business School		
In school or training only	-	-
In school and employed	-	-
Technical Institute		
In school or training only	-	-
In school and employed	-	-
On-the-Job Training		
In school or training only	-	-
In school and employed	-	-
Manpower Training Program		
In school or training only	(1)	(1)
In school and employed	-	-
Other School or Training		
In school or training only	(1)	(1)
In school and employed	-	-
YETP (TOTAL)[1]		
Estimated Total New Enrollees in School or Training	123,100	129,700
Percent	100	100
Regular School		
In school or training only	88	84
In school and employed	7	8
College		
In school or training only	(2)	(3)
In school and employed	(1)	(1)
Vocational High School		
In school or training only	(1)	(2)
In school and employed	-	-
Business School		
In school or training only	-	-
In school and employed	-	-
Technical Institute		
In school or training only	-	-
In school and employed	-	-
On-the-Job Training		
In school or training only	-	-
In school and employed	-	-
Manpower Training Program		
In school or training only	(1)	(1)
In school and employed	-	-
Other School or Training		
In school or training only	(1)	(1)
In school and employed	-	-

[1] Includes YETP - No Assignment Shown.

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 22. (Continued)

Initial Program Assignment and Type of School or Training	Pre-CETA Time Points	
	12 Months	3 Months
YETP - CLASSROOM TRAINING		
Estimated Total New Enrollees in School or Training	15,400	14,100
Percent	100	100
Regular School		
In school or training only	80	74
In school and employed	(8)	(9)
College		
In school or training only	(3)	(4)
In school and employed	(1)	(2)
Vocational High School		
In school or training only	(2)	(4)
In school and employed	-	-
Business School		
In school or training only	-	-
In school and employed	-	-
Technical Institute		
In school or training only	(1)	(1)
In school and employed	-	-
On-the-Job Training		
In school or training only	-	-
In school and employed	-	-
Manpower Training Program		
In school or training only	(2)	(3)
In school and employed	-	-
Other School or Training		
In school or training only	(2)	(2)
In school and employed	(1)	(1)
YETP - ON-THE-JOB TRAINING		
Estimated Total New Enrollees in School or Training	(2,700)	(3,400)
Percent	(100)	(100)
Regular School		
In school or training only	(73)	(72)
In school and employed	(8)	(8)
College		
In school or training only	(3)	(9)
In school and employed	(11)	(6)
Vocational High School		
In school or training only	-	-
In school and employed	-	-
Business School		
In school or training only	-	-
In school and employed	-	-
Technical Institute		
In school or training only	-	(2)
In school and employed	(3)	-
On-the-Job Training		
In school or training only	-	-
In school and employed	-	-
Manpower Training Program		
In school or training only	(3)	(2)
In school and employed	-	-
Other School or Training		
In school or training only	-	-
In school and employed	-	-

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 22. (Continued)

Initial Program Assignment and Type of School or Training	Pre-CETA Time Points	
	12 Months	3 Months
YETP - WORK EXPERIENCE		
Estimated Total New Enrollees in School or Training	94,600	102,000
Percent	100	100
Regular School		
In school or training only	89	86
In school and employed	(6)	8
College		
In school or training only	(2)	(2)
In school and employed	-	-
Vocational High School		
In school or training only	(1)	(1)
In school and employed	-	-
Business School		
In school or training only	-	-
In school and employed	-	-
Technical Institute		
In school or training only	-	-
In school and employed	-	-
On-the-Job Training		
In school or training only	-	-
In school and employed	-	-
Manpower Training Program		
In school or training only	-	(1)
In school and employed	-	-
Other School or Training		
In school or training only	(1)	(1)
In school and employed	-	-
YCCIP		
Estimated Total New Enrollees in School or Training	12,400	12,300
Percent	100	100
Regular School		
In school or training only	85	75
In school and employed	(6)	(7)
College		
In school or training only	(2)	(5)
In school and employed	(1)	(1)
Vocational High School		
In school or training only	(1)	(2)
In school and employed	-	-
Business School		
In school or training only	-	-
In school and employed	-	-
Technical Institute		
In school or training only	(1)	(1)
In school and employed	-	-
On-the-Job Training		
In school or training only	-	-
In school and employed	-	-
Manpower Training Program		
In school or training only	(1)	(3)
In school and employed	-	-
Other School or Training		
In school or training only	(4)	(5)
In school and employed	-	-

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 22. (Continued)

Initial Program Assignment and Type of School or Training	Pre-CETA Time Points	
	12 Months	3 Months
YOUTH WORK EXPERIENCE		
Estimated Total New Enrollees in School or Training	122,100	74,400
Percent	100	100
Regular School		
In school or training only	82	72
In school and employed	8	(7)
College		
In school or training only	(3)	(9)
In school and employed	(1)	(2)
Vocational High School		
In school or training only	(1)	(2)
In school and employed	-	-
Business School		
In school or training only	(2)	(4)
In school and employed	-	-
Technical Institute		
In school or training only	-	-
In school and employed	-	-
On-the-Job Training		
In school or training only	-	-
In school and employed	-	-
Manpower Training Program		
In school or training only	-	(2)
In school and employed	-	-
Other School or Training		
In school or training only	(2)	(3)
In school and employed	-	-
SUMMER YOUTH PROGRAMS		
Estimated Total New Enrollees in School or Training	177,100	760,600
Percent	100	100
Regular School		
In school or training only	82	86
In school and employed	(2)	5
College		
In school or training only	(6)	5
In school and employed	(2)	(1)
Vocational High School		
In school or training only	(1)	(1)
In school and employed	-	-
Business School		
In school or training only	-	-
In school and employed	-	-
Technical Institute		
In school or training only	(1)	(1)
In school and employed	-	-
On-the-Job Training		
In school or training only	-	-
In school and employed	-	-
Manpower Training Program		
In school or training only	(4)	-
In school and employed	-	-
Other School or Training		
In school or training only	(2)	(1)
In school and employed	(1)	-

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 22. (Continued)

Initial Program Assignment and Type of School or Training	Pre-CETA Time Points	
	12 Months	3 Months
OTHER CETA PROGRAMS (TOTAL)[1]		
Estimated Total New Enrollees in School or Training	93,700	63,400
Percent	100	100
Regular School		
In school or training only	52	38
In school and employed	10	(5)
College		
In school or training only	19	25
In school and employed	(6)	(8)
Vocational High School		
In school or training only	(2)	(2)
In school and employed	(1)	(1)
Business School		
In school or training only	(1)	(2)
In school and employed	-	-
Technical Institute		
In school or training only	(3)	(6)
In school and employed	(1)	(2)
On-the-Job Training		
In school or training only	(1)	(1)
In school and employed	-	-
Manpower Training Program		
In school or training only	(1)	(5)
In school and employed	-	-
Other School or Training		
In school or training only	(3)	(5)
In school and employed	-	-
CLASSROOM TRAINING		
Estimated Total New Enrollees in School or Training	31,200	17,600
Percent	100	100
Regular School		
In school or training only	62	46
In school and employed	(9)	(4)
College		
In school or training only	(11)	(16)
In school and employed	(4)	(7)
Vocational High School		
In school or training only	(2)	(3)
In school and employed	(1)	(1)
Business School		
In school or training only	(1)	(1)
In school and employed	-	-
Technical Institute		
In school or training only	(3)	(7)
In school and employed	-	(3)
On-the-Job Training		
In school or training only	(1)	(1)
In school and employed	-	-
Manpower Training Program		
In school or training only	(1)	(3)
In school and employed	-	(1)
Other School or Training		
In school or training only	(3)	(8)
In school and employed	(1)	-

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[1] Includes No Assignment Shown.

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 22. (Continued)

Initial Program Assignment and Type of School or Training	Pre-CETA Time Points	
	12 Months	3 Months
ON-THE-JOB TRAINING		
Estimated Total New Enrollees in School or Training	12,600	8,800
Percent	100	100
Regular School		
In school or training only	(53)	(40)
In school and employed	(16)	(8)
College		
In school or training only	(16)	(18)
In school and employed	(5)	(9)
Vocational High School		
In school or training only	-	(2)
In school and employed	(1)	(3)
Business School		
In school or training only	(1)	(3)
In school and employed	-	-
Technical Institute		
In school or training only	(4)	(9)
In school and employed	(1)	(2)
On-the-Job Training		
In school or training only	(1)	(2)
In school and employed	-	-
Manpower Training Program		
In school or training only	(1)	(5)
In school and employed	-	-
Other School or Training		
In school or training only	(2)	-
In school and employed	-	-
PUBLIC SERVICE EMPLOYMENT (TOTAL)[1]		
Estimated Total New Enrollees in School or Training	34,700	25,000
Percent	100	100
Regular School		
In school or training only	39	(25)
In school and employed	(9)	(5)
College		
In school or training only	30	37
In school and employed	(7)	(4)
Vocational High School		
In school or training only	(4)	(3)
In school and employed	-	-
Business School		
In school or training only	(2)	(2)
In school and employed	(1)	-
Technical Institute		
In school or training only	(3)	(5)
In school and employed	(1)	(1)
On-the-Job Training		
In school or training only	(1)	(2)
In school and employed	-	-
Manpower Training Program		
In school or training only	(1)	(6)
In school and employed	-	-
Other School or Training		
In school or training only	(3)	(5)
In school and employed	-	-

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[1] Includes PSE Unknown.

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 22. (Continued)

Initial Program Assignment and Type of School or Training	Pre-CETA Time Points	
	12 Months	3 Months
PSE SUSTAINMENT		
Estimated Total New Enrollees in School or Training	18,000	13,000
Percent	100	100
Regular School		
In school or training only	(38)	(25)
In school and employed	(10)	(7)
College		
In school or training only	(28)	(38)
In school and employed	(8)	(7)
Vocational High School		
In school or training only	(5)	(3)
In school and employed	-	-
Business School		
In school or training only	(2)	(3)
In school and employed	(1)	-
Technical Institute		
In school or training only	(4)	(7)
In school and employed	(1)	(1)
On-the-Job Training		
In school or training only	-	(1)
In school and employed	-	-
Manpower Training Program		
In school or training only	(2)	(5)
In school and employed	-	-
Other School or Training		
In school or training only	(2)	(3)
In school and employed	-	(1)
PSE NONSUSTAINMENT		
Estimated Total New Enrollees in School or Training	16,600	11,800
Percent	100	100
Regular School		
In school or training only	(40)	(25)
In school and employed	(8)	(1)
College		
In school or training only	(33)	(36)
In school and employed	(7)	(12)
Vocational High School		
In school or training only	(3)	(2)
In school and employed	-	-
Business School		
In school or training only	(2)	(1)
In school and employed	-	-
Technical Institute		
In school or training only	(2)	(3)
In school and employed	-	(1)
On-the-Job Training		
In school or training only	(2)	(3)
In school and employed	-	-
Manpower Training Program		
In school or training only	-	(8)
In school and employed	-	-
Other School or Training		
In school or training only	(4)	(7)
In school and employed	-	-

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 22. (Continued)

Initial Program Assignment and Type of School or Training	Pre-CETA Time Points	
	12 Months	3 Months
DIRECT REFERRAL		
Estimated Total New Enrollees in School or Training	9,900	8,800
Percent	100	100
Regular School		
In school or training only	(60)	(59)
In school and employed	(11)	(6)
College		
In school or training only	(17)	(23)
In school and employed	(5)	(7)
Vocational High School		
In school or training only	(2)	(1)
In school and employed	-	-
Business School		
In school or training only	-	-
In school and employed	-	-
Technical Institute		
In school or training only	(1)	(1)
In school and employed	(1)	-
On-the-Job Training		
In school or training only	-	(1)
In school and employed	-	-
Manpower Training Program		
In school or training only	(1)	(1)
In school and employed	-	-
Other School or Training		
In school or training only	(3)	(1)
In school and employed	-	-

Table 23. Median pre-CETA year earnings of enrollees by enrollment period and by initial program assignment: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled during FY 1978 and FY 1977

Initial Program Assignment	FY 1978	Enrollment Period				
		Quarters of FY 1978				Prior Year FY 1977
		Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	
CETA Programs Serving Youth (total)	$ 190	$ 730	$ 530	$ 280	$ -	$ 130
Nonsummer Youth Programs (total)	370	490	260	410	330	350
YEDPA (total)	240	*	190	280	330	*
YETP (total)[1]	200	*	120	250	300	*
YETP - Classroom Training	180	*	250	180	80	*
YETP - On-the-Job Training	880	*	1,480	470	1,160	*
YETP - Work Experience	180	*	100	270	290	*
YCCIP	550	*	710	410	480	*
Youth Work Experience	480	490	420	640	340	350
Summer Youth Programs	-	*	*	120	-	-
Other CETA Programs (total)[2]	1,320	1,340	1,220	1,460	1,300	940
Classroom Training	1,030	1,170	1,010	850	1,080	900
On-the-Job Training	2,520	2,270	2,830	2,660	2,140	1,604
Public Service Employment (total)[3]	1,280	1,340	1,120	1,570	1,040	*
PSE Sustainment	1,520	1,750	1,370	1,650	1,070	1,010
PSE Nonsustainment	1,020	760	900	1,530	1,030	*
Direct Referral	1,340	1,450	840	1,580	1,480	1,120

[1] Includes YETP - No Assignment Shown.

[2] Includes No Assignment Shown.

[3] Includes PSE Unknown.

Table 24. Median pre-CETA year family income of enrollees by enrollment period and by initial program assignment: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled during FY 1978 and FY 1977

		Enrollment Period				
		Quarters of FY 1978				
Initial Program Assignment	FY 1978	Oct.-Dec. 1977	Jan.-March 1978	April-June 1978	July-Sept. 1978	Prior Year FY 1977
CETA Programs Serving Youth (total)	$6,180	$5,980	$5,900	$6,120	$6,330	$5,640
Nonsummer Youth Programs (total)	5,980	5,880	5,830	5,910	6,500	5,620
YEDPA (total)	6,260	*	5,910	6,420	6,500	*
YETP (total)[1]	6,180	*	5,920	6,350	6,550	*
YETP - Classroom Training	5,800	*	5,620	6,060	5,840	*
YETP - On-the-Job Training	7,740	*	6,700	7,360	9,520	*
YETP - Work Experience	6,140	*	5,500	7,660	6,450	*
YCCIP	6,300	*	5,860	6,970	6,220	*
Youth Work Experience	5,760	5,880	5,580	5,240	6,510	5,620
Summer Youth Programs	6,260	*	*	6,220	6,280	5,660
Other CETA Programs (total)[2]	6,240	6,140	6,040	6,190	6,730	5,600
Classroom Training	6,000	6,020	6,020	5,580	6,400	5,280
On-the-Job Training	7,250	6,920	6,230	8,550	8,860	6,660
Public Service Employment (total)[3]	5,800	5,680	5,960	5,520	6,035	*
PSE Sustainment	6,570	6,240	6,090	5,810	7,540	6,140
PSE Nonsustainment	5,360	5,190	5,500	5,210	5,470	*
Direct Referral	8,870	7,390	7,870	10,300	10,520	5,960

[1] Includes YETP - No Assignment Shown.

[2] Includes No Assignment Shown.

[3] Includes PSE Unknown.

Table 25. Distribution of enrollees by sex and minority status and by major IPA aggregate and selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled during FY 1978

Major IPA Aggregate and Selected Characteristics	Sex and Minority Status							
	Male				Female			
	White, ex. Hispanic	Black, ex. Hispanic	Hispanic	Other	White, ex. Hispanic	Black, ex. Hispanic	Hispanic	Other
CETA PROGRAMS SERVING YOUTH (TOTAL)								
Estimated Total New Enrollees	364,600	320,700	88,900	32,000	282,000	354,500	87,300	37,300
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Age at Entry								
15 and younger	25	25	30	(24)	22	25	33	(27)
16-17	32	37	36	(38)	34	38	24	(39)
18-19	25	24	22	(25)	28	23	31	(21)
20	9	7	(6)	(6)	8	8	(7)	(8)
21	8	6	(6)	(7)	8	5	(5)	(6)
22 and older	-	-	-	-	(1)	(1)	-	-
Education and School Status at Entry								
Less than 12 years								
In school								
8th grade or less	16	15	17	(14)	8	7	(17)	(8)
9th-11th grade	36	49	45	(46)	41	54	41	53
Out of school								
8th grade or less	5	(1)	(4)	(5)	(3)	(1)	(5)	(3)
9th-11th grade	17	12	(15)	(9)	11	8	(10)	(7)
12 years or more								
In school	8	12	(7)	(15)	15	16	(17)	(19)
Out of school	18	10	(12)	(12)	22	14	(10)	(10)
Head of Family Status at Entry								
Head of family								
1 person	12	5	(4)	(13)	11	(4)	(4)	(6)
2 persons or more	9	6	(7)	(10)	9	7	(6)	(6)
Not head of family	79	88	88	77	80	88	91	88
Primary Wage Earner at Entry								
Yes	20	12	(14)	(19)	19	12	(10)	(12)
No	80	88	86	81	81	88	90	88
Pre-Enrollment Economic Status								
Receiving Cash Welfare/ Below OMB Poverty Level								
Yes	67	85	79	87	72	84	84	79
No	33	15	21	(13)	28	16	(16)	(21)
At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level								
Yes	79	87	90	92	80	92	95	83
No	21	13	(10)	(8)	20	8	(5)	(17)
At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level								
Yes	72	83	85	91	74	87	92	82
No	28	17	(15)	(9)	26	13	(8)	(18)
Receiving Cash Welfare/ Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level								
Yes	82	91	92	94	84	94	96	83
No	18	9	(8)	(6)	16	6	(4)	(17)
Receiving Cash Welfare/ Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level								
Yes	77	89	86	93	80	90	92	82
No	23	11	(14)	(7)	20	10	(8)	(18)

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 25. (Continued)

Major IPA Aggregate and Selected Characteristics	Sex and Minority Status							
	Male				Female			
	White, ex. Hispanic	Black, ex. Hispanic	Hispanic	Other	White, ex. Hispanic	Black, ex. Hispanic	Hispanic	Other
CETA PROGRAMS SERVING YOUTH (TOTAL)								
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year								
Predominantly employed (>90% of time)	5	(2)	(3)	(5)	(3)	(2)	(2)	-
Predominantly unemployed (≥50% of time)	13	12	(10)	(6)	10	12	(8)	(6
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	12	10	(6)	(6)	11	8	(7)	(5
Predominantly not in labor force (≥50% of time)	63	72	71	72	67	74	79	87
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	8	(3)	(9)	(11)	9	(4)	(4)	(1)
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category								
Employed	20	12	16	21	16	10	12	9
Employed and in school	2	1	2	1	2	2	2	-
In school and employed	13	11	10	14	15	8	10	13
Unemployed	17	18	15	12	15	17	12	9
In school or training	37	51	48	44	39	54	52	37
In armed forces	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
Other out of labor force	9	6	8	8	13	9	12	12

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 25. (Continued)

Major IPA Aggregate and Selected Characteristics	Sex and Minority Status							
	Male				Female			
	White, ex. Hispanic	Black, ex. Hispanic	Hispanic	Other	White, ex. Hispanic	Black, ex. Hispanic	Hispanic	Other
NONSUMMER YOUTH PROGRAMS								
Estimated Total New Enrollees	101,700	77,000	22,300	(6,300)	90,700	72,700	21,400	7,900
Percent	100	100	100	(100)	100	100	100	-
Age at Entry								
15 and younger	16	18	(15)	(21)	14	(9)	(13)	(8)
16-17	48	47	51	(47)	46	48	44	(39)
18-19	26	26	(29)	(24)	29	30	(29)	(33)
20	(6)	(6)	(2)	(5)	(6)	(8)	(11)	(17)
21	(3)	(2)	(3)	(2)	(5)	(5)	(3)	(2)
22 and older	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Education and School Status at Entry								
Less than 12 years								
In school								
8th grade or less	13	11	(14)	(9)	(6)	(5)	(7)	(5)
9th-11th grade	41	49	48	(48)	43	47	48	(40)
Out of school								
8th grade or less	(7)	(3)	(4)	(3)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)
9th-11th grade	18	18	(19)	(20)	15	13	(19)	(10)
12 years or more								
In school	8	10	(6)	(10)	16	18	(13)	(12)
Out of school	12	(8)	(8)	(9)	16	16	(10)	(30)
Head of Family Status at Entry								
Head of family								
1 person	11	(4)	(5)	(10)	13	(2)	(4)	(8)
2 persons or more	(6)	(5)	(10)	(8)	9	(9)	(10)	(7)
Not head of family	83	92	85	(82)	78	89	85	(84)
Primary Wage Earner at Entry								
Yes	19	11	(18)	(20)	22	11	(12)	(20)
No	81	89	82	(80)	78	89	88	(80)
Pre-Enrollment Economic Status								
Receiving Cash Welfare/ Below OMB Poverty Level								
Yes	71	86	72	(76)	74	86	83	(77)
No	29	14	(28)	(24)	26	14	(17)	(23)
At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level								
Yes	83	88	88	(86)	84	93	93	(83)
No	17	12	(12)	(14)	16	(7)	(7)	(17)
At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level								
Yes	75	84	78	(84)	77	89	88	(80)
No	25	16	(22)	(16)	23	11	(12)	(20)
Receiving Cash Welfare/ Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level								
Yes	86	94	89	(91)	88	94	95	(84)
No	14	(6)	(11)	(9)	12	(6)	(5)	(16)
Receiving Cash Welfare/ Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level								
Yes	79	91	80	(90)	82	92	90	(82)
No	21	(9)	(20)	(10)	18	(8)	(10)	(18)

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 25. (Continued)

Major IPA Aggregate and Selected Characteristics	Sex and Minority Status							
	Male				Female			
	White, ex. Hispanic	Black, ex. Hispanic	Hispanic	Other	White, ex. Hispanic	Black, ex. Hispanic	Hispanic	Other
NONSUMMER YOUTH PROGRAMS								
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year								
Predominantly employed (>90% of time)	(4)	(4)	(4)	-	(2)	(3)	(2)	(1)
Predominantly unemployed (≥50% of time)	12	14	(8)	(10)	9	14	(8)	(18)
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	11	(9)	(9)	(8)	10	(10)	(8)	(7)
Predominantly not in labor force (≥50% of time)	64	69	67	(74)	72	70	74	(71)
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	9	(4)	(11)	(9)	(8)	(2)	(8)	(3)
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category								
Employed	21	14	18	(14)	15	11	15	13
Employed and in school	2	3	3	(1)	2	2	2	1
In school and employed	20	14	18	(21)	22	20	16	11
Unemployed	17	18	13	(13)	14	18	12	16
In school or training	32	46	40	(36)	34	41	43	49
In armed forces	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other out of labor force	8	5	7	(13)	14	8	11	9

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 25. (Continued)

Major IPA Aggregate and Selected Characteristics	Sex and Minority Status							
	Male				Female			
	White, ex. Hispanic	Black, ex. Hispanic	Hispanic	Other	White, ex. Hispanic	Black, ex. Hispanic	Hispanic	Other
SUMMER YOUTH PROGRAMS								
Estimated Total New Enrollees	153,700	193,800	47,700	21.200	127,500	232,500	51,200	26,300
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Age at Entry								
15 and younger	47	35	49	(29)	40	35	50	(35)
16-17	38	41	(40)	(42)	38	41	(20)	(43)
18-19	(13)	20	(11)	(21)	(17)	16	(28)	(16)
20	(2)	(2)	-	(4)	(1)	(4)	(2)	(3)
21	-	(2)	-	(4)	(3)	(1)	-	(3)
22 and older	(1)	-	-	-	(1)	(2)	-	-
Education and School Status at Entry								
Less than 12 years								
In school								
8th grade or less	29	20	(24)	(17)	(14)	(9)	(26)	(9)
9th-11th grade	53	60	59	(54)	(59)	66	47	(62)
Out of school								
8th grade or less	(3)	-	(2)	(4)	(2)	(1)	(5)	(3)
9th-11th grade	(5)	(4)	(6)	(4)	(3)	(3)	-	(3)
12 years or more								
In school	(8)	12	(6)	(17)	(16)	16	(21)	(22)
Out of school	(1)	(3)	(4)	(4)	(6)	(4)	(2)	-
Head of Family Status at Entry								
Head of family								
1 person	(7)	(4)	-	(11)	(4)	(3)	(2)	(4)
2 persons or more	(2)	(5)	(2)	(8)	(6)	(5)	-	(3)
Not head of family	90	91	98	(80)	90	92	98	93
Primary Wage Earner at Entry								
Yes	(7)	(8)	(4)	(12)	(8)	(8)	(4)	(7)
No	93	92	96	(88)	92	92	96	93
Pre-Enrollment Economic Status								
Receiving Cash Welfare/ Below OMB Poverty Level								
Yes	75	86	86	(91)	76	83	88	(81)
No	25	14	(14)	(9)	24	17	(12)	(19)
At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level								
Yes	85	88	96	(96)	82	92	98	83
No	15	12	(4)	(4)	(18)	(7)	(2)	(17)
At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level								
Yes	80	84	93	(96)	76	86	96	83
No	20	16	(7)	(4)	24	14	(4)	(17)
Receiving Cash Welfare/ Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level								
Yes	89	91	96	(96)	88	95	98	83
No	(11)	(9)	(4)	(4)	(12)	(5)	(2)	(17)
Receiving Cash Welfare/ Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level								
Yes	85	89	93	(96)	84	90	96	83
No	15	(11)	(7)	(4)	(16)	10	(4)	(17)

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 25. (Continued)

Major IPA Aggregate and Selected Characteristics	Sex and Minority Status							
	Male				Female			
	White, ex. Hispanic	Black, ex. Hispanic	Hispanic	Other	White, ex. Hispanic	Black, ex. Hispanic	Hispanic	Other
SUMMER YOUTH PROGRAMS								
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year								
Predominantly employed (≥90% of time)	-	-	-	(4)	(1)	(1)	(2)	-
Predominantly unemployed (≥50% of time)	(6)	(6)	(6)	-	(4)	(6)	(2)	-
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	(6)	(6)	-	(4)	(8)	(5)	(4)	(3)
Predominantly not in labor force (≥50% of time)	88	86	90	(80)	84	84	91	97
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	(1)	(1)	(4)	(12)	(4)	(3)	-	-
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category								
Employed	8	8	8	20	9	9	8	6
Employed and in school	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	-
In school and employed	13	11	9	13	14	5	8	14
Unemployed	10	12	10	6	9	11	7	4
In school or training	58	62	64	53	56	66	67	64
In armed forces	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other out of labor force	10	7	8	7	11	8	9	11

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 25. (Continued)

Major IPA Aggregate and Selected Characteristics	Sex and Minority Status							
	Male				Female			
	White, ex. Hispanic	Black, ex. Hispanic	Hispanic	Other	White, ex. Hispanic	Black, ex. Hispanic	Hispanic	Other
OTHER CETA PROGRAMS[1]								
Estimated Total New Enrollees	109,200	49,900	18,900	(4,500)	68,800	49,300	14,700	(3,100)
Percent	100	100	100	(100)	100	100	100	(100)
Age at Entry								
15 and younger	(1)	-	(2)	(2)	-	(1)	(1)	-
16-17	9	(8)	(5)	(6)	(10)	(8)	(10)	(5)
18-19	42	40	44	(45)	46	43	(43)	(39)
20	22	27	(24)	(15)	20	23	(21)	(20)
21	26	25	(26)	(29)	23	24	(24)	(36)
22 and older	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Education and School Status at Entry								
Less than 12 years								
In school								
8th grade or less	(1)	(1)	(2)	(3)	-	-	(2)	-
9th-11th grade	(5)	(7)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(9)	(8)
Out of school								
8th grade or less	(7)	(3)	(8)	(11)	(4)	(3)	(11)	(2)
9th-11th grade	32	36	(36)	(17)	18	22	(30)	(33)
12 years or more								
In school	9	(11)	(11)	(12)	14	(15)	(11)	(11)
Out of school	46	42	(40)	(53)	59	54	(37)	(46)
Head of Family Status at Entry								
Head of family								
1 person	19	(13)	(14)	(26)	19	(10)	(11)	(20)
2 persons or more	20	(13)	(19)	(17)	14	20	(18)	(20)
Not head of family	60	74	67	(57)	66	70	71	(59)
Primary Wage Earner at Entry								
Yes	38	27	(36)	(46)	33	32	(29)	(29)
No	62	73	64	(54)	67	68	71	(71)
Pre-Enrollment Economic Status								
Receiving Cash Welfare/ Below OMB Poverty Level								
Yes	54	78	67	(80)	61	84	72	(76)
No	46	22	(33)	(20)	39	(16)	(28)	(24)
At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level								
Yes	65	85	79	(82)	70	88	87	(87)
No	35	(15)	(21)	(18)	30	(12)	(13)	(13)
At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level								
Yes	59	80	72	(80)	65	85	80	(81)
No	41	20	(28)	(20)	35	(15)	(20)	(19)
Receiving Cash Welfare/ Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level								
Yes	68	87	83	(88)	74	91	88	(87)
No	32	(13)	(17)	(12)	26	(9)	(12)	(13)
Receiving Cash Welfare/ Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level								
Yes	63	84	77	(86)	69	89	83	(81)
No	37	16	(23)	(14)	31	(11)	(17)	(19)

[1] Includes No Assignment Shown.

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 25. (Continued)

Major IPA Aggregate and Selected Characteristics	Sex and Minority Status							
	Male				Female			
	White, ex. Hispanic	Black, ex. Hispanic	Hispanic	Other	White, ex. Hispanic	Black, ex. Hispanic	Hispanic	Other
OTHER CETA PROGRAMS								
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year								
Predominantly employed (>90% of time)	12	(6)	(11)	(13)	(7)	(5)	(4)	(4)
Predominantly unemployed (≥50% of time)	23	34	(22)*	(31)	22	36	(25)	(27)
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	20	23	(19)	(15)	20	(14)	(16)	(18)
Predominantly not in labor force (≥50% of time)	26	28	(30)	(30)	34	36	(48)	(43)
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	18	(9)	(18)	(8)	18	(9)	(10)	(8)
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category								
Employed	38	24	35	(30)	29	18	21	(26)
Employed and in school	4	3	5	(1)	5	3	2	(1)
In school and employed	6	5	4	(10)	9	7	6	(5)
Unemployed	28	38	29	(35)	27	39	27	(31)
In school or training	12	21	21	(14)	15	21	20	(15)
In armed forces	5	4	3	(4)	-	-	-	-
Other out of labor force	7	5	6	(6)	15	13	23	(22)

Table 26. Distribution of enrollees by education and school status at entry and by major IPA aggregate and selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled during FY 1978

Major IPA Aggregate and Selected Characteristics	Education and School Status at Entry			
	Less Than 12 Years		12 Years or More	
	In School	Out of School	In School	Out of School
CETA PROGRAMS SERVING YOUTH (TOTAL)				
Estimated Total New Enrollees	894,900	233,300	201,800	237,200
Percent	100	100	100	100
Sex				
Male	52	63	39	48
Female	48	37	61	52
Age at Entry				
15 and younger	43	(4)	-	-
16-17	49	26	19	(4)
18-19	8	42	58	45
20	-	14	12	26
21	-	12	10	26
22 and older	-	(1)	(1)	(1)
Minority Status				
White, excluding Hispanic	36	51	36	54
Black, excluding Hispanic	47	32	47	36
Hispanic	12	13	11	8
Other	5	(4)	(6)	(3)
Head of Family Status at Entry				
Head of family				
1 person	3	13	10	17
2 persons or more	2	20	8	16
Not head of family	95	67	82	68
Primary Wage Earner at Entry				
Yes	5	33	18	32
No	95	67	82	68
Pre-Enrollment Economic Status				
Receiving Cash Welfare/ Below OMB Poverty Level				
Yes	82	81	72	63
No	18	19	28	37
At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level				
Yes	90	87	81	73
No	10	13	19	27
At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level				
Yes	85	82	76	65
No	15	18	24	35
Receiving Cash Welfare/ Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level				
Yes	92	90	85	76
No	8	10	15	24
Receiving Cash Welfare/ Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level				
Yes	89	86	80	70
No	11	14	20	30

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 26. (Continued)

Major IPA Aggregate and Selected Characteristics	Education and School Status at Entry			
	Less Than 12 Years		12 Years or More	
	In School	Out of School	In School	Out of School
CETA PROGRAMS SERVING YOUTH (TOTAL)				
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year				
Predominantly employed (>90% of time)	-	7	(2)	8
Predominantly unemployed (≥50% of time)	2	36	(4)	28
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	4	19	8	20
Predominantly not in labor force (≥50% of time)	92	27	80	28
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	2	11	(6)	16
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category				
Employed	7	28	12	30
Employed and in school	1	1	3	4
In school and employed	13	3	22	6
Unemployed	7	38	9	32
In school or training	63	13	48	15
In armed forces	-	1	-	3
Other out of labor force	8	15	5	10

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 26. (Continued)

Major IPA Aggregate and Selected Characteristics	Education and School Status at Entry			
	Less Than 12 Years		12 Years or More	
	In School	Out of School	In School	Out of School
NONSUMMER YOUTH PROGRAMS				
Estimated Total New Enrollees	216,700	82,500	48,600	52,000
Percent	100	100	100	100
Sex				
Male	55	60	36	40
Female	45	40	64	60
Age at Entry				
15 and younger	26	(2)	-	-
16-17	62	44	28	(6)
18-19	11	36	60	53
20	(1)	11	(6)	27
21	-	(5)	(6)	(13)
22 and older	-	(1)	-	(1)
Minority Status				
White, excluding Hispanic	46	52	45	52
Black, excluding Hispanic	39	33	43	35
Hispanic	12	12	(9)	(8)
Other	(3)	(3)	(3)	(6)
Head of Family Status at Entry				
Head of family				
1 person	4	13	(12)	(12)
2 persons or more	(2)	15	(6)	17
Not head of family	94	72	81	72
Primary Wage Earner at Entry				
Yes	8	30	19	27
No	92	70	81	73
Pre-Enrollment Economic Status				
Receiving Cash Welfare/ Below OMB Poverty Level				
Yes	81	83	76	60
No	19	17	24	40
At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level				
Yes	89	90	86	74
No	11	10	(14)	26
At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level				
Yes	83	86	81	62
No	17	14	19	38
Receiving Cash Welfare/ Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level				
Yes	93	92	88	77
No	7	(8)	(12)	23
Receiving Cash Welfare/ Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level				
Yes	89	89	85	66
No	11	11	(15)	34

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 26. (Continued)

Major IPA Aggregate and Selected Characteristics	Education and School Status at Entry			
	Less Than 12 Years		12 Years or More	
	In School	Out of School	In School	Out of School
NONSUMMER YOUTH PROGRAMS				
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year				
Predominantly employed (>90% of time)	(1)	(6)	(1)	(8)
Predominantly unemployed (≥50% of time)	(1)	33	(2)	31
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	6	16	(8)	17
Predominantly not in labor force (≥50% of time)	90	33	80	29
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	(2)	12	(8)	15
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category				
Employed	9	26	13	27
Employed and in school	2	2	3	4
In school and employed	25	3	27	8
Unemployed	7	35	8	34
In school or training	50	17	44	17
In armed forces	-	1	-	1
Other out of labor force	7	16	5	9

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 26. (Continued)

Major IPA Aggregate and Selected Characteristics	Education and School Status at Entry			
	Less Than 12 Years		12 Years or More	
	In School	Out of School	In School	Out of School
SUMMER YOUTH PROGRAMS				
Estimated Total New Enrollees	658,600	45,200	115,900	29,100
Percent	100	100	100	100
Sex				
Male	52	57	37	(35)
Female	48	(43)	63	(65)
Age at Entry				
15 and younger	49	(18)	(1)	-
16-17	44	(27)	18	(12)
18-19	6	(43)	60	(56)
20	-	(2)	(13)	(20)
21	-	(6)	(8)	(6)
22 and older	-	(4)	(1)	(6)
Minority Status				
White, excluding Hispanic	33	(41)	27	(33)
Black, excluding Hispanic	50	(37)	53	(55)
Hispanic	12	(14)	(12)	(9)
Other	5	(8)	(8)	(3)
Head of Family Status at Entry				
Head of family				
1 person	(2)	(10)	(7)	(18)
2 persons or more	(2)	(20)	(8)	(3)
Not head of family	95	70	85	79
Primary Wage Earner at Entry				
Yes	4	(27)	(14)	(29)
No	96	73	86	71
Pre-Enrollment Economic Status				
Receiving Cash Welfare/ Below OMB Poverty Level				
Yes	83	87	74	82
No	17	(13)	26	(18)
At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level				
Yes	90	92	82	81
No	10	(8)	18	(19)
At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level				
Yes	86	86	76	72
No	14	(14)	24	(28)
Receiving Cash Welfare/ Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level				
Yes	93	94	87	87
No	7	(6)	(13)	(13)
Receiving Cash Welfare/ Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level				
Yes	90	92	82	84
No	10	(8)	18	(16)

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 26. (Continued)

Major IPA Aggregate and Selected Characteristics	Education and School Status at Entry			
	Less Than 12 Years		12 Years or More	
	In School	Out of School	In School	Out of School
SUMMER YOUTH PROGRAMS				
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year				
Predominantly employed (>90% of time)	-	(4)	(2)	(3)
Predominantly unemployed (>50% of time)	(2)	(41)	(4)	(25)
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	4	(19)	(7)	(14)
Predominantly not in labor force (>50% of time)	92	(33)	84	(46)
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	(2)	(4)	(3)	(13)
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category				
Employed	6	22	11	24
Employed and in school	1	-	2	-
In school and employed	9	3	20	7
Unemployed	7	42	9	25
In school or training	68	13	52	28
In armed forces	-	-	-	3
Other out of labor force	8	19	6	13

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 26. (Continued)

Major IPA Aggregate and Selected Characteristics	Education and School Status at Entry: Less Than 12 Years: In School	Less Than 12 Years: Out of School	12 Years or More: In School	12 Years or More: Out of School
OTHER CETA PROGRAMS[1]				
Estimated Total New Enrollees	19,600	105,600	37,100	156,100
Percent	100	100	100	100
Sex				
Male	57	67	50	52
Female	43	33	50	48
Age at Entry				
14 and younger	(10)	-	-	-
15-17	48	12	(7)	(2)
18-19	(31)	47	50	40
20	(5)	20	21	27
21	(6)	21	22	31
22 and older	-	-	-	-
Minority Status				
White, excluding Hispanic	49	54	53	59
Black, excluding Hispanic	(35)	30	34	31
Hispanic	(13)	14	(10)	8
Other	(3)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Head of Family Status at Entry				
Head of family				
1 person	(6)	15	(17)	18
2 persons or more	(5)	23	(9)	17
Not head of family	89	62	73	65
Primary Wage Earner at Entry				
Yes	(11)	38	27	35
No	89	62	73	65
Pre-Enrollment Economic Status				
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level				
Yes	65	76	62	61
No	(35)	24	38	39
At or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level				
Yes	77	83	69	71
No	(23)	17	31	29
At or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level				
Yes	71	78	66	65
No	(29)	22	34	35
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 85% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level				
Yes	78	86	73	74
No	(22)	14	27	26
Receiving Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 70% of the Lower Living Standard Income Level				
Yes	74	82	70	69
No	(26)	18	30	31

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[1] Includes No Assignment Shown.

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 26. (Continued)

Major IPA Aggregate and Selected Characteristics	Education and School Status at Entry			
	Less Than 12 Years		12 Years or More	
	In School	Out of School	In School	Out of School
OTHER CETA PROGRAMS				
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year				
Predominantly employed (>90% of time)	(4)	9	(5)	9
Predominantly unemployed (≥50% of time)	(6)	36	(7)	27
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	(6)	21	(8)	22
Predominantly not in labor force (≥50% of time)	77	21	69	24
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	(7)	14	(12)	17
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category				
Employed	15	33	15	32
Employed and in school	4	2	7	4
In school and employed	18	1	21	5
Unemployed	10	40	11	33
In school or training	44	9	39	13
In armed forces	-	2	1	3
Other out of labor force	9	13	5	10

Table 27. Distribution of enrollees by pre-enrollment economic status and by major IPA aggregate and selected characteristics: CETA youth participants (under age 22) newly enrolled during FY 1978

Major IPA Aggregate and Selected Characteristics	Pre-Enrollment Economic Status									
	Receipt of Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level		At or Below 85% of the LLSIL[1]		At or Below 70% of the LLSIL		Receipt of Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 85% of the LLSIL		Receipt of Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 70% of the LLSIL	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
CETA PROGRAMS SERVING YOUTH (TOTAL)										
Estimated Total New Enrollees	1,220,200	347,000	1,340,800	226,400	1,260,300	306,800	1,387,800	179,400	1,328,400	238,800
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Sex										
Male	51	55	50	57	50	56	50	58	50	56
Female	49	45	50	43	50	44	50	42	50	44
Age at Entry										
15 and younger	28	16	27	12	28	14	27	10	28	11
16-17	36	32	35	32	35	32	35	31	35	33
18-19	22	33	24	36	23	33	24	36	23	34
20	7	11	7	12	7	12	7	13	7	13
21	6	9	6	10	6	9	6	10	6	10
22 and older	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Minority Status										
White, excluding Hispanic	36	56	38	60	37	57	38	62	38	58
Black, excluding Hispanic	47	31	45	31	46	33	45	28	46	30
Hispanic	12	10	12	(6)	12	7	12	(6)	12	8
Other	5	(4)	4	(4)	5	(3)	4	(5)	5	(6)
Education and School Status at Entry										
Less than 12 years										
In school										
8th grade or less	15	5	14	(4)	14	5	14	(3)	14	(4)
9th-11th grade	45	40	46	38	46	39	46	35	46	37
Out of school										
8th grade or less	3	(2)	3	(2)	3	(3)	3	(2)	3	(2)
9th-11th grade	12	11	12	11	12	11	12	11	12	11
12 years or more										
In school	12	16	12	17	12	16	12	17	12	16
Out of school	12	25	13	28	12	27	13	31	12	29
Head of Family Status at Entry										
Head of family										
1 person	9	5	8	7	8	6	8	(8)	[illegible]	(6)
2 persons or more	8	6	8	(5)	8	6	8	(5)	8	(6)
Not head of family	82	89	84	88	84	88	84	87	84	97
Family Size at Entry										
1	9	5	8	8	8	7	8	(8)	8	7
2	8	10	8	12	8	11	8	13	8	12
3-6	54	68	56	70	55	69	56	69	55	71
7 or more	28	17	28	10	29	13	28	10	28	11
Primary Wage Earner at Entry										
Yes	18	10	16	11	16	11	16	11	16	11
No	82	90	84	89	84	89	84	89	84	89

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[1] LLSIL is an abbreviation for lower living standard income level.

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 27. (Continued)

Major IPA Aggregate and Selected Characteristics	Pre-Enrollment Economic Status									
	Receipt of Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level		At or Below 85% of the LLSIL[1]		At or Below 70% of the LLSIL		Receipt of Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 85% of the LLSIL		Receipt of Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 70% of the LLSIL	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
CETA PROGRAMS SERVING YOUTH (TOTAL)										
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year										
Predominantly employed (>90% of time)	2	6	2	7	2	6	2	(8)	2	7
Predominantly unemployed (≥50% of time)	12	10	12	9	12	10	12	10	12	10
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	9	11	9	12	9	12	9	12	9	12
Predominantly not in labor force (≥50% of time)	72	64	72	63	72	62	72	60	72	60
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	5	9	6	9	5	9	5	10	5	10
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category										
Employed	13	19	14	20	13	20	14	22	13	21
Employed and in school	1	2	1	3	1	3	1	4	1	3
In school and employed	12	12	12	10	12	10	12	10	12	10
Unemployed	17	16	16	15	16	16	16	15	16	16
In school or training	47	41	47	42	47	42	47	39	47	40
In armed forces	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Other out of labor force	10	8	9	9	9	9	9	8	9	8

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 27. (Continued)

Major IPA Aggregate and Selected Characteristics	Pre-Enrollment Economic Status									
	Receipt of Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level		At or Below 85% of the LLSIL[1]		At or Below 70% of the LLSIL		Receipt of Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 85% of the LLSIL		Receipt of Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 70% of the LLSIL	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
NONSUMMER YOUTH PROGRAMS										
Estimated Total New Enrollees	311,800	88,100	346,700	53,200	323,400	76,500	360,700	39,200	341,700	58,20
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Sex										
Male	51	55	51	57	51	58	52	55	51	56
Female	49	45	49	43	49	42	48	45	49	44
Age at Entry										
15 and younger	15	11	15	(12)	15	11	15	(7)	15	(8)
16-17	49	42	49	38	49	40	48	38	49	40
18-19	25	35	26	38	26	35	27	41	26	38
20	6	9	7	(8)	6	10	7	(10)	6	(11)
21	4	(3)	3	(4)	3	(4)	3	(4)	3	(4)
22 and older	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Minority Status										
White, excluding Hispanic	44	60	46	61	45	60	46	64	45	63
Black, excluding Hispanic	42	25	39	27	40	27	39	22	40	22
Hispanic	11	11	12	(8)	11	10	11	(9)	11	(11)
Other	4	(4)	4	(4)	4	(3)	3	(5)	4	(4)
Education and School Status at Entry										
Less than 12 years										
In school										
8th grade or less	10	7	10	(5)	10	(6)	9	(4)	9	(6)
9th-11th grade	47	40	46	41	46	40	46	34	47	36
Out of school										
8th grade or less	5	(2)	4	(2)	4	(2)	4	(2)	4	(2)
9th-11th grade	17	13	17	(14)	18	14	17	(14)	17	14
12 years or more										
In school	12	13	12	(13)	12	12	12	(15)	12	(12)
Out of school	10	24	11	26	10	26	11	30	10	30
Head of Family Status at Entry										
Head of family										
1 person	9	(3)	8	(5)	8	(4)	8	(6)	8	(4)
2 persons or more	8	(6)	8	(5)	8	(6)	8	(6)	8	(7)
Not head of family	82	91	84	90	84	89	84	89	84	89
Family Size at Entry										
1	10	(3)	8	(6)	9	(5)	8	(6)	9	(4)
2	8	11	8	(16)	8	12	8	(16)	8	14
3-6	56	68	57	72	56	71	58	68	57	69
7 or more	26	17	26	(9)	27	12	26	(10)	26	(12)
Primary Wage Earner at Entry										
Yes	19	(8)	18	(8)	18	(9)	17	(9)	18	(10)
No	81	92	82	92	82	91	83	91	82	90

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[1] LLSIL is an abbreviation for lower living standard income level.

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 27. (Continued)

Major IPA Aggregate and Selected Characteristics	Pre-Enrollment Economic Status									
	Receipt of Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level		At or Below 85% of the LLSIL[1]		At or Below 70% of the LLSIL		Receipt of Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 85% of the LLSIL		Receipt of Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 70% of the LLSIL	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
NONSUMMER YOUTH PROGRAMS										
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year										
Predominantly employed (≥90% of time)	3	(4)	3	(5)	3	(4)	3	(6)	3	(5)
Predominantly unemployed (≥50% of time)	12	11	12	(10)	12	10	12	(11)	12	(11)
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	10	9	10	(12)	10	11	10	(12)	10	(10)
Predominantly not in labor force (≥50% of time)	69	67	69	67	69	66	69	65	69	64
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	6	9	6	(6)	6	(9)	7	(7)	6	(11)
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category										
Employed	15	18	15	17	15	18	15	18	15	20
Employed and in school	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3
In school and employed	19	18	19	16	20	16	19	17	19	15
Unemployed	16	16	16	15	16	16	16	16	16	16
In school or training	39	37	38	40	38	39	38	37	38	37
In armed forces	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other out of labor force	9	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 27. (Continued)

Major IPA Aggregate and Selected Characteristics	Pre-Enrollment Economic Status									
	Receipt of Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level		At or Below 85% of the LLSIL[1]		At or Below 70% of the LLSIL		Receipt of Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 85% of the LLSIL		Receipt of Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 70% of the LLSIL	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
SUMMER YOUTH PROGRAMS										
Estimated Total New Enrollees	696,700	152,200	754,700	94,200	714,100	134,700	778,700	70,200	751,200	97,700
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Sex										
Male	50	49	49	52	49	49	49	54	49	49
Female	50	51	51	48	51	51	51	46	51	51
Age at Entry										
15 and younger	42	29	41	23	42	25	41	(20)	41	22
16-17	38	42	38	47	38	44	38	50	38	48
18-19	16	23	16	22	16	23	16	(23)	16	23
20	(2)	(4)	(2)	(4)	(2)	(4)	(2)	(4)	(2)	(4)
21	(2)	(3)	(1)	(3)	(1)	(3)	(1)	(4)	(1)	(3)
22 and older	(1)	-	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	-	(1)	-
Minority Status										
White, excluding Hispanic	29	44	31	48	30	45	31	46	31	43
Black, excluding Hispanic	52	43	51	44	51	47	51	42	51	46
Hispanic	13	(9)	13	(3)	13	(4)	12	(4)	13	(6)
Other	6	(5)	6	(6)	6	(4)	5	(8)	6	(6)
Education and School Status at Entry										
Less than 12 years										
In school										
8th grade or less	21	(7)	20	(6)	20	(8)	19	(5)	20	(7)
9th-11th grade	57	64	59	63	59	62	59	64	59	63
Out of school										
8th grade or less	(2)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(2)	(3)	(2)	(3)	(2)	(2)
9th-11th grade	6	(3)	4	(1)	4	(2)	4	(1)	4	(2)
12 years or more										
In school	13	21	13	(21)	12	20	13	(22)	13	22
Out of school	3	(3)	3	(6)	3	(6)	3	(5)	3	(5)
Head of Family Status at Entry										
Head of family										
1 person	5	(2)	4	(4)	4	(3)	4	(4)	4	(3)
2 persons or more	4	(3)	4	(2)	4	(3)	4	(1)	4	(3)
Not head of family	91	95	92	94	91	94	92	95	92	94
Family Size at Entry										
1	5	(3)	5	(5)	5	(3)	4	(5)	5	(4)
2	6	(4)	6	(8)	6	(8)	6	(7)	6	(6)
3-6	55	70	56	74	56	73	57	75	56	78
7 or more	33	22	33	(13)	34	16	32	(12)	33	(12)
Primary Wage Earner at Entry										
Yes	9	(4)	8	(4)	8	(5)	8	(3)	8	(4)
No	91	96	92	96	92	95	92	97	92	96

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[1] LLSIL is an abbreviation for lower living standard income level.

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 27. (Continued)

Major IPA Aggregate and Selected Characteristics	Pre-Enrollment Economic Status									
	Receipt of Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level		At or Below 85% of the LLSIL[1]		At or Below 70% of the LLSIL		Receipt of Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 85% of the LLSIL		Receipt of Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 70% of the LLSIL	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
SUMMER YOUTH PROGRAMS										
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year										
Predominantly employed (>90% of time)	(1)	(1)	-	(3)	-	(3)	(1)	(2)	(1)	(2)
Predominantly unemployed (>50% of time)	5	(5)	6	(3)	5	(5)	5	(2)	5	(4)
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	5	(7)	5	(7)	3	(8)	5	(7)	5	(8)
Predominantly not in labor force (>50% of time)	86	84	86	85	87	81	86	85	87	82
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	(2)	(3)	(2)	(3)	(2)	(3)	(2)	(4)	(2)	(4)
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category										
Employed	9	9	8	11	8	11	8	11	8	10
Employed and in school	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
In school and employed	10	10	10	8	10	8	10	8	10	8
Unemployed	11	11	11	8	10	10	10	8	10	10
In school or training	61	61	61	63	62	61	61	63	61	62
In armed forces	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other out of labor force	7	7	9	9	9	9	9	8	9	8

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 27. (Continued)

Major IPA Aggregate and Selected Characteristics	Pre-Enrollment Economic Status									
	Receipt of Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level		At or Below 85% of the LLSIL[1]		At or Below 70% of the LLSIL		Receipt of Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 85% of the LLSIL		Receipt of Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 70% of the LLSIL	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
OTHER CETA PROGRAMS[2]										
Estimated Total New Enrollees	211,700	106,700	239,400	79,000	222,800	95,600	248,400	70,000	235,500	82,900
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Sex										
Male	54	64	55	64	55	63	55	65	55	64
Female	46	36	45	36	45	37	45	35	45	36
Age at Entry										
15 and younger	(1)	-	(1)	-	(1)	-	(1)	-	(1)	-
16-17	8	9	8	(8)	8	9	8	(9)	8	(9)
18-19	41	46	42	46	42	45	42	46	42	44
20	23	23	22	24	22	24	22	24	22	24
21	28	22	26	21	26	22	26	21	26	22
22 and older	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Minority Status										
White, excluding Hispanic	46	71	49	74	48	71	49	76	49	74
Black, excluding Hispanic	39	18	36	17	37	19	36	16	37	17
Hispanic	11	10	12	(8)	12	9	12	(7)	12	(8)
Other	(3)	(2)	(3)	(2)	(3)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(3)	(2)
Education and School Status at Entry										
Less than 12 years										
In school										
8th grade or less	(1)	-	(1)	-	(1)	-	(1)	-	(1)	-
9th-11th grade	5	(6)	5	(5)	5	(5)	5	(6)	5	(6)
Out of school										
8th grade or less	7	(3)	6	(2)	6	(3)	6	(3)	6	(3)
9th-11th grade	33	20	31	20	31	21	31	19	31	20
12 years or more										
In school	10	13	11	14	11	13	11	14	11	13
Out of school	45	58	46	58	46	57	46	58	46	58
Head of Family Status at Entry										
Head of family										
1 person	22	10	18	13	18	13	18	12	18	12
2 persons or more	23	11	21	(9)	21	10	20	(10)	21	10
Not head of family	55	79	62	78	61	77	62	78	61	78
Family Size at Entry										
1	22	10	18	13	18	13	18	13	18	12
2	16	16	15	16	15	16	15	17	14	17
3-6	47	64	52	64	51	63	52	63	51	64
7 or more	16	9	16	(8)	16	8	16	(7)	16	(8)
Primary Wage Earner at Entry										
Yes	46	20	39	20	40	22	39	20	40	21
No	54	80	61	80	60	78	61	80	60	79

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[1] LLSIL is an abbreviation for lower living standard income level.

[2] Includes No Assignment Shown.

(This table is continued on the following page.)

Table 27. (Continued)

Major IPA Aggregate and Selected Characteristics	Pre-Enrollment Economic Status									
	Receipt of Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level		At or Below 85% of the LLSIL[1]		At or Below 70% of the LLSIL		Receipt of Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 85% of the LLSIL		Receipt of Cash Welfare/Below OMB Poverty Level and/or at or Below 70% of the LLSIL	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
OTHER CETA PROGRAMS										
Labor Force Experience During Pre-CETA Year										
Predominantly employed (>90% of time)	6	13	7	14	6	14	7	14	6	14
Predominantly unemployed (>50% of time)	32	18	30	17	31	18	30	16	30	17
Substantially unemployed (25-49% of time)	20	19	20	18	20	18	20	18	20	18
Predominantly not in labor force (>50% of time)	30	32	30	33	30	32	31	32	31	32
Combination of experiences, not in above four categories	12	18	13	19	13	18	13	19	13	19
Average Percent of Pre-CETA Year New Enrollees Spent in Each Labor Force Status Category										
Employed	26	35	28	35	27	35	28	36	27	35
Employed and in school	3	5	3	6	3	5	3	6	3	5
In school and employed	5	8	6	9	6	8	6	9	6	9
Unemployed	36	24	34	23	34	24	34	23	34	24
In school or training	16	16	16	17	17	16	17	16	17	16
In armed forces	2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3
Other out of labor force	11	8	11	8	11	8	11	7	11	8